

Mean daily temperature for the last seven days..... 86.2°
Average daily percentage of sunshine for the last seven days..... 64%

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

Sun rise today, 7:24; sets, 4:14.
Mean temperature yesterday, 38.
Weather today, generally fair.
Sunshine yesterday, 98 per cent of possible.

NO. 14,128 43RD YEAR COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO. SUNDAY, JANUARY 3, 1915—THIRTYTWO PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS

IMMIGRATION IS RESTRICTED BY LITERACY TEST

Bill Passed in Senate by Overwhelming Majority of 50 to 7
BELGIANS ARE EXEMPTED
Measure Assured of Passage Over President's Veto, Leaders Assert

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The immigration bill containing the restrictive literacy test for admission of aliens, which has been the subject of much discussion, was passed by the senate today by a vote of 50 to 7. The overwhelming majority was recorded despite the fact that President Wilson had indicated he would veto the measure, as did former President Taft. If it should come to him with the education test included, the vote in the senate indicated that the bill could be repassed by more than the required two-thirds majority should the president reject the measure.

Senators who voted against the bill were Brandegee, McMillen, Martineau, Sherman, Russell, Reed and Walsh. The bill passed the house on February 4 last by a vote of 241 to 126.

Belgians Exempted.
Although the senate amended the house bill in several particulars, the literacy test was unaltered save for an additional exemption to Belgian subjects, which was adopted today after prolonged debate. House leaders probably will ask for a conference on some amendments on Monday, but administration leaders were confident these amendments would be accepted and the bill sent to the president by the middle of next week.

Among senate amendments which were accepted is one to exclude from the United States all persons of the African race or of native blood. Another amendment provides for the prohibition of polygamists.

Closing hours of the debate today were devoted to an amendment by Senator Lodge to exempt Belgian farmers from the literacy test and from the provisions which prohibit Americans from soliciting or inducing immigration. Already several American organizations are endeavoring to induce Belgian refugees to settle in this country. The amendment, as finally adopted by a vote of 34 to 22, forbids:

"That the provisions of this act relating to the literacy test or induced or assisted immigration shall not apply to agricultural immigrants from Belgium who come to the United States during the course of the present European war or within one year after its termination, owing to circumstances or conditions arising through the war, if it is shown to the satisfaction of the commissioner general of immigration that the said persons are engaged in agriculture in the United States and to become American citizens."

The amendment precipitated long discussion. Many amendments were offered to include all subjects of belligerent countries whose homes had been invaded. Senator Pollock declared that countries would protest under such favored nations' clause of their treaties with the United States.

Senator Root, who made an eloquent plea for the Lodge amendment, declared that it would not violate any treaty obligations. He pictured the Belgians as a people without a country and without a protecting government, who needed asylum. Many senators from agricultural states protested against the limitation of these exemptions to farmers.

The Literacy Test.
The literacy test as finally approved by the senate is practically as it passed the house, all amendments to enlarge the exemption to admit persons fleeing from political or racial as well as religious persecution having been rejected. The section follows:

"That after four months from the approval of this act, in addition to the persons who are by law now excluded from admission into the United States, the following persons shall also be excluded from admission thereto:

"All aliens over 16 years of age, physically capable of reading, who cannot read the English language or some other language or dialect, including Hebrew or Yiddish:

"Provided, that any admissible alien of any race or nationality, or hereafter admitted, or any citizen of the United States, may bring in or send for his father or grandfather over 35 years of age, his wife, his mother, his grandchild, or his unmarried or widowed daughter, if otherwise admissible, whether such relative can read or not, and such relative shall be permitted to enter. That for the purpose of ascertaining whether aliens can read, the immigrant inspectors shall be furnished with slips, of uniform size, prepared under the direction of the secretary of labor, each containing not less than 30 nor more than 40 words in ordinary use, printed in plain English type, one of the various

(Continued on Page Four.)

SIX ARRESTED FOR PASSPORT FRAUDS

Conspiracy to Smuggle Germans Out of Country Is Unearthed

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Through a series of arrests in this city and one in Philadelphia, there was brought to light at the department of justice today a well organized conspiracy to smuggle German army officers and reservists to return to Germany on fraudulently obtained American passports.

Most important of the arrests in the belief of government officials is the one made in Philadelphia, the prisoner there being Maurice Delchies, prominent as a lawyer and politician in this city. That still more important developments might follow, however, was indicated by government authorities, as it was said that others in high position were associated with the attorney in his alleged activities in behalf of German anxious to return to their native land to join the army of the empire.

Four men made prisoners were Germans taken off the outgoing steamer Bremerhafen, bound for Norway, and alleged to have had fraudulent passports in their possession. One of them was an army officer, Lieut. Wilhelm Arthur Sacher. He was arrested. The other three were German reservists who were held under bond. Others arrested here were Carl Burrode, a former steamship agent, charged with the others with conspiring to defraud the government through the use of American passports; Burrode's 17-year-old son, John Ancher, alleged associate of Burrode.

Officer Paroled on Honor.
The German army officer, Lieut. Arthur Wilhelm Sacher, was paroled on his honor "as an officer and a gentleman" not to leave New York city during the pendency of the present proceedings. The three reservists, Walter Muller, August Meyer and Herman Wegener, who recently came here from Chile, were held in a ball each. There were detained, also under \$500 bail each, four others as material witnesses, two with American and two with German names.

The arrests were the culmination, it was said at the department of justice, of an investigation which has been in progress ever since the arrest in England of Carl Lody, who was subsequently executed in the Tower of London as a German spy. Lody had a passport issued to an American, and it became known to the department of justice that other Americans also were in the hands of German citizens. This discovery was of great concern to the state department, as it was feared that Americans holding perfectly good passports would be open to suspicion and possibly peril of their lives in the countries belligerent to Germany.

Establishes Own Office.
Burrode has been under surveillance by secret agents of the department of justice for about six weeks. He left his employment with the firm of Delchies & Co., agents for the North German Lloyd line, and established an office at the downtown district. The detectives learned, it was said, that he was in communication with German reservists in all parts of the country, who he received many of them every day at his office. Large numbers of

(Continued on Page Four.)

FILIPINOS CAN'T GOVERN SELVES FOR GENERATION

Taft Says Islands Should Be Under Direct Dominion of United States

SAYS DEMOCRATS TO BLAME

Philippine Independence Will Mean Trouble for the Nation, He Says

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Former President Taft today told the senate committee working in favor of the bill for Philippine independence that the people of the islands in his opinion, would be unfitted for self-government for the next 30 years—probably for the next half century.

The Democratic party promises of independence, he asserted, had been fruitful of unrest, which he attributed to a measure as responsible for the recent revolutionary disturbances. Neither Presidents McKinley, Roosevelt nor himself, he said, contemplated turning the Philippines over to the people before they were educated for self-government. He quoted from President Wilson's writings that "self government is not a mere form of institution, but a form of character."

"We cannot present the Filipino people with a character," Mr. Taft said. "It must be acquired. You cannot make over a people in one generation. The time that will be necessary to train the Filipino people for self government is the time that will be necessary to make them an English-speaking people. If you give these people independence now, or by 1920, either a Diaz would arise in the Philippines or they would get into a condition that caused the fall of Diaz in Mexico."

At Last Can Speak Mind.
"I'm at last in a position where I can say just what I think," said Mr. Taft. "I'm going to tell you just what I know about this."

"We cannot," the former president said, "give the Philippines self-government because it cannot be given. We cannot present the Filipino people with a character. It must be acquired. One way to acquire it is through hard knocks, as the Anglo-Saxon race acquired it."

"When we went to the Philippines we tried to give it to them by main force, a constitutional form of government as an object lesson and by educating the people in the language of free institutions. We tried to have the government participated in, but not controlled by the natives."

Self-Government.
"Now, what time do I think will be necessary to train the Filipinos for self-government? The time that should be given to those people an opportunity to learn English so that they shall be an English-speaking people. That will take more than one generation, and probably more than two if you count a year as a generation. You cannot educate all of the people you haven't got the money."

"When President McKinley sent me to the Philippines, I told him that if I thought we ought not to be in the islands. He said to me that we had the

(Continued on Page Three.)

BELGIAN KING AND QUEEN WHOSE COUNTRY WAS RAVAGED BY WAR



BORDER TROUBLE IS NOT YET ADJUSTED

General Scott Is Unable to Bring Mexican Factions Together

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Difficulties have arisen in the negotiations of Brigadier General Scott, head of staff of the United States army, between General Huerta and General Carranza, and General Scott today said that the border trouble was not yet adjusted.

General Scott, who is in Mexico, said that the negotiations were not yet adjusted, and that the border trouble was not yet adjusted. He said that the negotiations were not yet adjusted, and that the border trouble was not yet adjusted.

White House Statement.
There is a hitch about the terms of the agreement between Huerta and Carranza, and this government is at present endeavoring to adjust the differences. The government has not been informed exactly what the differences are, but is trying to ascertain them.

Until today it was generally supposed that both Huerta and Carranza were ready to agree that the former would abandon Nacozari and move his forces to Agua Prieta, while Carranza would transfer his forces to Nogales.

While the negotiations still have for their object the neutralization of Nacozari, Mr. Llorente said tonight some other method of reaching the same result was being discussed.

The state department received word today from its agents in Mexico City that the convention for adjourning until Monday after a brief session yesterday when the question of how many delegates were to represent the Zapata army of the south was debated without result. The dispatch added that as there were many absentees, a majority of the members of the original convention held at Aguascalientes could be considered a quorum. General Rios, vice president of that convention, presided yesterday.

Villa Favors Gutierrez.
Washington officials are greatly interested in the deliberations of the convention as it has been convened to select a provisional president for a period of several months until a general election can be held. It is understood from supporters of both Gutierrez and Villa that General Villa and his adherents favor the constitution in office of Eulogio Gutierrez. The Zapata element is opposed to this and the names of Gen. Felipe Angeles and Gen. Isabel Robles, now minister of war, are being prominently mentioned.

GERMAN COMMANDER LEADS TURKS TO VICTORY AGAINST RUSSIAN ARMY IN CAUCASUS

Smash Muscovite Line and Cross Frontier at Three Points With Large Forces

Fighting in West Comes to Halt Again, While Situation in Poland Is Unchanged; 579 Perished in Formidable Disaster, According to Latest Estimates

LONDON, Jan. 3.—(Sunday)—The Turks have occupied Ardahan, penetrating 50 miles into the Russian Caucasus, says the Constantinople correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Five hundred and seventy-nine men perished by the sinking of the British battleship Formidable in the English channel on New Year's day, according to the latest estimate. Of the crew of 780 men, 201 were saved, a cutter with 50 aboard having reached land since the first casualty list was compiled. Many of the survivors of the Formidable were landed at Brixham, Devon, others at Lyme Regis, Dorset, which indicates that the disaster occurred at the western end of the English channel, although the admiralty has not given the location, nor has it made a definite statement with reference to the real cause.

The fighting in Belgium and northern France has come to a halt, to judge from the official reports, so far as spectacular operations are concerned.

TURKS CROSS INTO RUSSIAN TERRITORY
The Ottoman troops in the Caucasus have crossed the Russian frontier at three points under command of Enver Pasha, Baron von Goltz, the German officer, who spent many years in Turkey building up the Ottoman army, and who recently was sent to Constantinople to aid the sultan.

There has been excitement in the rivers Rima and Kizilirmak in Poland, but no military movements are reported. The Russian army is reported to be in a position to repulse any attack.

During the comparatively short time, one of these lines crosses is in view, which would be a serious blow to the Russian army. The Russian army is reported to be in a position to repulse any attack.

ROY SWALLOWS \$10,000 Gem, Say the Police
DALLAS, Tex., Jan. 2.—Hurling a brick wrapped in paper through a show window of the Long Brothers jewelry store in the downtown section here today, a boy snatched a tray of valuable diamonds and rubies, James Williams, 12 years old, was arrested after a chase of several blocks, in which scores of persons joined. An uncle, solving Williams' value at \$10,000, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other valuable diamonds are believed to be missing. The police said that he was from Chicago and had been here for three weeks unable to obtain work. A search of his person failed to disclose any of the jewelry. Police believe Williams swallows the valuable diamond, among other jewels, believed stolen, still is missing. A diamond bracelet, valued at \$7,500, was picked up half a block away and returned to the store. Several other

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, OUR STORE WILL CLOSE AT 6 P. M. ON SATURDAYS

3.50 PATTICOATS 1.90

Time lot of extra fine quality muslin petticoats in light and medium blue, pink, white, American Beauty, tan and mahogany and several changeable combinations. Deep elaborate or plain flowers; all seams double stitched. Elastic waist band and drawstring tops. Regular 3.50 value, on sale at 1.90.

1.98

Kaufmans

EVERYTHING FOR EVERYBODY

2.98 CHILDREN'S HATS 59c

100 hats for misses and children, age 3 to 16 years. Included are velvet, corduroy, velours, chinchillas, astrakhan and novelty mixtures. Some with feather applique, others plain. Many attractive hood effects. Red, navy, brown, gray and white. Values up to 2.98. Now selling at 59c.

59c

Annual Sale of Muslin Underwear & Lingerie

WONDERFUL assortments of muslin underwear combined with exceptional values are two special features of this sale that will appeal to all women. We have assembled for this sale a most complete assortment of popular priced merchandise selected with great care and so marked that the unusual value will easily be seen. Make your selection while the size range and assortments are still complete.

Crepe de Chine Petticoats 1/3 Off

All silk, elaborately trimmed crepe de chine petticoats, in white, pink and light blue. Sold regular at 4.50, \$5 and 5.95. January Sale 1/3 Off

White Dresses for Girls

White dresses for girls age 4 to 14 years, of dainty lawns, voiles, batistes, etc., plain and fancy, trimmed with lace, embroidery, ribbon and net. Popularly priced 75c to 9.75.

Muslin Underwear for Girls

Much consideration has been given to children's muslin underwear and the lines are very complete and moderately priced. For girls age 2 to 14 years, every needed garment can be found, including gowns, petticoats, drawers, etc., all specially priced for this January Sale.

French Hand Made Underwear 1/3 Off

Choice of our entire stock of French underwear, hand embroidered, including gowns, chemise, combinations, corset covers, drawers and princess slips. Fine quality lawns and nainsooks, with French, solid and eyelet embroidery. Undermuslins selling in a regular way from 1.19 to 13.50, during this January Sale. 1/3 Off

Stamped white linens, centers, scarfs and doilies, 100 in the lot, regular 25c to 3.50. Art Department, 1/2 Price Monday

Frenchy Undermuslins at Popular Prices

Values as Never Before Offered

Amifrench
Lingerie

Imported undermuslins equal to these in appearance and quality would cost several times as much. The materials are the finer grades of nainsook the garments are handsomely finished with French scallops, ribbons drawn through eyelets beautiful flower and spray designs. There is a dainty exclusiveness about these garments that will appeal strongly to women of discrimination. The lines are very complete, embracing in all sizes and styles:

Gowns priced, 1.00 to 3.00 Petticoats priced, 1.00 to 1.75
Princess slips priced, 2.25 to 2.50 Combinations priced, 1.25 to 2.50



Assortment of Petticoats

Embracing skirts of nainsook, cambric and long cloth, with embroidered flounces and net underflounces, trimmed with lace and insertion. Priced at 75c to \$5

Gowns to Choose From

Slipover and high neck styles, plain and fancy trimmed with lace and embroidery; dainty yokes ribbon run. Priced at 50c to \$5

Dainty Muslin Drawers

Lace and embroidery trimmed, open and closed styles. Many styles with beading, ribbon run. Priced at 25c to \$1



Values in Princess Slips

Made of long cloth, nainsook and fine muslins. Trimmings of German Val., insertions, embroidery and ribbons. Priced at \$1 to \$5

Variety of Combinations

Dainty new garments, made of sheer nainsooks and lawn. Trimmings of lace and embroidery. Priced at 75c to 3.50

Corset Covers, All styles

Made of long cloth and nainsook. Dainty garments with embroidery insertion and lace edges. Priced 25c to 1.25



January Sales Events Are Now in Progress

Coats for Women Now 1/3 Off

NEW midwinter models for women, made of astrakhan, boucle, chinchilla and other wanted fabrics, in a wide assortment of colors. Our entire stock of wool fabric coats on sale as follows:

12.00 coats, on sale at 8.00	18.50 coats, on sale at 12.34
15.00 coats, on sale at 10.00	20.00 coats, on sale at 13.34
18.00 coats, on sale at 12.00	22.50 coats, on sale at 15.00
20.00 coats, on sale at 13.34	25.00 coats, on sale at 16.67
22.50 coats, on sale at 15.00	30.00 coats, on sale at 20.00
25.00 coats, on sale at 16.67	35.00 coats, on sale at 23.34

Entire Skirt Stock Less 1/4

CHOICE of any skirt in our entire stock, serges, poplins, broadcloths, silk chindas, etc., in navy, brown and black. Russian tunic and pleated effects, with accordion pleated underdrops. Complete range of regular and extra sizes, priced as follows:

3.98 skirts, sale at 2.99	5.95 skirts, sale at 4.47
4.50 skirts, sale at 3.38	6.50 skirts, sale at 4.88
5.00 skirts, sale at 3.75	7.50 skirts, sale at 5.63
5.75 skirts, sale at 4.32	8.95 skirts, sale at 6.72



Entire Stock of Furs and Fur Coats 1/3 Off

Choose from any fur coat, scarf, muff, set or children's set in our entire stock. All the newest style features in muffs and scarfs. All wanted furs, including squirrel, mole, Arabian lynx, opossum, Japanese mink, coney, red fox, etc., etc. Regular and sale prices as follows:

MUFFS AND SCARFS	SALE PRICES ON FUR SETS	Sale Price on Fur Coats
2.98 muffs & scarfs 2.00	10.00 fur sets 6.67	59.50 Russian pony coat, Kalinsky collar 39.67
3.50 muffs & scarfs 2.34	15.00 fur sets 10.00	69.50 Russian pony coat, civet cat collar 46.34
4.50 muffs & scarfs 3.00	20.00 fur sets 13.34	67.50 near mole coat, civet cat collar 45.00
5.00 muffs & scarfs 3.34	25.00 fur sets 16.67	75.00 brown marmot coat, beaver collar 50.00
7.95 muffs & scarfs 5.30	30.00 fur sets 20.00	80.00 brown marmot coat, 32 inches long 53.34
10.00 muffs & scarfs 6.67	35.00 fur sets 23.34	95.00 Russian pony coat, chinchilla collar 63.34
12.50 muffs & scarfs 8.34	40.00 fur sets 26.67	100.00 Kalinsky mink coat 66.67
15.00 muffs & scarfs 10.00	45.00 fur sets 30.00	100.00 near seal coat, marten trim 66.67
18.50 muffs & scarfs 12.34	50.00 fur sets 33.34	135.00 near seal coat 80.00
25.00 muffs & scarfs 16.67		

The Boys' Shop

Clearance Sale of Clothes

6.75 Suits at 3.95

Gray and brown mixtures, black and white novelties, all wool fabrics, in Norfolk models, with full lined pants.

7.50 Suits at 4.95

Tan and brown Scotch mixtures, tartan plaids and novelties; pleated Norfolk coats, stitched on belts. A few numbers with two pairs of pants.

8.50 Suits at 5.95

Scotch mixtures, herringbone stripes and pin stripes effects. Exceptionally well tailored and perfect fitting suits of all wool fabrics.

6.75 O'coats 3.95

Children's Russian overcoats, ages 2 1/2 to 8, in navy, chinchilla, gray, brown and navy cashmere. Military collar and belted backs.

6.75 O'coats 4.45

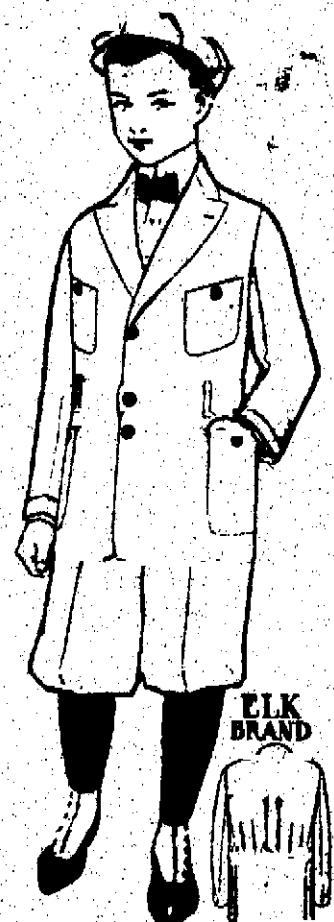
Youths' long ulster coats in gray and brown herringbone stripes. Ages 8 to 12. Made with convertible collar and belted back. All wool fabric, serge lined.

8.50 O'coats 5.95

The very finest Russian overcoats for children, ages 4 to 10, in tan, brown and Scotch mixtures. Belted back and Norfolk models; convertible storm collars.

\$12 O'coats 6.95 \$5C'd'y Suits 3.95

Youths' all wool chinchilla suits, full length, with convertible collar. Sizes 10 and 12 only, in navy and gray.



Life in Trench Is Not so Bad as It Is Frequently Pictured

Officer With Sikh Regiment in France Tells of Experiences; Says They Become Accustomed to Accept Things Just as They Come, With Little Protest or Praise.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Life in the trenches is not so bad, after all, as it is often pictured from the following account by a British officer of a Sikh regiment.

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

Life in Trench Is Not so Bad as It Is Frequently Pictured

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

Life in Trench Is Not so Bad as It Is Frequently Pictured

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

Life in Trench Is Not so Bad as It Is Frequently Pictured

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

Life in Trench Is Not so Bad as It Is Frequently Pictured

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

Life in Trench Is Not so Bad as It Is Frequently Pictured

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

The last nine days we have been in the firing line. There are no trenches in the narrow, deep trenches. The ground is so soft that it is impossible to dig a trench, and the only way to keep out of the rain is to lie flat on the ground. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured. We are all well, and the weather is not so bad as it is often pictured.

A Sale of \$25 Suits at \$16.50

In this sale of Suits you will find values that are equal to twice what we are asking for them. Every garment is backed by the makers as well as our own guarantee. When you see these Suits you will find them worth every cent of \$25. We can't afford to carry them over until next season therefore the low price of \$16.50.

Gorton's
(Caretakers for Men)

Avoid Wash Day Worries

Don't let your house with steam and drudgery every Monday just to get your clothes washed.

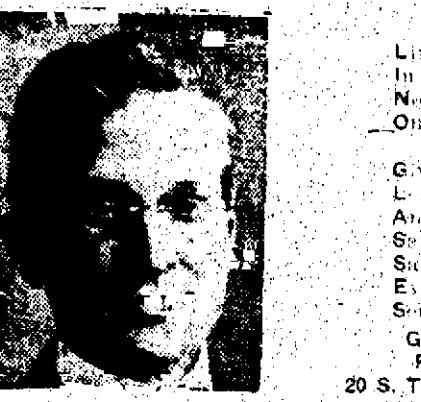
We do family washings satisfactorily, calling for the clothes and delivering them on time.

Pearl Laundry
The Laundry That Uses IVORY SOAP
329-331 N. Tejon St.
Phone Main 1025-1026.

OUTWEST
PRINTING & STATIONERY
5-11 River Park Dr.

COINAGE FOR 1914

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Gold coin amounting to \$2,475,000 in 4,194,112 pieces, was minted by the United States during the calendar year ending December 31, last. The total coinage of all money was valued at \$64,730,161.25, in 1,545,550,157 pieces. The silver coinage was valued at \$6,989,820, with 21,788,635 pieces being minted. There were 80,568,422 cent pieces coined, amounting to \$805,684.22, for the Philippine Islands, 7,000,000 pieces for San Salvador, 7,000,000 pieces for Costa Rica, \$20,438, pieces, and Ecuador, 2,500,000 pieces.



1915 Art Needlework New Spring Goods

ROYAL SOCIETY PACKAGE
Goods
New spring line. Beautiful new designs.

JANUARY WHITE SALE
One-Third Off on All White Hemstitched Linens.

White Lunch Cloths—54-inch, French eyelet design, regular \$2.50, sale \$1.65.
White Centerpieces—French eyelet and coronation brand designs, size 26-inch, regular \$1.25, sale 80c.
Size 25-inch, reg. 50c, sale 30c.
Size 22-inch, reg. 50c, sale 30c.
Guest Towels—Worth 50c, 30c.
Towels worth 50c, 30c.

NEW STAMPED GOODS
Our new Crocheted Edge Cone Center is especially attractive. The new Crocheted Edge Cone Center is especially attractive. The new Crocheted Edge Cone Center is especially attractive.

Hunt & Van Nice
ART NEEDLEWORK—ART DRY GOODS
11 N. TEJON

TURKEY WILL HAVE GERMANIC ALLIES TO THANK FOR DEFEAT

Russia Issues "Orange Book" Summarizing Incidents of Last Few Months

PETROGRAD, Jan. 2.—Sergey Sazonov, Russian minister for foreign affairs, today had published an "orange book" which deals with the events preceding the Turkish attacks on Russian sea ports in the Black sea.

The orange book contains 38 documents and is intended to throw light on what is termed in a summary of the contents, issued through the Petrograd telegraph agency, "the candid and unflinching methods employed by the German diplomatic in forcing the Turkish government reluctantly to war against the triple entente powers."

The documents in the book, it is stated in the official summary, "give evidence that the independence of the Ottoman empire was already imperiled when the German military mission was established in Constantinople. It vanishes definitely from the moment the German officers (Goeben and Breslau) took refuge in the Bosphorus."

The Young Turk cabinet, believing, perhaps in good faith, to conduct the destiny of the country, displayed a laudable thoroughness in endeavoring to escape from Teutonic influences.

"The diplomats of Great Britain, France and Russia, perceiving the ill-effects which the Turks were showing to permit themselves to be drawn into the war which would inevitably compromise the country, tried to persuade the pacific element in the Ottoman cabinet."

They succeeded, however, only in delaying the culture which was a part of the Teutonic program.

As soon as the Austro-German diplomats became convinced that the Turks were hesitating as to what course to take, German hands led German ships in a treacherous attack on the peaceful shores of an empire which was maintaining perfect neighborly relations with the Turks."

Priest Drops Cigarette; Two Die in Blaze, Result

CLEVELAND, Jan. 2.—A lighted cigarette, dropped on a stairway, may have been responsible for the fire which brought death by suffocation to Rev. Stephen Makar, pastor of St. John's Greek Catholic church, and burned to death his housekeeper, Mrs. Anna Pagan, today.

The blaze was thought by the police to have had its origin on the stairway leading to the second floor of the parish house, where both the pastor and his housekeeper were trapped. Police Captain Murphy said he had been on the Rev. Mr. Makar had been found dead, a cigarette in his hand, and had been found in the hallway. The police worked on the theory that the fire was of incendiary origin because of the fact that Father Makar had enemies who had threatened him and once had beaten him.

TWO BOYS DROWNED IN PARK IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Two boys were drowned and a third was injured badly, he may die, when their sled broke through the ice in a lake in Washington park today. William Jacques, 6, and Joseph Dupres, 8, were being pushed toward the center of the pond by William Russell, 10, when the sled gave way. The Russell boy was resuscitated an hour later, but his recovery is doubtful.

LINO

Lino Eyeglasses are superior. In them you get absolute comfort. No poor material used, but only of "the best quality" and they give the best results, as the lenses are ground for each eye. And you get entire satisfaction in going to a safe place, where they have every equipment necessary to serve you properly.

GEO. LOME LINO, Optometrist
Rooms 1, 2 and 5 Nichols Block
20 S. Tejon St.—Over Woolworth's 10c Store.

FILIPINOS CAN'T GOVERN SELVES FOR GENERATION

(Continued From Page One.)

hear by the rail and that we had to stay. But the idea then was that we would get out just as soon as we could, our first purpose in being in there is to get out."

Democratic Promises.

"Democratic promises of Philippine independence," Mr. Taft said further, "have been the great obstacle in our own work over there. Even now it is causing trouble. This man, Rizal, who is charged with fomenting the present disturbance, is a professional revolutionist come down from my time in the islands. He lives in Hongkong on funds he collects for revolutionist purposes in the islands. The present outbreak is the result, undoubtedly, of his agitation in trying to justify his collections. He probably argued that Democrats in the United States promised independence at a fixed time; that time has now been postponed and that the promise had been broken."

Opposes Wilson Bill.

Mr. Taft opposed in detail the administration bill for greater measure of self-government for the islands, declaring that "no measure could be framed better calculated to stir up trouble in the Philippines."

The Filipino people do not understand republican self-government in the sense that we know, the former president said.

"What would be the result if they were given self-government at once?" asked Chairman Hitchcock.

"A Filipino in whom I have great confidence," said Mr. Taft, "said to me, 'Your steamer would not be around Corregidor island before the throat-cutting would begin.' I verily believe that is true. We find the same condition in Mexico. The man who loses a political fight has his head for a fight. That's what developed when Aguinaldo was in power."

Wants to Get Out.

"I'm describing an actual condition that exists there. I'd be glad to have the United States get out of the Philippines and I have a great regard for the poor people out there. They don't like me because I've told them the truth."

The former president said the obligation of the United States to defend the Philippines might be a "source of weakness in time of war."

"That," he continued, "I do not believe that any of the nations now engaged in the European war would look on the possession of the Philippines as a naval base as a source of weakness."

Japan Does Not Want Islands.

Mr. Taft declared that in his opinion Japan had no desire to take the Philippines.

"I twice visited Japan and conferred with the authorities on that very point," he continued, "and it's my opinion that their experiences in Formosa have been quite enough in that direction."

Neither Presidents McKinley, Roosevelt nor himself had contemplated turning over the Philippine government to the people before they were educated up to handling it, Mr. Taft said.

"I believe Mr. Roosevelt still feels that way, as I do," he said. "Of course I am not in Mr. Roosevelt's confidence, but I judge that is his position."

While the Democratic platform promised self-government to the islands, Mr. Taft said, action at this time was not necessary.

"The fulfillment of platform pledges without regard to the good of the country has not been the consistent course up to this time," he said.

Soup Kitchen Backer Is Rescued by Police From Mob of I. W. W.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 2.—A special police guard was called today to protect Albert von Hoffman, financial backer of the St. Louis free soup kitchen, from the members of the Industrial Workers of the World, who threatened him with a "bad test" in court today.

Two members of the Industrial Workers were created a disturbance at the soup kitchen yesterday.

A crowd of Industrial Workers attended the court where Frank Bierman and William Gillespie were tried. Hoffman testified that Bierman had charged the police who were waiting in line for free soup.

"He told these men," Hoffman said, "that it would be better for them to steal than to eat our free soup. If anybody is allowed to say that, our free soup system falls down."

Hoffman said that when he was arrested, Hoffman called him names and Gillespie shook his fist. The court fined Bierman \$50 and Gillespie \$25. The demonstration which interrupted Hoffman then began, but the police rescued him and he was escorted from the building by officers.

MARSHALL AND WIFE TO RETURN EAST TOMORROW

PHOENIX, Ariz., Jan. 2.—Vice President and Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall will leave Scottsdale, on Saturday, for Washington, on Monday night. They have been visiting Mrs. Marshall's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Kinney, over the holidays.

BRINDILLA AGAIN IS DETAINED BY BRITISH; MAY CAUSE TROUBLE

U. S. Asks England About Posing of Naval Stores on Contraband List

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—While no word came from Ambassador Lige today as to the character of the reply which Great Britain will make to the American note of protest concerning interference with American trade, there were several developments in the general shipping situation.

The United States has issued Great Britain for information as to how the latter's statement, made early in November, that naval stores, including rosin, camphor and turpentine, would be regarded as noncontraband, will be reconciled in actual practice with the notification from the British foreign office of a week ago saying these products now are absolute contraband. Information is sought as to how cargoes now en route are to be affected and whether resins products are included in the classification.

The Italian ambassador informed the state department that while statistics would make it appear that extraordinary amounts of copper shipped from the United States to Italy might be for munition purposes, the fact of the matter was that as Germany needed her own copper Italy could no longer import from the country immediately to the north of her but must seek the metal in the American markets.

Three Vessels Released.

Much gratification was manifested at the state department because of the release by Great Britain of the oil tank steamers Tithis and Narragansett and the freighter George H. Hawley, which had been held at Baltimore since November 20. The case of the Brindilla, originally detained at Halifax and reentered on her return journey from Egypt and taken to a French port, is looked upon as likely to produce complications.

Should the question of change of registry be raised, a free-drift ship, set, for while Great Britain has recognized the transfers of a bona fide nature, the attitude of France has never been explicitly declared.

The communication which the state department sent concerning the oil tank steamers is said to be the first protest on specific articles listed by Great Britain as absolute contraband. In the American note of protest it was stated that while the United States objected to some of the classifications made, the discussion of them would be reserved until another time.

The protest concerning naval stores was communicated today to the congress and senators of several southern states. Rosin and turpentine had been intended for ballast with cotton cargoes and the British government is on record as stating that cargoes so made up would not be regarded as contraband. The state department had no sooner sent notification to this effect to shippers than the British foreign office published its new law.

American Shippers Warned.

Although this phase of the situation was not specifically mentioned in the recent American note it was generally understood to have been a contributory reason for the dispatch of the document.

To prevent the recurrence of charges that American shippers conceal contraband and contraband articles in cotton and other noncontraband cargoes, the following formal notice, supplementary to President Wilson's warning of last week, was issued today by Secretary Redfield of the department of commerce:

"The attention of shippers of goods to neutral countries, is called to the importance of having manifests complete and accurate. It is essential also to avoid mixing contraband goods in cargoes otherwise not contraband. It is alleged that some American manifesters have omitted certain contraband goods; also that efforts have been made to conceal contraband articles or to alter their appearance so that they will be allowed to pass.

"A single case of the kind is enough to embarrass all American commerce to neutral countries, by throwing doubt on the correctness of our manifests and on the neutral nature of our cargoes, thus possibly involving delay through examining cargoes that otherwise would be avoided."

ALL TROOPS WILL BE WITHDRAWN JAN. 10

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—James Lockett, commanding the federal forces in Colorado, has ordered to complete the evacuation of the state by January 10, withdrawing the various units under his command as he deems advisable, after conference with the state authorities, who are to supplant the federal forces with militia. The troops of the Twelfth cavalry, posted at Canon City, LaFayette, Frederick and Superior, probably will be first withdrawn, to be followed by the Eleventh cavalry scattered through the Trinidad district, which will return to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

THINIDAD, Colo., Jan. 2.—The federal troops under the command of Col. James Lockett, which have been stationed in the southern strike fields for the last eight months, will begin to leave Trinidad, according to Colonel Lockett tonight. The second squadron of the Eleventh cavalry, comprising troops E, F, G and H, will entrain at Walsenburg for Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Wednesday. The second squadron of the Eleventh cavalry, composed of troops E, F, G and H, will leave for Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. They will be followed Thursday by troops I and L of the third squadron, troops K and M of the same squadron leaving on the following day. Troops C and D of the first squadron, Eleventh cavalry, and the machine gun troops will leave Trinidad Saturday and will be followed Sunday by troops A and B of the same squadron and the regimental headquarters. Colonel Lockett is commanding.

After Inventory Sale of Women's Tailored Suits



YOUR CHOICE OF ANY SUIT IN THE DEPARTMENT AT EXACTLY **Half Price**

Our customers tell us that we have the best assortment and best values for the money that are being shown in the city.

Remember, all are now exactly 1/2 Price.

Coats

A general cleanup on all Coats that sold at \$15.50, \$15.00, up to \$18.50, for \$9.95

27 Coats for juniors and misses; splendid values; we must close them all out, so your choice at \$3.75

A line of Coats selling regularly at \$27.00, \$25.00 and \$20.00, all nobly new styles; your choice for \$13.95

Skirts

49 Dress Skirts, Plain Skirts and tone effects; your choice of the line at 33 1/3 Off

Dresses

Your choice of all of our Chiffon Dresses, Messaline Dresses, Serge and Crepe de Chine Dresses, for 33 1/3 Off

Furs

38 sets of Furs at 1/2 Price
Separate Muffs and Scarfs at 1/2 Price

Waists

A new line of Crepe de Chine Waists, in white and colors, new effects, now just in, at \$2.50, \$2.95 and \$3.50

The COLORADO SPRINGS DRY GOODS CO.
120-122 SOUTH TEJON STREET

ELECTRIC "TOWELS"

An electric hand drier is now coming into use in place of towels for hotels, railroad stations and other public places.

In the electrical device, a foot pedal is connected to a quick acting switch

which operates a blower; foreign air dried in from 20 to 40 seconds, which is said to be less time than is required to use a towel. And the sanitary feature of the device is exceedingly appealing.

GAZETTE WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

Announcement

Deeming the practice unfair to both buyer and seller this store will hold no Clothing "Sale."

From our experience we are satisfied that you're not looking for a "Sale" you're seeking your money's worth.

—that the average citizen who earns his own livelihood does not "love to be humbugged."

that in order to radically reduce the price on a staple article of merchandise, either the price was highly inflated in the beginning or else the merchandise was very poorly bought.

that if told you can purchase a fifty dollar suit for twenty-five, then twenty-five dollars is all it's worth.

Now, we ask you in all fairness to your purse and your personal appearance to critically examine the regular, every day values in really tailor made suits which our low expense and our different methods enable us to present at \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00 and \$30.00. A clean gathering of patterns and models.

Then, if our values do not "measure up" to those in the "picked over" offerings, we can't expect to trade.

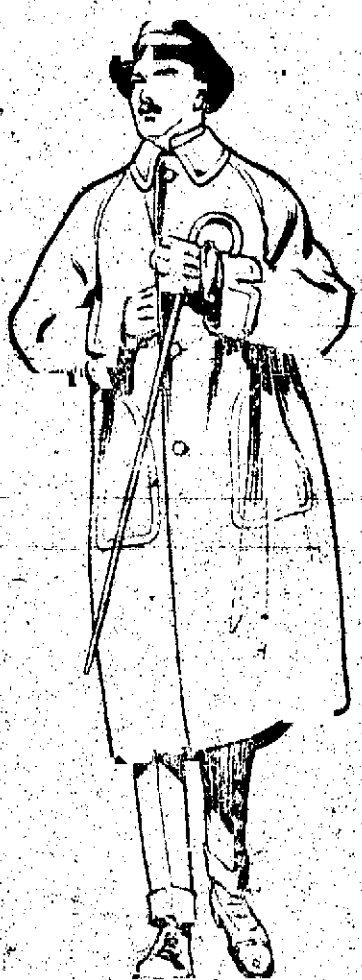
"Trade With the Boys"

Boys' Club
CLOTHING COMPANY
118 East PUEBLO AVE.

Hirsh Wickwire and Hart Schaffner
and Marx Suits and Overcoats are
Now Underpriced

25%

It's our time for
clearance, and al-
though this may not
be your regular time
for buying clothes, it's a good
time to be irregular; for our
clearance prices are low.
The best clothes at 1/4 off!



Winter Shirt Clearance

\$1.10 buys Shirts that have been
selling regularly for \$1.50: of
splendid values!

\$2.45 buys \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shirts in
silk and linen mixtures,
plaited or plain bosoms.

\$1.45 is the closing price for all
\$2.00 and \$2.50 Shirts: soft
and stiff cuffs.

\$3.15 is the final reduction on all
Shirts that were formerly
\$5.00.

\$1.85 for beautiful Russian cords,
flannel and highly mercer-
ized Shirts that were \$3.00.

\$4.45 for beautiful Silk Shirts that
have been selling for \$6.00
and \$6.50.

Mackinaws
Reduced
1/4

THE HUB

Mackinaws
Reduced
1/4

8 and 10 South Tejon St.

IMMIGRATION IS RESTRICTED BY LITERACY TEST

(Continued From Page One.)
languages and dialects of immigrants.
Each alien may designate the particu-
lar language or dialect in which he
desires the examination to be made
and shall be required to read the words
printed on the slip in such language
or dialect.

Others Who May Enter.

That the following classes of per-
sons shall be exempt from the opera-
tion of the literacy test, to-wit:
"All aliens who shall prove to the
satisfaction of the proper immigration
officer or to the secretary of labor
that they emigrated from the country
of which they were last permanent
residents for the purpose of escaping
from religious persecution; all aliens
who have been lawfully admitted to
the United States and who have re-
sided therein continuously for five
years and who have in accordance
with the law declared their intention
of becoming citizens of the United
States within six months from the
date of their departure herefrom; all
citizens in transit through the United
States; all aliens who have been law-
fully admitted to the United States
and who later shall go in transit from
one part of the United States to an-
other through foreign contiguous ter-
ritory."

Other features of the bill which
change existing laws are designed pri-
marily to increase safeguards of
health and morals and to protect labor
of the country. The head tax on im-
migrants is increased from \$3 to \$5.
To the general exclusion classes are
added the following: Vagrants, persons
afflicted with tuberculosis in any form
or with any disability which renders
them incapable of earning a livelihood;
those persons who teach or advocate
the unlawful destruction of property;
those who previously have been de-
ported; stowaways; children under 16
years of age unaccompanied or not
coming to one or both parents; any
persons not eligible for citizenship.

Great Victory for Labor.

Under the bill persons or captains
would be prohibited from importing
contract labor or soliciting or inducing
the importation of immigrants, ex-
cept that skilled labor, if otherwise
admissible, may be imported if labor
of the kind unemployed cannot be
found in this country. The question
of the necessity for importing such
labor is to be determined by the sec-
retary of labor.

An amendment submitted by Senator
Cummins today and accepted provides
that the departments of labor and
commerce closely observe the indus-
trial conditions of the country and
notify congress whenever, in their
opinion, expected immigration would
materially increase the number of un-
employed in the country or reduce the
standard of wages to workmen.

The bill outlines a system of super-
vision of immigrant ships and also
provides for immigrant statistics at in-
terior points for the distribution of
aliens.

A provision of the house bill direct-
ing that American medical inspectors
should be employed on immigrant
ships in foreign ports was stricken
out in the senate after protests from
foreign governments.

THE Right Kind of Suits and Over- coats for This Weather at Special Low Prices

\$18.75 FOR OUR \$25.00 AND \$22.50 SUITS AND OVERCOATS
\$14.75 FOR OUR \$20.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS
\$12.75 FOR OUR \$18.00 AND \$15.00 SUITS AND OVERCOATS

"NO CHARGES FOR ALTERATIONS"
JANUARY CLEARANCE OF SHIRTS

See
Window
Display

THE D & E CLOTHING CO.

23
North
Tejon St.

MEDIATION BOARD ASKED TO SETTLE OHIO COAL STRIKE

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 2.—Act-
ing on the initiative of the Wheeling
board of trade, trade bodies in the
eastern Ohio coal field on Monday will
hold a meeting here to formally re-
quest the federal board of mediation
and conciliation to settle the long-
standing coal strike.

It was stated here today that Rep-
resentative W. A. Francis of the
Eighteenth Ohio district had already
obtained the consent of Secretary of
Labor Wilson to use his influence in
bringing about the settlement if he
was asked by the citizens of the af-
fected counties to take such action.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 2.—Whether
the operators at their meeting will de-
cide to follow the announced plan of
the Pittsburgh-Maher company to evict
striking miners on January 15 unless
they paid back rent in the meantime
was said tonight by operators to be
open to question.

A signed statement given out by D.
P. Carey, president of the Lorain Coal
and Lumber company of Columbus, one
of the large mine owners in the east-
ern Ohio field, charges discrimination
by the miners' organization against the
operators of the eastern Ohio field.

"The eastern Ohio operators alone
have been singled out by the miners'
organization for an increase," the
statement says, "and to accomplish
this end the organization has reduced
its miners in this district to poverty
and sacrificed the business of the
operators."

"The strike of the last 10 months
has given our business to operators of
other states and districts and an in-
crease in our price would enable them
to retain it."

Minister Narrowly Escapes Lynching at Hands of Mob

OAKLAND, Cal., Jan. 2.—As a his-
tory to hours of drilling by a coroner's
jury, threats of lynching and an at-
tempted flight, the Rev. R. A. M.
Brown, minister and temperance work-
er, was arrested late today charged
with a statutory crime. This charge
and that of responsibility for the des-
pondency which caused Mrs. Maude
Hendricks, wife of a Stockton engineer,
to kill herself last Tuesday were made
by the jury after Coroner C. L. Hildale
had exonerated the minister and ac-
cused him of acting "like a hound and
a dog."

When Brown emerged from the jury
room he was followed by a threatening
crowd. He obtained a lift from a
passing automobile and later, while
walking along a road near Hayward,
where the murder was held, he was
taken into custody by a deputy sheriff
and taken to the Alameda county jail.
He was transferred tonight to the city
prison here.

Roy Hendricks, husband of the woman
who was murdered, was on board the
inquest to prevent an attack on the
minister. He left tonight with the
body of his wife for Trinidad, Cal.,
where the funeral will be held.

To a newspaper reporter, Brown said
tonight:

"The whole tragedy lies in the fact
that a woman who is married to a man
is considered by society to be disgraced
if she leaves him and asserts her right
to place her affections where she
wishes. I do not mind the 'lynching'
I got from the coroner."

"Throughout this whole affair I have
tried to shield the woman from the
publicity and the disgrace that society
insisted on inflicting upon her."

COMBUSTIBLES CAUSED FIRE ON BRITISH SHIP

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—Combustibles
were found in hay on board the
British steamer Rembrandt, which re-
cently sailed from Baltimore and later
caught fire, according to a state-
ment made here today by A. Edlin, her
captain. The ship sailed from Bal-
timore loaded with horses for the allies,
but was forced to put back into New-
port News because of the fire.

RUSSIA ORDERS \$1,000,000 WORTH OF HORSESHOES

BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 2.—A \$1,
000,000 contract with the Russian gov-
ernment for horseshoe nails was an-
nounced here today by a local man-
ufacturing company, which will work
day and night forces beginning on
Monday in an effort to fill the order
within seven months.

GAZETTE 60¢ A MONTH

KEYSTONE WATCH CASE CO. LEGAL COMBINATION

U. S. District Court Contends, How-
ever, Unfair Methods Have
Been Employed.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—The United
States district court today decided
that the Keystone Watch Case com-
pany is not a combination in violation
of the federal antitrust law, but de-
clared that its alleged policy of buy-
ing out is a direct violation of the law,
and should be enjoined. The Keystone
company controls a large percentage
of the fitted watch case business of
the country.

After it was organized, the Keystone
company absorbed several large watch
case manufacturing concerns in various
parts of the country and also took over
the company which makes the How-
ard watch.

The court, in its decision, stated that
there was nothing unlawful in the op-
eration of the Keystone company, and
that it had not acquired plants by im-
proper methods.

The court declared, however, that
it found evidence that the company
sought a "definite purpose to restrain
trade by attempting to fix and main-
tain prices by using a species of buy-
out or blacklisting in order to lessen
the trade of its rivals." In 1910, the
court held, the company issued a cir-
cular to its customers fixing certain
prices of the several varieties of cases
it manufactured and also of the How-
ard watch, the making of which it con-
trolled.

The company, according to the cir-
cular, reserved the right to refuse to
sell goods to jobbers if its rules re-
garding prices were violated. The court
declared that this circular "was not a
request, but a threat, and not an empty
threat, but a real menace from a strong
manufacturer" and "a direct and un-
lawful restraint of trade."

With regard to the Howard watch,
the court declared that, owing to cer-
tain patent rights, the Keystone com-
pany had the right to make an agree-
ment with jobbers whereby a minimum
price was fixed at which the jobber
might sell, but it had no right to con-
trol the retailer's price.

TO OUR NEW CUSTOMERS:
TO OUR FRIENDS:
TO THOSE WHO ARE TO BE:
TO YOU ALL:

If wishes weigh well with
you we hope this will be your
best New Year.

We hope 1915 will be the begin-
ning of the greatest opportunity
in all your life.

We sincerely hope that the
greatest gift possible to enjoy
you will have good health.

The Kranz Stores

The New Clothing and Furnish-
ing Store

In the New Stratton Bldg.
108 E. HUEFANO

Edw. Finn, Mgr. Formerly With
Harry Nathan

F. L. BORDLAS PURCHASES RADIATOR & PLATING WORKS

Frank L. Bordlas, formerly manager
of the Western Radiator and Plating
works at 15 South Cascade avenue, yes-
terday purchased the property and will
operate it under his personal direction.
Bordlas came here recently from Chi-
cago, where he specialized in radiator
work.

Chick's strictly cash grocery, market.
Adv.

POPE CONTINUES EFFORTS TO AID BELIGERENT NATIONS

ROME, Jan. 2.—Pope Benedict con-
tinues to work indefatigably in his ef-
forts to reduce the suffering caused by
the war. It is asserted in Vatican cir-
cles that he has received cordial an-
swers from both Emperor William and
King George promising their assistance
in arranging for an exchange of pris-
oners, who are incapable of further
fighting, as has been proposed by the
pope.

SIX ARRESTED FOR PASSPORT FRAUDS

(Continued From Page One.)

Then Mr. Leland of the Kennedy with
Swiss and Roumanian passports, it is
alleged, but American passports were
considered in their hands. If they
could be secured, they would be able to
travel freely.

It is charged that Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Second, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Third, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Fourth, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Fifth, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Sixth, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Seventh, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Eighth, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

Ninth, the Kennedy's accomplices
used threats to supply the passports.
Kennedy threatened to expose the pas-
ports if they were not supplied. Kennedy
threatened to expose the passports if they
were not supplied. Kennedy threatened to
expose the passports if they were not
supplied.

AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CAPTAIN DEFIES ORDERS OF MEXICAN GENERAL

(Continued From Page One.)

San Francisco, Jan. 2.—For two
days the American steamship San
Juan of the Pacific Mail service was
detained at Salina Cruz, by
General Arrieta of Oahu. Vonagino
Caranaka's forces, and at one time she
was threatened with destruction by
dynamite. Captain Stewart, who
brought the San Juan in here today,
made this report to her owners.

On December 19, General Arrieta de-
clared that the San Juan, then in Sa-
lina Cruz, transport 60 of his men and
20 officers together with their horses,
arms and ammunition to Mazatlan.

Captain Stewart was willing to take
the Mexicans as passengers, but not
as soldiers. This did not satisfy Gen-
eral Arrieta, who refused to give the
ship clearance and threatened to
detain it unless his wishes were met.

Captain Stewart remained resolute
and the question was finally settled on
his own terms. He accepted the sol-
diers as passengers and landed
them at Mazatlan, December 25.

Leadville Man Tries
to Kill Self in Denver

DENVER, Jan. 2.—A well-dressed
man, apparently about 25 years old,
was found unconscious on the car
tracks in the railroad district tonight.
A note found by the police in his cloth-
ing read:

"The name of the person whose body
was found in the river is C. C.
Smiley. Leadville papers, please
advise."

In the opinion of the police, the man
had taken poison and started toward
the river. His recovery is doubtful.

THREE OFFICIALS-ELECT NAME THEIR DEPUTIES

DENVER, Jan. 2.—Announcement of
the appointment of their chief deputies
was made today by three of Colorado's
newly elected officials.

Allison Crocker, state treasurer-elect,
announced the appointment of J. S.
Temple of Denver as his chief deputy.

Harry E. Albin, state auditor-elect,
has selected H. E. Smith of Canon
City as deputy state auditor. Smith
is an present county clerk of Fremont
county.

John E. Hamer, secretary of state-
elect, has appointed George M. Wil-
liams of Boulder as deputy secretary
of state.

Governor-elect George A. Carlson
stated that he would make no appoint-
ments at present.

PARAGUAYAN REVOLUTION IS EASILY PUT DOWN

(Continued From Page One.)

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 2.—The gov-
ernment has received a report from its
legation in Asuncion, capital of Para-
guay, stating that the revolutionary
movement in Paraguay has been
put down, according to a statement made
tonight. It is said that a few bands
of revolutionists were still active in
Argentina but had been dispersed.

FLEMING PLEADS NOT GUILTY TO CHARGES

DENVER, Jan. 2.—Fleming, a
member of the board of capital man-
agers, yesterday pleaded not guilty to
charges of a conspiracy in state contracts.
Fleming pleaded not guilty. His trial was
set for January 15.

BOMB MAKER KILLED WORKING ON MISSILE

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 2.—A capitalist in
the city was working on a missile in a
factory. The missile was exploded. One man
was killed and the other wounded. The police
had the place and found several
bombs.

EL DORA-MINE MANAGER TO BE FREED OF MURDER CHARGE

PHOENIX, Jan. 2.—The district
court today freed El Dora mine manager
William D. Lusk of the charge of murder.
Lusk was charged with the murder of
John Smith, who was killed in a mine
accident. Lusk was found not guilty.

EL DORA-MINE MANAGER TO BE FREED OF MURDER CHARGE

PHOENIX, Jan. 2.—The district
court today freed El Dora mine manager
William D. Lusk of the charge of murder.
Lusk was charged with the murder of
John Smith, who was killed in a mine
accident. Lusk was found not guilty.

BOMB MAKER KILLED WORKING ON MISSILE

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 2.—A capitalist in
the city was working on a missile in a
factory. The missile was exploded. One man
was killed and the other wounded. The police
had the place and found several
bombs.

EL DORA-MINE MANAGER TO BE FREED OF MURDER CHARGE

PHOENIX, Jan. 2.—The district
court today freed El Dora mine manager
William D. Lusk of the charge of murder.
Lusk was charged with the murder of
John Smith, who was killed in a mine
accident. Lusk was found not guilty.

PHOENIX, Jan. 2.—The district
court today freed El Dora mine manager
William D. Lusk of the charge of murder.
Lusk was charged with the murder of
John Smith, who was killed in a mine
accident. Lusk was found not guilty.

PHOENIX, Jan. 2.—The district
court today freed El Dora mine manager
William D. Lusk of the charge of murder.
Lusk was charged with the murder of
John Smith, who was killed in a mine
accident. Lusk was found not guilty.

NEW YORK POLICE MAKE HOUSE-TO-HOUSE CANVASS TO SOLVE MURDER MYSTERY

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—A house-to-
house canvass of 33 customers of a
Brooklyn department store has been
begun by the police in the hope of ob-
taining clues to the persons who
killed the man identified as Ruth A.
Dunham, whose body was found in a
barrel and frozen in a ditch near
Coney Island last night. Dunham, 60
years old, was collector for the store.
He disappeared after making his
rounds on December 21, as shown by
the date of newspapers found in one
of the barrels.

The police believe Dunham was
robbed before being murdered. Through
questioning a few of the customers to-
day they traced his movements to 10
hours before midnight on December 21.
At that time he was said to be far
from the swamp where the body was
found.

GONZALES IN TAMPIOCO WITH 14,000 SOLDIERS

MATAMORAS, Mexico, Jan. 2.—Gen.
Fablo Gonzales, the Carranza com-
mander whose movements of late have
been watched in Tampico with
14,000 men, was said here today. The
movements of these men toward San
Luis Potosi are reported.

Gonzales' object now is said to be
to overcome the troops of Gen. Alberto
Carranza, commanding convention
forces, which have been occupying
the railroad between Tampico and
San Luis Potosi.

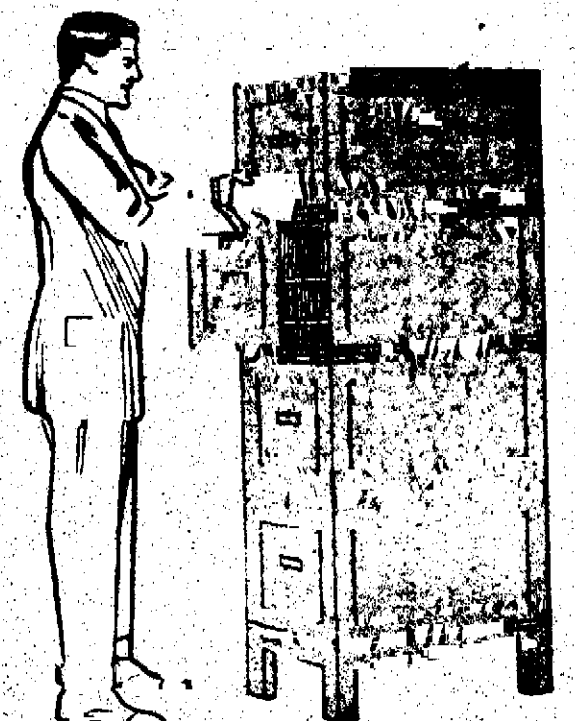
CALIFORNIA MAY PASS STRICT ANTIALIEN BILL

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 2.—An
antialien labor bill, patterned after the
one in Arizona, will be among the first
measures introduced at the California
legislature, which opens Monday,
according to Assemblyman-elect M. H.
Brown.

Necessity of providing employment
to American miners in Tuolumne coun-
ty and the neighboring county prompt-
ed the measure, Browne said.

HYGIENE DOCTOR TO BE CHARGED WITH MURDER

BOULDER, Colo., Jan. 2.—An in-
formation charging murder will be filed
Monday, according to Deputy District
Attorney Martin, against Dr. A. S.
Biers of Hygiene, who is alleged to
have shot and killed Will Hopkins at
Hygiene, December 23.



Transfer Time Is Here

And the office man finds our big stock ample
for all needs.

The modern way of filing letters is in vertical files.
If you have not started this system you should invest-
igate. No better time than now to start.

Vertical File Guides, Folders, Transfer Cases.
See our big east window display.

The modern way to handle accounts is the loose leaf
way. Ledgers and Billing systems made up on short
notice.
Our De Luxe outfits for small number of accounts are
money savers: \$1.00 to \$20.00 for complete outfit.

Loose Leaf Ledgers, Cash Journals, Records.
For the new year many new books are needed, and cal-
culators, diaries and date books. We have them all. Just
phone or call on like to give such orders the best of service.
Prompt deliveries.

Memorandum Calendars, Diaries, Blank
Books.

OUT WEST PRINTING & STATIONERY CO.

9-11 Pike's Peak Ave.

Perkins-Shearer Co.

Our Annual Shirt Sale

beginning tomorrow, January 4.

Only once a year do we put on a Shirt Sale—always the first week in January. We never buy a single shirt for this sale. Our regular values—Broken lots just as good as if they were full lines.

At **\$1.00**
Shirts that were our \$1.50 values.

At **\$1.45**
Shirts that were our \$2.00 and \$2.50 values.

At **\$1.85**
Shirts that were our \$2.50 and \$3.00 values.

New Classes Will Be Organized in Day & Evening Session

We are at our new location and you may enroll now.

The best equipped and most modern school of its kind that has ever been in Colorado Springs.

Winter term begins Jan. 4.

Get Good Music

The Victrola is a Joy Forever. IP!!
You get music that is worth while.

We will give all the time necessary to please exacting customers.

Willet R. Willis

Specialist in Victrolas

GEORGE M. TAYLOR NAMED ON METAL MINING BOARD

George M. Taylor has been named a representative of the El Paso county branch of the state board of the Colorado Metal Mining association. Delegates to the annual meeting of the state association in Denver January 11 from this county have been named as follows: Daniel Thatcher, Frank G. Peck, Horace E. Lunt, John T. Hawkins and George M. Taylor.

NOTICE

I have this day purchased the entire business of THE AVERY - BRUCE - HAUPST INSURANCE AND AGENCY COMPANY and will conduct the same in future. All accounts due this firm must be paid to me at Room 11 First National Bank Building, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D. 1914.
H. F. AVERY, Agent, Adv.

FIRE INSURANCE

"Having rendered the insurance business, I respectfully solicit the patronage of all persons who desire prompt and satisfactory service."

H. F. AVERY, Agent,
Room 11 First National Bank Bldg.,
Phone Main 178. Adv.

MISS EMMA EATON TO BE BRIDE OF ARTIST

The engagement of Miss Emma Eaton daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Eaton of Cincinnati, who spend a part of each year in Colorado Springs, and Allan True, Denver artist, has just been announced in this city. The date of the wedding has not been set.

IF YOU ARE BOTHERED with Dandruff or Falling Hair, BURKE'S SULPHUR AND SAGE will cure you. A guaranteed remedy for itching of the scalp, dandruff and itching of the scalp. For sale at 1164 E. Pikes Peak Ave. Price 50c.

STILL HALE AND HEARTY AT AGE OF NINETY-THREE

Charles A. Gordon, Born in 1822, Observes Anniversary in Workshop; Believes He Will Live Century

"General" Charles A. Gordon, one of the real characters of Colorado Springs, celebrated his ninety-third birthday yesterday, as usual, by working through an eight-hour day at the shops of the Colorado Springs & Interurban Railway company. The "General" is as hale and hearty as he was 10 years ago and confidently predicts that he will reach the century mark.

Gordon was born in Nuery, County Down, Ireland, in 1822, and he is a veteran of four wars. He first saw service in the English army in the Punjab war in India. Subsequently he went through the Crimean war, the Sepoy uprising, where he earned the rank of captain, and in the Civil war in this country, during which he served the Union army. He came to Colorado Springs in 1871.

"General" Gordon has been married four times, his fourth wife dying last year.

MINING COMPANIES SEND OUT DIVIDEND CHECKS

Golden Cycle, Vindicator and Portland Among Big Properties Having January Payments to Stockholders

The Golden Cycle Mining company yesterday mailed to its stockholders checks for dividends on the basis of 10 cents a share, which on the 1,500,000 shares of stock amounted to \$150,000. This makes a total of \$408,800 paid out in dividends since the company came under the control of John T. Milliken, the present president.

The Vindicator company will pay its regular quarterly dividend of \$45,000 January 8 and January 20 the Portland will pay its dividend of \$90,000, or 2 per cent on the capital stock.

High School Lever Has Special Edition

The January issue of the Lever, the official paper of the High school, is a special Christmas edition and contains a large amount of interesting reading matter. In addition to a number of stories, the issue contains a letter by Glenn Shaw, an alumnus of the school and brother of Lloyd Shaw of the High school faculty, telling of conditions in India where he is teaching. A letter from John Ritter, '13, tells of student life at Harvard. Ritter won the Perkins scholarship at the High school.

Pioneers Celebrate Sixtieth Anniversary

The sixtieth anniversary of their wedding was observed New Years day by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hughes, 112 North Weber street, at their home, where they have lived continuously for the last 42 years. Mr. Hughes has just passed his eightieth birthday and Mrs. Hughes was 79 years old on Christmas day. The affair was observed quietly by relatives and a few friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Hughes were married in Utica county, New York, January 1, 1855. They have three children, George Hughes, who lives in Idaho, and the Misses Alice and Mary Hughes of Colorado Springs.

R. W. Anderson, aged 74 years, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. O. G. Keyser, in eastern Colorado, near Keyser, Dec. 27.

At his request, he was buried at Keyser, Colo.

He came to Colorado Springs in April, 1874, where he continued to make his home until two years ago. He was a leading contractor and builder in the early days of Colorado Springs.

He is survived by his widow and six children, four daughters and two sons.

Y. W. C. A. Notes

Y. W. C. A. vesper service today at 8 p. m. Speaker, Dr. James T. Murr, subject, "The Conversion of Paul."

Special music by the vesper choir. Tea and a social hour will follow the service.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock there will be a special half-hour service at the building in memory of Miss Grace Dodge, who for eight years has been president of the national organization. The service will be conducted by Mrs. W. F. Slocum. All women are invited, especially those who are members of committees or who are actively connected with the association.

The Christmas party of the Girls' club was held last Tuesday night at St. Paul M. E. church, more than 100 girls being present. A Christmas tree was one of the features of the decorations. A reading by Mrs. Tourist and various drills were given to little girls and 20 presents to the older ones. Beautiful hair ribbons were sent from California by Mrs. W. K. Jewett for girls who sewed for the Belgian clothing contributions. The club desires to thank all the people who aided in making the Christmas party a success. Many dolls were paid for and dressed and one man bought six dolls himself. The Royal Messengers Sunday school class of the Presbyterian church sent 116.

The club is open from 3 to 5 p. m. Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Sunday of every week.

Whole or half pigs, 114c lb. Chick's, 26 So. Tejon, Phone 864. Adv.

What the Crystal Gazer Predicts for 1915

Mystic Globe Reveals What May Transpire

Typical, wonderful Colorado Springs sunshine has ushered the new year into being and so far the region has enjoyed 100 per cent sunshine—in fact, bright skies and warm days of the October brand. Instead of midwinter. The weather, as a topic of conversation in Colorado Springs, is hardly new. But it is still useful and as an aid to the baneful and backward in speech is always guaranteed. So be it.

Nineteen Fourteen has passed into history as probably one of the most interesting chapters. It has been rehearsed and gone over thoroughly with the finest journalistic combs in the land. It has been reviewed in song and story. But little Nineteen Fifteen has merely been taken for granted. Nobody has taken the trouble of probing into the secrets of the new year, nobody has dared to take a chance at forecasting events.

Madam De Lu La, Queen of the Crystal Gazers, who conducts a little private horoscope for individuals who are easily separated from their bank accounts, is nothing if not courageous. She has gazed what will happen during this budding young year. And her advertisement reads "money back if not as represented."

Seers Make Predictions

Gazing deep into a big crystal globe, which in reality proved to be a goldfish bowl, inverted the Queen of the Crystal Gazers mysteriously waves her perfumed hands and discovers that:

Many youths will forego their almost any evening at the Busy Corner, where they will light cigarettes and watch the passing show.

Giggly girls will repeat with emphasis the catch phrases of good companionship, such as "I should worry" and "Nobody home," and various other 1915 model adds to conversation.

Mayor McKesson will make many speeches at meetings small and large. "Tipperary," Harry Lander and "Caruso" records will prove favorites on almost any Victrola.

Flags will wave on Washington's and Lincoln's birthday and the Fourth of July.

Newspapers will make campaigns for a "Safety First" Fourth of July. Secretary Henderson of the Chamber of Commerce will be elected to

DECEMBER SETS RECORD; YEAR'S FIGURES GIVEN OUT

Only 85 Cloudy Days in Colorado Springs in 1914; Hottest Day Registered 89 Degrees

December, 1914, was colder on the average than any twelfth month during the last 33 years, according to the monthly weather report of the Colorado college weather bureau. The mean temperature was 22 as compared with the 33-year average of 27. The minimum was minus eight on the sixteenth, and the maximum 47 on the eleventh. The record minimum is minus 17 in 1880, and the maximum 70 in 1890.

The percentage of sunshine for the month was 63.3 there were four days with 100 per cent sunshine, 14 clear, seven partly cloudy, 10 cloudy and two when the sun did not shine at all.

The precipitation was 22.5 as compared with 31.1 the mean for the last 31 years.

The minimum velocity of the wind was 4.5 miles per hour, and the maximum 26 miles on the twenty-sixth, with a total wind movement of 3,594. The mean barometer was 30.02.

The highest temperature recorded during the entire year just closed was 89 on August 16, and the lowest was minus 15 on February 6. The mean temperature for the year was 47.4.

The percentage of possible sunshine was 66.8. Of the 365 days, 177 were clear, 102 partly cloudy and 85 cloudy. Eighty-five days of 100 per cent sunshine were recorded.

The total precipitation for the year was 22.63 inches.

AN APPRECIATION

Expressing appreciation for the support received at their annual benefit ball, a committee from Division No. 19, Street Car Men's union, has given out the following statement:

In appreciation of the loyal support given our benefit ball by the press, business men, friends and the public in general, we wish in behalf of Division No. 19, Street Car Men's union, to extend our sincere thanks.

R. N. HALSTED,
J. L. BRAND,
T. J. MAHONEY,
Committee.

THERE IS A \$1 Offer for 50c

We want you to use DERNGOOD BAKING POWDER

Its quality is on a par with other DERNGOOD PRODUCTS

Tea Garden Brand of Preserves and Jellies are a new line with us. They are absolutely pure and we want to introduce them.

Two good reasons for this Exceptional Offer—

1 pound Baking Powder 50c
One 1-pound jar Preserves 35c
One 8-ounce tumbler Jelly 15c

\$1.00

This week 50c. Come in or phone us your order. If you are not pleased we will refund your money.

DERN'S
Makers of Fine Candies
26 So. Tejon Street Phone Main 575

many offices by good roads associations.

Men's Styles Unchanged

Spring clothing styles for men will be just as tight. The war will allow many clothing merchants to get their "imported" woolsens just a little cheaper than their competitors.

Women will wear smaller and cozier spring hats and cartoonists will picture the tired business man receiving the bills therefor.

Campaigns will be waged against the house fly and health officers will be interviewed.

There will be many marriages and honeymoon trips to the California exhibitions.

The grand jury will bring in several indictments.

Tax assessment lists will be held up by the state commission.

Rain will interfere with spring baseball and lawn parties.

Some of us will not make out income tax schedules.

Billy Sunday will not hold evangelistic services here.

College students will attempt to hold a picnic in the garden of the Gods.

There will be talk of building a union depot for Colorado Springs.

Will Discuss Loan Sharks.

Ministers will discuss forming an antislavery bank.

Orchardville may be started at the Buins theater.

Moving picture actors will be injured in the performance of their duties and the facts will be duly registered in the papers.

The "largest" graduating classes will leave Colorado college and the High school. There will be many events in graduation week and President McKesson's annual report may ask for money.

Lywill will ask for better fire protection.

Chief of Police Stark will have arguments with the football club.

Various organizations will investigate Colorado Springs as a location for sanatoria.

Tod Power will get his name in the newspapers.

Volcanoes and freak formations will be discovered on the tourist railroads.

The Zoo will open and maybe close. Tourist excursion men will predict a record-breaking season.

The Chamber of Commerce will meet often.

Stratton park dances will remain the waltz and tango.

Tourists will gather at the Soda springs in Manitou.

Many candidates will present themselves to the people for the two commissionerships that will be vacant.

The Civic league will endorse a woman candidate.

People will discuss the proposed annexation of Colorado City.

Summer rains will wash out railroad tracks and bridges.

Children will play on the playgrounds.

The football championship will be claimed for the Tigers many times.

Labor will carry banners and walk around the streets on Labor day.

THE HUB

8 and 10 South Tejon St.

Women's and Misses' Dept., 2d Floor

SUITS and DRESSES

Our Semi-Annual Half Price Sale of Suits and Dresses is now on.

Hosts to choose from. Sizes for women and misses.

No Exchanges. No Approvals.

All Coats in Three Lots

\$9.75	\$14.75	\$19.75
Clearance price on Coats that sold up to \$20.00	Clearance price on Coats that sold up to \$30.00	Clearance price on Coats that sold up to \$50.00

Clearance of Millinery \$5.00 and \$6.00 and \$7.00

All of our Exclusive Models Up to \$25.00

NEW MOTOR TAGS WILL BE YELLOW AND BLACK

Two Hundred Auto Owners Renew Licenses; Licenses for 1915 Must Be Taken Out by Jan. 15

State licenses for motor-propelled vehicles were placed on sale yesterday morning at the office of County Clerk E. C. Sheldon. Nearly 200 licenses were disposed of yesterday, amounting to \$500.

The first to be taken out in Colorado Springs was by Dr. C. A. Dennis and was numbered 5383. Automobile owners have until January 15 to secure 1915 licenses, when the driving of a car without the 1915 license will be considered a violation of the law.

The new license tags are of yellow and black letters and figures. The tags make an attractive appearance and the figures are easily distinguishable. The tags in 1914 were blue and white. Under the law, only the owner of the car can swear to the acknowledgment on the application. The serial numbers on the cars must be furnished when licenses are purchased. Several applicants for licenses had only the number on their engine yesterday and could not get a license until they had secured the serial number of the machine.

POSTAL BANK DEPOSITORS BUY \$2,500 IN BONDS

Amount for Last Six Months Sets New Mark; Showing Above Expectation of Local Department

Postal savings bonds to the total of \$2,500 were issued by the postal savings department of the postoffice January 1. The amount is easily the largest ever issued at one time, the total for July 1, 1914, being only \$400, and for January 1, 1914, only \$940.

Bonds are issued but twice a year—applications being received up to June 1 and December and the bonds being issued one month later.

The bonds range in value from the minimum, \$20, to the maximum, \$500, and bear 2 1/2 per cent interest.

Though the sale of bonds was much larger this year than previously, the number and amount of deposits remain about the same. During December there were 124 deposits made and 99 withdrawals. Twenty-four new accounts were opened, more than balancing the number closed.

Although the department does a moderate business, postal savings in Colorado Springs will never be a success, it is pointed out. The laboring class, and more especially the foreign laboring class, is too small, and the department is patronized almost exclusively by these people. The amount of bonds purchased this year came as a surprise.

Hearthburn, indigestion or distress of the stomach is instantly relieved by HERBINE. It forces the badly digested food out of the body and restores tone in the stomach and bowels. Price 50c. Sold by Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co. Adv.

SP-1AT DINNER AT MURRAY'S

A special table d'hôte dinner and music by Pink's orchestra is the attraction offered the Sunday evening dinner by the popular McKee restaurant.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

'Think 'This Over

YOU HAD BETTER SLEEP ON FOUR PER CENT THAN LIE AWAKE ON EIGHT.

We cannot IMPRESS on you too STRONGLY the importance of INVESTING your money CAREFULLY in SOUND and SAFE SECURITIES. COLORADO SPRINGS WATER BONDS ARE ABSOLUTELY SAFE and GOOD. You cannot make any mistake in this INVESTMENT. REMEMBER no COMMISSION, no WORRY, no DEPRECIATION, no INCOME TAX, and INTEREST TWICE a year.

For Further Information Call at the

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL.

FUNERAL OF E. S. NOBLE

AT 2:30 THIS AFTERNOON

E. S. Noble proprietor of Noble's candy and ice cream establishment, died yesterday morning at his home, 115 North Wabash street, after an illness of many years. He is survived by his wife, two children and his mother and father, all of this city.

For many years Mr. Noble was circulation manager of the Montgomery Advertiser, the largest newspaper in Montgomery, Ala. Owing to ill health he came to Colorado Springs in 1908. During his residence here he made a host of friends.

The funeral will be held at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon from the residence. The services will be in charge of Colorado Springs Lodge No. 928, B. P. O. E. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

DODGE BROTHERS' NEW CAR ON EXHIBITION AT MARKSHEFFEL'S

Dodge Brothers' car has arrived! To hundreds of Colorado Springs motorists the above message, that was flashed along automobile row yesterday, was the signal for an excited dash to the salesrooms of the Marksheffel Motor company local leader for Dodge Brothers, 22 North Cascade avenue. Probably never before in the history of the automobile has the advent of a new motor car been awaited with interest equal to that shown by thousands of automobilists in all sections of the country.

In the first two hours following the opening of Mr. Marksheffel's salesroom, yesterday, a constant stream of visitors poured through the entrance, anxious to secure their first glimpse of the car which has been appropriately called the "Car of Mystery." Judging by the universal comments of the critical visitors and rival dealers in the city, the new car is all and more than the public had expected. The builders.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Dodge Brothers' new automobile is a real car. It is particularly practical design. It is a really wonderful and the best of its kind.

Try Health Bran, at Chick's Phone 864

Fitted to your individual needs in your own home by a trained dietitian. Will call by appointment, with no obligation on your part.

MRS. E. D. KELLY
Phone 3616W Before 10 A. M.

SPIRELLA

CORSETS (Not sold in stores)

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Not sold in stores

Gentlemen!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING YOU AN OPPORTUNITY WHEREBY YOU MAY SAVE

25%

On any Suit or Overcoat of the finest clothing in the city, either ready-to-wear or made to your measure. Why not avail yourself of this chance?

See Us Before Buying M. Greenberg

NEW YORK TAILOR AND CLOTHIER
16 S. Tejon St.

BOWERS RESIGNS

FROM THE C.F. & I.

TROOPS ARE LEAVING

OAK CREEK DISTRICT

DENVER, Jan. 2.—Announcement was made today that L. M. Bowers had resigned as chairman of the board and treasurer of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company. No successor has been appointed. Mr. Bowers is a former representative of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who controlled a large amount of the stock of the company. J. F. Willhorn, president of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, made public the resignation of Mr. Bowers, and his resignation, it follows:

"That I may give my time to the personal affairs of Mr. Rockefeller in an advisory position I present my resignation as an officer of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company and its subsidiary companies, remaining a director effective January 1, 1915."

Bowers had been an officer of the corporation more than seven years.

4,000,000 ENDEAVORERS WILL PRAY FOR PEACE

BOSTON, Jan. 2.—An appeal to the 4,000,000 members of Christian Endeavor societies in 40 nations to work and pray for peace has been issued by the president of the World's Christian Endeavor union. It was announced today.

"I appeal," he writes, "to the Endeavorers of the world in this crisis of the world's history to work and pray not only for peace, but for the Christian fellowship on which alone a lasting peace can be built."

Copies have been printed in several languages and are being distributed worldwide.

UNION MACHINISTS TAKEN FROM PRISONS

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 2.—All union machinists employed as repairmen in state prisons will be withdrawn as a date to be named soon. William H. Johnston, president of the International Association of Machinists, announced here after a meeting of the association's executive board.

This decision approved a report of a committee of the American Federation of Labor delegates against the employment of union labor in the production of the output of free labor.

NEW OVERALL FACTORY CONSIDERED ASSURED

PUEBLO, Jan. 2.—Suits have been examined during the past two weeks by an eastern operator. It is expected that the industry will be established here and ready for operation by March 1. Pueblo merchants have guaranteed the operator, who conferred with the directors of the Commerce club, that they will handle his products. It is considered certain by Secretary Gray of the club that this enterprise will be added to Pueblo's other industries. The location of the plant will be decided within a few days. It has been announced.

ENGLAND WAIVES SEARCH OF DR. VAN DYKE'S SHIP

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Search consideration for Dr. Henry Van Dyke, American minister to the Netherlands, the British government has permitted the steamer Xew Amsterdam, on which Dr. Van Dyke was a passenger during his last voyage from New York to Rotterdam, to proceed without being searched, notwithstanding certain suspicious circumstances.

TOWN AND COUNTRY GIVES BIG DISPLAY TO SPRINGS

Double-Page Feature in January 1 Issue One of East Advertisements Region Has Received

Undoubtedly the greatest single piece of magazine publicity ever received by Colorado Springs is that given it in the January issue of *Town and Country*, the society paper of America, published in New York by the Stuyvesant company. The article, "Across the Great Divide by Motor Car," was written by A. W. Henderson, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, and with seven large reproductions of excellent photographs occupies the double page in the center of the magazine, the feature positions in all large illustrated magazines.

The article is based on the Pike's Peak Ocean-to-Ocean highway telling of its organization, the excellence of the road and the scenic attractions to be found throughout its length. A comment on the auto runs last summer from St. Joseph to Colorado Springs and from Colorado Springs to Salt Lake City is made, together with the statement of one of the entrants as to the highway and scenery. Illustrations used are of the Crystal park road, a section of that through South Cheyenne cañon, the Temple drive to the cave of the Winds, the Elk Pass highway, the Canon City highway, the Sky-Line drive and the Garden of the Gods, the last photograph being a new and a decidedly attractive one.

Town and Country was established in 1890, but has been known by its present name only since 1901. It is issued three times a month. Its purpose is to supply information on the subjects contained in its name as known to the classes which it reaches. In other words, society, it covers minutely polo, hunting, golf, tennis, college sports and motor cars, as well as the opera, books, the theater and social functions of various sorts. Its travel articles are the kind that make people want to travel. This is especially interesting in that the people it reaches are well able to afford to travel. The illustrations are among the best published in any magazine.

Societies and Clubs

There will be a stated communication of Tejon lodge No. 104, A. F. and A. M., tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting Masters are welcome.

The regular meeting of the art and literature department of the Woman's club will be held Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. A. J. Macgregor, 25 East Dale street, Mrs. Ed. Thompson will read a paper on James M. Barry.

The Woman's Missionary society of the First Christian church will meet in the church lecture room Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Mrs. Carrie Wiley will have charge of the program, and Mrs. Lora Farley will be hostess. The subject will be "Some Modern Revelations: Service Through Study, Fidelity for Study, Africa." All women invited.

Colorado Springs Post No. 22, G. A. R., and Women's Relief corps No. 4 will hold a joint installation of officers Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The public is invited.

Allen, Ferns, Snoring and will be entertained at the home of Mrs. C. D. Taylor, corner of Fifth street and Third avenue, Colorado city, next Friday afternoon. Mrs. Taylor will be assisted by her sister, Mrs. A. J. Weston.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Colorado Springs Post No. 22, G. A. R., held tomorrow night, the election of the officers of the club will take place. A reference is to be made to the tribute. All members are requested to attend.

Colorado Springs Post No. 22, G. A. R., will install the following officers Tuesday evening at their castle hall, 2 East Bijou street: D. R. Robb, C. C. George, R. Skelton, V. C. W. E. Finch, George E. Miller, M. of W. Edgar, Harry, K. of R. S. and M. of R. A. P. Martin, M. F. A. H. Barton, M. of A. G. L. McKenzie, L. G. G. E. Swan, G. G. and C. W. Whitehead, trustees. After the installation ceremonies luncheon will be served and all members and visiting knights are cordially invited.

News of the Courts

The following lines were addressed in police court yesterday: James Helen, 225, charged with vagrancy, drunkenness, etc. Smith, vagrancy, etc.

Mrs. Bessie Gitz, arrested here a few days ago, was taken to Boulder yesterday to answer to a charge of child abandonment.

Harry L. Tyler, who passed two worthless checks for \$2 each a few days ago, was fined \$20 and costs by Justice Madden yesterday on a charge of obtaining money by false pretenses. The fine was suspended on recommendation of the district attorney's office.

Suits for \$300 and \$315 were filed in the district court yesterday by Drs. L. H. McKinnin and A. H. Peters, respectively, against Mr. and Mrs. C. Carpenter, for surgical services and medical attention.

A good remedy for a bad cough is RALLARD'S HOREHOUND SYRUP. It heals the lungs and quiets irritation. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Hoffer-Arcularius Drug Co.

THE WORLD'S LONGEST FENCE

From the Wide World Magazine.

A fence forming a portion of the boundary between New South Wales and Queensland bears the distinction of being the longest fence in the world. It is about 2,000 miles in length, and was erected, not to keep out rabbits, but to prevent tick-infested cattle straying out of Queensland.

SALE AT ROBBINS' SUITS & OVERCOATS FOR MEN & BOYS

1/4 off

Blues and Blacks Included

Suits and Overcoats

\$30.00 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$22.50
\$27.50 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$20.60
\$25.00 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$18.75
\$22.50 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$16.85
\$20.00 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$15.00
\$18.00 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$13.50
\$16.50 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$12.35
\$15.00 Suit or Overcoat 1/4 off \$11.25

Robbins' ON THE CORNER

Farmer Gets Little More Than a Hired Man for His Work

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—A study of a farmer as measured in the earnings of his farm has been made by the department of agriculture today in a statement on the results of a survey.

The average farmer receives little more for his year's work than would be paid of a hired man, says the statement. The investigation shows that, in other words, though he is a business for himself, the average farmer gets little or no money reward for his labor and the risk and responsibility of his business.

The average value of the chief products of the farm, fruit, oil and stock, used each year by the farm family, was \$100. Of these products, estimated in money, the farm contributed directly by the farm was \$21.75, leaving \$78.25 to the value of the products of the farm.

Of the 100,000,000 farms in the United States, 10,000,000 are operated by the farmer himself, and 90,000,000 are operated by a hired man. The statement says that the farmer who operates his own farm receives a total of \$21.75 for his year's work, while the hired man who works for the farmer receives a total of \$21.75 for his year's work.

In view of the fact that the average value of the chief products of the farm is \$100, the statement says that the farmer who operates his own farm receives a total of \$21.75 for his year's work, while the hired man who works for the farmer receives a total of \$21.75 for his year's work.

Chicagoans Object to Pig Head as Emblem

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—The head of a pig as emblematic of Chicago's industry would be resented by Chicagoans, according to a letter which the committee promoting the International Christian Endeavor convention to be held here next July, mailed today to a New England body.

This committee had addressed the trustees and bids for the convention medals and the emblematic design had in the center of the badge the head of a pig, the emblematic of Chicago's industry.

The badge was rejected and a letter sent to the committee.

"We take exception to the fact that you have placed in the center of the badge the head of a pig, merely because, if you say, Chicago leads the world in the meat packing industry. We suggest that you have that Chicago stands for something besides pigs and pork."

Use best Peaberry coffee. C. H. M. Adv.

A RECIPE FOR A WAR

Amos R. Wells in Life.

Take a wrong, and keep it till it is thoroughly rotten, spreading it heaped. Take also an arm, fattened by high taxes to the bursting point. Add a navy, similarly prepared. Make an undercurrent, heavy and swollen. Make an upper crust, rich and swollen with pride. Mix your material in a bowl of national vanity. Season with misinformation, rumors, lies, tariff wars, colonial disputes, petty quarrels and sensational newspapers, chopped fine. Take in the oven of prejudice with the fire of passion, stirred by the pokes of personal ambition. Serve hot.

ASSETS OF DEFUNCT TRUST CO. WORTHLESS

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 2.—Assets of a defunct trust company, the Trust Company of St. Louis, which was declared bankrupt in 1912, are reported today in a report that with only a cent left. The Trust Company of St. Louis, which was declared bankrupt in 1912, is reported today in a report that with only a cent left.

The report also pointed out that the assets of the defunct trust company are worthless.

There is one thing to be noted, and that is, the assets of the defunct trust company are worthless.

Unsettled railroad notes amounting to \$1,000,000 were carried on the books of the defunct trust company as an asset.

GERMANS FORTIFYING CAPTURED TERRITORY IN WARSAW REGION

PETROGRAD, Jan. 2.—The fortification of the Germans in the neighborhood of Warsaw for some days past has been explained, according to reports reaching here, by the fact that they have captured this town in fortifying the territory. The Germans have captured this town in fortifying the territory.

The Germans have captured this town in fortifying the territory.

TEACHER INFORMED OF DEATH GERMAN FIANCE

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 2.—A woman, the wife of a German, who was a teacher in a school in St. Louis, Mo., was informed today that her husband had been killed in the war.

POLICE FOLLOW TRAIL OF PINS: SUSPECT ARRESTED

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 2.—The police followed a trail of pins, which were found in the neighborhood of a school in St. Louis, Mo., and arrested a suspect today.

Deaths and Funerals

The funeral of William F. Dixon, who died Thursday night, was held at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the family home.

The funeral of Joel R. Fulkerson, who was killed in an accident at the railroad mill Thursday morning, will be held at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at the home, 415 South Sawatch avenue.

The funeral of Joel R. Fulkerson, who was killed in an accident at the railroad mill Thursday morning, will be held at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at the home, 415 South Sawatch avenue.

NEWS BY WINDMILL

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

SOAP ON HAIR CAUSES DANDRUFF, SCALP GETS DRY, HAIR FALLS OUT

Girls! Get a 25 cent bottle and try a "Danderine Hair Cleanse"

After washing your hair with soap, the scalp gets dry, the hair falls out, and the scalp gets dandruff. Danderine is the hair cleanser that keeps the scalp fresh, stopping itching and dandruff. It is the hair cleanser that keeps the scalp fresh, stopping itching and dandruff.

After washing your hair with soap, the scalp gets dry, the hair falls out, and the scalp gets dandruff. Danderine is the hair cleanser that keeps the scalp fresh, stopping itching and dandruff. It is the hair cleanser that keeps the scalp fresh, stopping itching and dandruff.

THUNDER OF CANNON AND RATTLE OF THE INFANTRY FIRE MARKED CHRISTMAS IN FOLAND

THE QUARTERS OF THE Tenth German Infantry Division on the Rawa River, Poland, Dec. 25 was a scene of merriment. The soldiers were celebrating Christmas. The soldiers were celebrating Christmas.

The soldiers were celebrating Christmas. The soldiers were celebrating Christmas.

Soldiers Observe Christmas

Elsewhere along the line the German soldiers celebrated Christmas as best as possible in their own fashion. There was scarcely a shelter but in the trenches and artillery positions which did not display a Christmas tree, decorated with tinsel and gay-colored candles that had been repurposed in the soldiers' knapsacks for weeks. The correspondent, riding along the lines, saw scores of such trees illuminated by the proud soldiers.

Slow Headway Being Made

Under such circumstances only slow headway can be expected in a frontal attack against the position of Russian positions.

A few hours of sun-line yesterday gave the German soldiers their first opportunity in a week to reassemble the Russian lines, one of the systems were scattered that had been trained in the forest, and the Russian lines were scattered that had been trained in the forest, and the Russian lines were scattered that had been trained in the forest.

Deaths and Funerals

The funeral of William F. Dixon, who died Thursday night, was held at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the family home.

The funeral of Joel R. Fulkerson, who was killed in an accident at the railroad mill Thursday morning, will be held at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at the home, 415 South Sawatch avenue.

The funeral of Joel R. Fulkerson, who was killed in an accident at the railroad mill Thursday morning, will be held at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at the home, 415 South Sawatch avenue.

NEWS BY WINDMILL

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

From the January Wide World.

In some parts of Holland they have a curious way of stinging items of news by manipulating the sails of the numerous windmills that dot the landscape. For instance, the sails "sweep" and set dead square, in the local code, indicates that a baby boy has been born in the miller's family. It is curious to note that the Germans in eastern Prussia accused the Russians of stinging information in this way by means of the many windmills in that district.

GORGEOUS GROUPS OF ORIENTAL, SPLENDOR DESIGNED BY JULIAN STORY ESPECIALLY FOR THE LIVING PICTURES



MRS. SPENCER PENROSE
Whom Julian Story has especially designed a stunning portrait, after the style of the noted French painter, Lancret, in which she will appear at society's production of living pictures next Wednesday.

Arrival of Famous Artist Whose to Razor Edge Already Keen Interest in Society's Production for the Benefit of the Belgian Relief Fund at Opera House Next Wednesday—Miss Palmer, Spencer Penrose and Chester Alan Arthur to Appear in Scene From "Arabian Nights"—Mrs. Story and Frederick Sherwin to Be Seen in Gerome's "Caesar and Cleopatra"—Mr. Story Designs Portrait After Lancret Especially for Mrs. Penrose and Will Pose Mrs. Camilla Hare Lippincott in a Grecian Classic of Superb Composition—Production Will Rival Best of the Stunning Tableaux Given by Western Society



MRS. CAMILLA HARE LIPPINCOTT
Who will be seen in the living pictures at the Opera house in a Grecian classic of superb composition posed by Julian Story, which sets off her striking beauty to a remarkable degree



JULIAN STORY
The famous American artist, whose generous offer to supervise the living pictures has raised the affair to a point of artistic excellence unsurpassed by any of the widely-heralded tableaux staged in the east.

By "THE CRITIC"

With the arrival in Colorado Springs of Julian Story, the famous artist, who, with Mrs. Story, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Penrose at an exclusive little house, has been added to the production of living pictures which society will stage at the Opera house next Wednesday for the benefit of the Belgian relief fund. Sparking in the verucular of this gasoline-gripped day, lags were slipping along on "high" right tolerably well previous to Mr. Story's arrival; his advent "slipped it" to racing speed and sent the "picture car" ripping it off to a "gorgeous" success at the rate of about hundred and sixteen miles an hour. "Picture car" for several groups, which had been held in abeyance pending Mr. Story's arrival, are on in a case of color and a whirl of excitement, even Colorado Springs society, occasionally gets excited, you know I believe it is Darwin who is the authority for the statement that some of the original sprang-leasure course, leasure, as the rest of us know (woman) that really makes no power mind in this little contribution the artistic thought of the day will get back to our groups.

First of all, there is a stunning setting from the "Arabian Nights," especially designed for this production by Story. In this will be seen Miss Palmer, a piece of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene P. Shaw, who will also

appear in a dashing modern poster effect earlier in the program. With Miss Palmer in the Arabian Nights group will be Spencer Penrose and Chester Alan Arthur, then whom there are no better—well, you know a man feels an awful fool when you make any comment about the Adonisitis of his appearance, so you'll have to see for yourself.

Stunning Mrs. Story will be seen as Cleopatra in Gerome's "Caesar and Cleopatra" with Frederick L. Sherwin as Caesar. This promises to be one of the most splendid of the pictures. Gorgeous in its coloring, regal in its setting, it warms the blood and sets the pulse beating. Mrs. Story's beauty lends itself admirably to Gerome's Cleopatra—which can be considered a compliment to Mrs. Story or to Cleopatra. I have my own idea. There is a third figure in this striking painting—an Ethiopian slave lying at Cleopatra's feet and I might as well tell you about him as I'm at it. You all know him by name—on anyway, although it's a West Indian hurricane to a summer breeze that you never thought of him in the high art line. It's Billy King as clever a boxer as ever of his feet over the ropes of the squared circle. This time he's there they will be no boxing nor even a little sparring. I have Mr. Story's word for this. But being a us and Land knows it's an awful effort that little touch is characteristic of the way Mr. Story is putting the finish or genius on all the pictures he produced.

Next Wednesday, in every artistic detail they will be perfect. Especially beautiful is the portrait after the style of Lancret, which he has designed for Mrs. Spencer Penrose. He will pose Mrs. Camilla Hare Lippincott. Nor will Mr. Story confine his attention solely to those pictures which he himself has designed. Every picture on the program will pass under his critical review. The great majority of these have already been brought to a high degree of perfection by Henry T. Nicolson—as a matter of fact the ordinary eye sees nothing to be improved—but with the genius of a great painter touching here and there, what at first seemed like an attempt to gild gold produces amazing results.

This was strikingly exemplified yesterday when several of these taking part in the production gathered at the Opera house to test out the lighting effects. The big frames in which the pictures will be shown were in place and the velvet curtains which had the effect of the pictures were being and even without special costume. The results were magnificent. Under the united efforts of Mr. Story and Mr. Nicolson combinations of color were used in the big spotlight from the balcony and in the lights that surround the frame, by which the beauty of the pictures was remarkably enhanced. One would be just about to give the picture ultra-shade when the wizards would evolve another subtle shading and for the moment was up 10 points.

Tableaux vivants—being a reasonable thing to give the faintest impression of their beauty in any written words. Disregard your mind of the thought that they are merely a lot of people posing in a big frame against a canvas background. They are infinitely more than that—exact reproductions of the great art of the masters—exquisite in color, superb in pose, imbued with all the life of the poet and glowing with life. I am sure that they differ from the painting itself. If you could like a psychological analysis of the way in which old friend P. Nicolson felt those good old Galat days—well, get it at the living pictures—admission is free to yourself, at discretion of the artist, because it will be realized and select all in one.

And just one little word to the seats are on sale at the Opera house box office. The seats have been reserved for the living pictures. It is not at all unlikely that the S. H. O. will be out by Tuesday. Very sorry as the Opera house to remark to Catiline.

AMY AHRENS WILL MAKE SPECIAL TRIP FROM EAST TO PLAY IN THE SPRINGS

Orchestra Concert at Burns Today Offers Unusually Attractive Program



MISS AMY AHRENS
Colorado Springs violinist, who will make a special trip from New York to appear as soloist with the Musical club orchestra at its benefit concert January 13. Miss Ahrens has only recently returned from Berlin, where she has been studying for several years and where the critics gave her glowing notices.

The popular Sunday afternoon concert at the Burns this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The orchestra part is made up of numbers that have proved most popular in this city, all of them having been played at one time or another by the Musical club orchestra. The opening march "First of the Knights" from Wagner's "Parsifal" added interest in the program for concert orchestra. D. E. Rawley, a cornetist in the Musical club organization. The Nevin suite is an old favorite and the overture unusual.

Instead of a soloist the combined boys' choirs of the Grace and St. Stephens Episcopal churches will appear with the orchestra, singing the "Hallelujah Chorus" from Handel's "The Messiah." The choirs will be under the direction of Nelson Brett and Alexander Pirie. For those who have never heard a boys' choir, especially the number will be intensely interesting. Others know the beauty of the high, clear voice of a child. The complete program:

March—"Procession of the Knights" from "Parsifal".....Wagner
Arranged for concert orchestra by D. E. Rawley, cornetist in Musical club orchestra.
"Hallelujah Chorus" from "The Messiah".....Handel
The combined boys' choirs of Grace and St. Stephens Episcopal churches. Directors: Mr. Brett and Mr. Alexander Pirie.
Overture "La Dame Blanche".....Boieldieu
Springs alone—
"Folk Song".....Komzak
"Fairy Tale".....Komzak
"Monastery Bell".....Lefebure-Wely
Russian peasant dance.....Kukuska
.....Lefebure-Wely
"Suite Romantic".....Nevin
"A Day in Venice".....Nevin
"Gondoliers".....Nevin
"Venetian Love Song".....Nevin
"Good Night".....Nevin
Selection—"Luna di Lammarmoor".....Drescher

ADDITIONAL SOCIETY

Six o'Clock Dinner.
Mr. and Mrs. Norman E. Anderson entertained at dinner Friday evening their home, 1340 North Wahatch. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Alexander West, Misses Haffelback, Mary Haffelback, Jessie West, Frances West and Master Anderson.

Party at the Canon.
Miss Jessie Mills entertained at acheon Friday at her cabin, "Willie" in the canon.

New Years Dinner.
Mrs. W. T. Ewing, of 1625 North Street entertained a few friends dinner New Years day. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Stewart and Mrs. R. M. Dennis.

Nelson-Munkre Wedding.
The marriage of Orlin Nelson of California and Miss Vera Munkre of Pennsylvania was solemnized Christmas evening at the home of the Rev. J. D. Currie of Canon, who officiated at the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson will make their home on a ranch near Calhan.

Mrs. Celia Keaton Entertains.
Mrs. Celia Keaton of Manitou entertained last Sunday at dinner. Covers were laid for Mr. and Mrs. Varn and Miss Laura Coleman and the guests.

Science Club Tea Party.
Members of the Science club of the high school and their friends held a enjoyable skating party Tuesday evening on Lake No. 1, in Monument. Later in the evening the skaters turned to the home of Mr. Aylard, where refreshments were served. The party was chaperoned by Miss Mabel Chapman.

Men present were the Misses Glen, Silbert, Mildred Field, Louise Field, a Bourquin, Virginia Taylor, Grace is Lodice Everett, Freda Schmitt, Luche Brown, Leah Brinkworth, Reed, Miss Gregg, Miss Hall, the Meares Almon Heath, Duncan, Derington, Frank Buffington, Ed Thorpe, Lena Norka; guard, Ruth Mayhew.

Raymond Russell, Peter Weisant, E. J. Duval, Landell Bartlett, William Honeymann, Raymond Disney and Cannon.

Holiday Party.
Miss Frances Peeth charmingly entertained a few of her college friends Tuesday evening. Miss Edith Mason proved the most successful at the evening game, which was a feature of the entertainment while Miss Ruby Lisenb, received the booby prize. At 10:30 o'clock a chaffing dish supper was served. Among those present were Mrs. F. M. Keith and the Misses Florence Mullen, Edith Mason, Ruby Lisenb, Lora Perryman and Gladys Martin.

Party for Miss McDaniel.
Miss Evelyn Thrall entertained Wednesday afternoon for her guest, Miss Emabel McDaniel of Lovington. Those present were the Misses Mildred Finch, Frances Ware, Mary Titworth, Agnes Dunham, Frances Flora, Hortense Scott, Josephine Erps, Mary Stewart, Willa Stewart, Josephine Hamilton and Frances Spencer.

Week-End Party.
Miss Gladys Henderson gave a party at the Alamo hotel over the week-end. Her guests were Mrs. Rudolph Martling, Mrs. Frank Frye, Mrs. Elmer Thornton, Miss Marian Sicana and Mr. William Winn.

Woman's Relief Corps.
Colorado Springs Relief corps No. 4 will meet in G. A. R. hall Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. A good attendance is desired, as this will be the last meeting under the present administration. All officers must have their yearly reports ready. In the evening there will be a joint installation of Post No. 22 and the W. R. C. No. 4, at which time the following officers will be installed: Senior vice president, Lydia Knox; Junior vice president, Emma Collins; chaplain, Jane Bickler; treasurer, Estella Edgcomb; conductor, Lena Norka; guard, Ruth Mayhew.

Police Detain Girl Who Sought Romance Denver Trip Ends When Authorities Act

Helen had been leading a more or less matter-of-fact life in the mining camp of Victor. Had destiny (or whatever it is that does such things) given her a voice in the matter she would gladly have forsaken the modern convenience of this modern day for the romance of the days of the Knights who rode forth on stamping white chargers to do the slightest bidding of their Ladies Fair. But she hadn't been given a voice, and she was living in the year A. D. 1915 in a bustling mining camp. Nevertheless, she was determined to have romance. So she eloped. She eloped to Denver—that is she started to Denver. She met a policeman in Colorado Springs, unfortunately, and that shattered the romantic part of it—and the elopement, too.

"Here I was dreaming the most wonderful dreams, and having the most delicious little thrills at the thought of the romance of it all—and up walked a blue-coated policeman, the most modern of modernities. So said Helen—or, to be more proper, Miss Helen Crane Burritt of Victor, Colorado. She was talking to a most attentive little crowd in the office of Chief of Police Howard Stark. And the most of the crowd—yes, even the coppers—were sincerely sorry that her romance had been so rudely upset.

Says She is 18.
Miss Burritt-Helen suits her far better—soon had made a friend of everyone at police headquarters. After about five minutes she knew them all by name and called them so whenever she spoke, which might have accounted for it for man is vain and his vanity is touched the moment a comparative stranger calls him by name—he thinks he is of a lot of importance. After all, Helen had been younger—that was the big point, she said she was 18, the Teller county sheriff said she wasn't. Had she been younger, one might have called her a chatterbox. As it was, she was merely a very talkative little girl who said clever things.

Perhaps her clever had something to do with her talkativeness anyway, it was red "Auburn, HE calls it," she said, half jokingly. HE is J. G. Wrigley of Denver, to whom she was fleeing. By the way, HE spent the greater part of last night waiting in Denver. She called him by telephone and told him to wait of course he did. Then in addition to the Auburn hair Helen has a little shifty-stained up nose and eyes full of mischief. She was dressed stylishly and attractively. Altogether, she was a cut out of place in a police station and everybody there knew it didn't want it to be so but couldn't see how he could change it. More than one tried to solve the problem.

But to get back to the romance Helen wanted it. So she planned an elopement. For some reason or other her plans were delayed and she got away three days later than she had expected. That was the fatal error. Had she left Wednesday all would have been well. But she left Saturday. An hour later her parents had learned of the plans and sworn out a warrant for her arrest on a charge of juvenile delinquency. The Colorado Springs police were at the station when the Cripple Creek train pulled in early last evening and a few moments later Helen was in a big automobile beginning to be taken out riding instead of to headquarters. The police didn't know exactly what to think of her asking to be taken riding as she did but they soon learned when she was taken into a well lighted room. Her eyes and nose told.

"Well, won't someone take me out to dinner?" I haven't had a bite since luncheon," she said, half before she was seated. That started the Jolly hour, during which time Colorado Springs was trying to find out from Cripple Creek just what had happened. "Colorado Springs" sympathies lay in only one place—that could easily be seen—and it is suspected that several hoped that the warrant had not actually been sworn out. That the arrest was merely to frighten the girl into returning home.

Didn't Expect Interference.
"I was after romance," Helen said. "And I suppose romance got it. I never dreamed of having all this excitement."

"You'll have excitement all right, when you hit the jug," the chief commented.

Then came the Cripple Creek call saying the stopfather L. G. Burritt, an electrical engineer was in earnest. "Come on, let's go to the jug," the girl cried enthusiastically, and started

GREAT ELEPHANT BUTTE DAM APPROACHING COMPLETION

From Popular Mechanics Magazine

Next May the formal opening of the Elephant Butte dam, the biggest irrigation project ever undertaken by the reclamation service of the United States, will be celebrated by all New Mexico and Texas. President Wilson has signified his intention of attending the ceremonies if possible.

With the exception of the Nile dam at Assuan, Egypt, it is the largest irrigation dam ever built. It will contain when finished 350,000 cubic yards of solid masonry. This is mainly concrete, with up and downstream faces cast against forms.

When completed the big dam will be 1,200 feet long on top, at an elevation of 4,414 feet which is 200 feet above the elevation of the original river surface. The maximum height from the deepest excavation to the top of the parapet wall will be 205 feet. The maximum base width is 215 feet. It will form a lake in the Rio Grande valley averaging 14 miles wide, 65 feet deep and with a shore line of 261 miles. The lake will cover 4,600 acres and contain 852,000,000 gallons of water.

HOW TO KILL WEEDS
From Farm and Fireside.

There is no need of weeds in walks or paths. Either salt or blue vitriol, boiled in water a pound to the gallon and sprayed on boiling hot with a watering pot, will kill them. About a gallon to the square yard will cure the most stubborn case and the cure lasts for years.

JANUARY WHITE SALE

COMMENCING MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY
FOURTH, AT 8:30 A. M.

A GREATER and "New" White Sale that will throw into the shadow of commonplaceness all of our previous efforts. This great new store of ours with its beautiful, light, broad aisles and almost unlimited display space affords us the opportunity of making this Sale our greatest. The lines of merchandise offered, of course, are important to its success. We leave it to you to judge. The prices will be, you will find, surprisingly low, and the beauty, freshness and the newness of the merchandise will convince you of the advantages of "This White Sale." Read this page—then come and see for yourself the many beautiful things.

A STORE OF SERVICE

This store has higher ideals than to be just a place for the buying and selling of the world's products. We feel that we have an opportunity to render a great service to the people of this region particularly, and will strive to do it well.

"GREATER HIBBARD'S."

Hibbard & Company

VISIT OUR NEW PARLORS

FOR WOMEN, on the second floor, where you may secure the highest grade of manicure, hair dress, facial and scalp massage and shampoo work at eastern prices. The very latest equipment with competent attendants in charge of Mrs. Greenlee.

"GREATER HIBBARD'S."

Great New Showings of Dainty White Undermuslins

If every woman admires and wants pretty, dainty Undermuslins, then every woman will fall in love with this new showing. We have assembled great new lines of the wanted things and the prices are genuine reductions on genuine regular values. We were able to secure them at generous savings and want you to share in them. They are all made of the best materials, daintily trimmed with laces, embroideries and ribbons absolutely fresh and sanitary. Visit this section early Third Floor.

CORSET COVERS

35c Corset Covers, sale price	22c
50c Corset Covers, sale price	29c
60c Corset Covers, sale price	44c
85c Corset Covers, sale price	67c
\$1.00 Corset Covers, sale price	89c
\$1.25 Corset Covers, sale price	97c
\$1.50 Corset Covers, sale price	\$1.39

PETTICOATS

\$1.00 White Petticoats, sale price	89c
\$1.25 White Petticoats, sale price	97c
\$2.25 White Petticoats, sale price	\$1.89
\$3.95 White Petticoats, sale price	\$3.25

DRAWERS

45c Drawers, sale price	34c
50c Drawers, sale price	39c
60c Drawers, sale price	47c
85c Drawers, sale price	67c
\$1.00 Drawers, sale price	89c
\$1.25 Drawers, sale price	97c

NIGHT GOWNS

85c Night Gowns, sale price	67c
\$1.00 Night Gowns, sale price	89c
\$1.25 Night Gowns, sale price	97c
\$1.50 and \$1.75 Gowns, sale price	\$1.39
\$2.50 Night Gowns, sale price	\$1.95
\$2.75 Night Gowns, sale price	\$2.39

Embroideries Plan Your White Clothes and Buy Now

The big assortments that we are showing out on our counters and tables are all brand new just opened up in time for this great White Sale. Our purchases were made very fortunately, and such values are seldom seen. You will be using many embroideries this season the new ones like these so it will pay you well to plan and buy now for further use—Easter, Graduation or Weddings. (First Floor, North Aisle.)

A GREAT ASSORTMENT OF DAINTY EMBROIDERIES FOR EVERY PURPOSE made on fine quality materials in the newest patterns. Edges from one to ten inches wide; Insertions from one-half to two and one-half inches wide; divided into specially priced lots at

8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 2½, 35c

FLOUNCINGS

Two extraordinarily beautiful lots at saving prices.

75c a yard for Flouncing from 24 to 27 inches wide, made of finest organdies, crepes and voiles, embroidered in rich and dainty designs.

60c a yard for Flouncings of the same materials, in the 18-inch width. Many of the patterns are matched with the wider ones.

NECKWEAR EMBROIDERY

So-called because so much used for that purpose; plain white or with a touch of color in the embroidered designs; widths range from 2 to 8 inches; specially priced at 25c to 65c a yard.

PETTICOAT FLOUNCINGS

Plain Muslin Petticoat Flouncings, 12 inches wide, with fancy embroidered scalloped edges; special at 29c a yard.

Extra Special Corset Prices

We had a fine lot of Corsets bought especially for this sale, but they failed to arrive. Instead, we have taken these numbers from our regular stock and priced them even lower than the others would have been. Here are the prices:

Two models of Franco Corsets, \$5 and \$6 regularly; sale price	\$3.45
Two models of Franco Corsets, \$3 and \$4 regularly; all sizes in both of these lots; sale	\$2.39
A lot of \$2.50 and \$3 Thomson and American Lady Corsets, all sizes; sale price	\$1.98
\$1.25 Corsets, G. B. American Lady and Thomson models, in all sizes; sale price	98c
\$1 Nature's Rival Brassieres; sale price	79c
50c H. & W. Brassieres; sale price	38c
Special lot of H. & W. Brassieres; sale	21c

White Cotton Wash Fabrics

Here are things that every woman must need for making Spring and Summer Dresses, Waists, Underwear, in fact, for every purpose. There's a splendid saving for you, if you buy now. Here are the prices:

"SHERETTE" an excellent material for women's and children's dresses, waists, etc.; a fine, lustrous linen-like finish, priced:	
50c Sherettes, 44 inches wide; sale price	38c
35c Sherettes, 44 inches wide; sale price	27c
30c Sherettes, 44 inches wide; sale price	23c
25c Sherettes, 39 inches wide; sale price	20c
20c Sherettes, 39 inches wide; sale price	16c
15c Sherettes, 29 inches wide; sale price	12½c
12½c Sherettes, 29 inches wide; sale price	10c
SUITINGS These have a fine linen finish; used for dresses, skirts, suits, etc., and nurses' uniforms.	
20c Suitings, sale price, per yard	16c
18c Suitings, sale price, per yard	14c
CREPES Fine soft Crepes and Plisses for dainty underwear, night gowns, etc. No ironing is required; 15c quality; per yard	12½c
"LONG CLOTH" Fine soft finished quality, specially priced by the bolt:	
20c Long Cloth, 12-yard bolts; sale price	\$1.90
15c Long Cloth, 12-yard bolts; sale price	\$1.50
12½c Long Cloth, 12-yard bolts; sale	\$1.20
"NAINSOOK" Our fine English Nainsooks, priced as follows:	
20c Nainsook, 10-yd. pieces, in a box, for	\$1.50
25c Nainsook, 10-yd. pieces, in a box, for	\$1.85
30c Nainsook, 10-yd. pieces, in a box, for	\$2.35
15c Nainsook, 12½c yard; 10 yards for	\$1.15
"INDIA LINONS" These are our regular good kinds always useful for many purposes:	
25c India Linon, 2½c a yard; 10 yards for	\$2.00
20c India Linon, 16c a yard; 10 yards for	\$1.50
15c India Linon, 12½c a yard; 10 yards	\$1.20
12½c India Linon, 11c a yard; 10 yards	\$1.00

Wonderful Opportunities in Linens

Every thoughtful person should look well into these offerings. Linens have greatly advanced and will continue to do so, on account of the greatly curtailed production in Europe. Our stock was bought in time to avoid the advances and we are saving you just that much in addition to our own reductions. To duplicate our stock in today's market would mean greatly increased prices. The qualities are right up to the Hibbard Standard. You will find the maximum of satisfaction in these things. The prices:

TABLE DAMASKS AND NAPKINS

"Table Damasks" Our line comprises many beautiful patterns in all the wanted designs in both the bleached and silver bleached qualities; also plain satin and satin stripe border. The prices:

\$2.00 Bleached Satin Damask, 72-inch; per yard	\$1.70
\$1.50 Bleached or Silver Bleached, 72-inch; yard	\$1.30
\$1.25 Bleached or Silver Bleached, 70-inch; yard	\$1.00
\$1.00 Bleached or Silver Bleached, 70-inch; yard	85c
95c Bleached or Silver Bleached, 70-inch; per yard	79c
90c Bleached Mercerized, 72-inch; per yard	50c
40c Bleached Mercerized, 58-inch; per yard	32c
\$5.50 Napkins, 26½ x 26½ inches; per dozen	\$4.50
\$4.00 Napkins, 23½ x 23½ inches; per dozen	\$3.60
\$3.50 Napkins, 21 x 21 inches; per dozen	\$2.95
\$3.00 Napkins, 21 x 21 inches; per dozen	\$2.50
\$2.25 Napkins, 21 x 21 inches; per dozen	\$1.90
\$4.25 Mercerized Hemmed Napkins; per dozen	\$1.00
\$1.00 Mercerized Hemmed Napkins; per dozen	85c

All Napkins will be sold in either half dozen or dozen lots at the same price per dozen.

All Napkins that are not further reduced will be sold at ten per cent off regular prices during this sale. Many patterns to match the Table Damasks.

PATTERN TABLE CLOTHS

10 PER CENT OFF The Regular Prices on our Entire Line of Fine PATTERN TABLE CLOTHS and the Napkins to match. Many beautiful designs in either the round or square styles are included. These cloths, having the pattern woven the same on all sides, cost no more than damask by the yard for equal qualities.

These include the Key Aine Flemish Linen, Humidor Linen and Shamrock Linen brands. The finest pure linens that are woven. Cloths come 18x24, 24x36, 24x30, 24x24, and 24x18 yards in size, priced from \$2.50 to \$10.50. Napkins to match in sizes from 22 to 27 inches at \$3 to \$10 a dozen. Either cloths or napkins will be sold without the other. Discount these prices Ten Per Cent.

ALL KINDS OF TOWELS

"Turkish Towels"—Many fine values in these lots. All of our Turkish Towels are made of the best cottons, full bleached.

20c Turkish Towels, 18x36 in.	15c each; \$1.70 dozen
25c Turkish Towels, 24x45 in.	21c each; \$2.40 dozen
30c Turkish Towels, 24x45 in.	25c each; \$2.90 dozen
35c Turkish Towels, 22x44 in.	30c each; \$3.40 dozen
50c Turkish Towels, 22x48 in.	42c each; \$4.75 dozen
60c Turkish Towels, 22x45 in.	50c each; \$5.85 dozen
"Huck Towels"—Unusually low prices for our superior quality Towels. All well made and finished.	
18x35-inch Cotton Huck Towels	9c each; 90c dozen
18x34-inch Union Huck Towels	11c each; \$1.30 dozen
18x36-inch Union Huck Towels	14c each; \$1.55 dozen
18x36-inch Union Huck Towels	16c each; \$1.85 dozen
18x36-inch Union Huck Towels	19c each; \$2.15 dozen
18x36-inch Union Glass Towels	12½c each; \$1.45 dozen
14x19-inch Individual Towels	9c each; 90c dozen
18x35 Pure Linen Huck Towels	22½c each; \$2.60 dozen

All of our fine Huck and Damask Towels, selling regularly from 35c to \$1 each; at Ten Per Cent Off during this sale.

CRASH TOWELINGS SPECIALLY PRICED

Crash Towelings—Not often do you have the opportunity of choosing such good Crash Towelings at these low prices.

18-inch Bleached or Brown Crash, sale price 9c a yard	
12 yards for	\$1.00
12½c Imported Pure Linen Bleached Crash	10c
15c Imported Pure Linen Bleached Crash	12½c
18c Imported Pure Linen Bleached Crash	15c

INEXPENSIVE FANCY LINENS

20c Mercerized Dresser Scarfs, 18x50 inches; special	21c
50c Center Pieces, edged with Cluny lace; 24-inch size; special	42c
\$1 Center Pieces, with Cluny lace insertion and edge; special	75c

Bed Spreads, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Sheetings and Casings Many Exceptional Values Here

These items particularly should be of great interest to all Rooming Houses, Hotels, Clubs, etc., just now, as it is but a very short time till Summer supplies must be laid in. Prepare for the greatest season we have ever had! It's coming!

BED SPREADS GREATLY REDUCED

Many beautiful Spreads in these special lots—in all the popular styles; satin, crochet or Marseilles weaves, hemmed, fringed or scalloped.

\$1.50 Hemmed Spreads, 78x90 inches; sale price	\$1.10
\$2.00 Hemmed Spreads, 70x88 inches; sale price	\$1.65
\$2.50 Hemmed Spreads, 84x90 inches; sale price	\$2.00
\$2.75 Hemmed Spreads, 84x90 inches; sale price	\$2.15
\$3.00 Spreads, hemmed, fringed or scalloped style, 84x90 inches; sale price	\$2.40
\$2.50 Scalloped Spreads, 88x98 inches; sale price	\$3.00
\$2.50 Babies' Crib Spreads, scalloped edges; size 45x54 inches; sale price	\$1.95
\$1.75 Babies' Crib Spreads, 45x54 inches, in white, pink or blue; sale price	\$1.25

ALL OTHER SPREADS in our entire stock, priced from \$1 to \$6 at ten per cent discount during this sale.

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES

These reduced prices on our standard lines should prove very interesting:

98c Pequot Sheets, size 84x90 inches; each	80c
\$1.15 Pequot Sheets, size 84x108 inches; each	93c
90c Calderwood Sheets, size 84x90 inches; each	72c

95c Calderwood Sheets, 84x90 inches; each	77c
81 Calderwood Sheets, size 84x108 inches; each	82c
68c Elmdale Sheets, size 84x90 inches; each	59c
79c Elmdale Sheets, size 84x108 inches; each	68c
20c Pequot Cases, size 42x36 inches; each	18c
22c Pequot Cases, size 45x36 inches; each	19c
19c Calderwood Cases, size 42x36 inches; each	17c
20c Calderwood Cases, size 45x36 inches; each	18c
17c Pequot Cases, size 42x36 inches; each	15c
18c Pequot Cases, size 45x36 inches; each	16c
14c Columbine Cases, size 42x36 inches; each	11c

SHEETINGS AND PILLOW CASINGS

90-inch Bleached Sheetting, sale price, per yard	25c
81-inch Bleached Sheetting, sale price, per yard	22c
72-inch Bleached Sheetting, sale price, per yard	20c
45-inch Bleached Casing, sale price, per yard	13c
42-inch Bleached Casing, sale price, per yard	12c
45-inch Bleached Tubing, sale price, per yard	18c

Ten Per Cent Off the regular prices on our entire line of Sheetings, Pillow Casings and Tubings, not priced special. This includes such well known and fine brands as Utica, Pequot, Androscoogin, etc.

"Fruit of the Loom" Bleached Muslin 9c a Yard

We have thirty pieces of this well-known Muslin to sell at this price, and every yard is "Fruit of the Loom!" On sale Monday morning, and as long as the thirty pieces last. NOT MORE THAN 20 YARDS TO ONE CUSTOMER.

White Blankets, Special \$2.95 a Pair

\$3.50 Fine white wool mixed Blankets, full size and extra good weight, with pink or blue borders; a special value at our regular price an unusual value at this White Sale price \$2.95 a pair.

NOW COMES THE FINAL WIND-UP!

The Final Wind Up of Our Great Quitting Business Sale!

The Emporium.

- 25c Gold and white dinner plates, each 14c
- 60c Large platters, plain white. 14c
- 50c Decorated sugar and creamers, per set 28c
- 35c Cups and saucers, decorated, each 14c
- 35c Fancy cake and bread plates, each 14c
- 35c Glass syrup pitchers, plain. 19c
- \$1.25 Hand-painted plates. 69c
- \$1.49 Gold and white covered vegetable dishes, each 58c
- 45c Glass water bottles, plain. 19c
- 15c Electric glass shades, each. 39c
- 65c Sugar and creamers, set. 39c
- \$1.25 Meat platters, large sizes. 45c

"There is satisfaction in Quitting Business after all!" Many people are getting comforts and home necessities that they could not otherwise afford. We are glad that such people are getting them.

- 15c Tally cards, dozen 5c
- 10c Boxes rubber bands 5c
- 10c and 15c Indelible pencils. 5c
- 2 for 3c Lead pencils. 4 for 5c
- 1c Lead pencils. 7 for 5c
- 5c Shelf paper, assorted. 2c
- 10c Coat and hat hooks, dozen. 6c
- 5c Ball white cotton twine. 4c
- 50c Pruning shears. 39c
- \$1.00 Universal food choppers. 74c
- 75c Hunters' axes. 59c
- 25c Grass shears. 14c
- Rope, to close out, pound. 13c
- \$2.50 Aluminum plasterers' hawks for \$1.85
- \$1.00 16-oz. copper nickel plated coffee pots for 60c
- \$1.00 Madam Potts Irons, set. 70c
- All fishing tackle very cheap.
- \$1.85 Meat cleavers 85c
- 10c Cleaning rod for 22 guns. 3c
- 25c Monkey wrenches 18c
- 5c Iron shoe tacks, box. 2c
- 50c Carpet stretchers 25c
- 20c 22 long cartridges, Winchester, for 14c
- 25c 22 long smokeless cartridges, Winchester, for 18c
- 25c 3 1/2 Stanley steel butts. 12c
- 15c 3 1/2 Japanned steel butts. 10c
- 15c O. C. and dull brass hinges. 9c
- 25c Nickel and O. C. cupboard turns for 15c
- 10c Steel hinges and butts. 9c
- 20c Flat and half round files. 14c
- 15c O. C. and brass cupboard catches for 9c

Your Choice at
2c

- 5c Tin water dippers. 2c
- 5c Biscuit cutters. 2c
- 10c Skimmers. 2c
- 5c Pint tin cups. 2c
- 5c Fruit jar funnels. 2c
- 10c Match safes. 2c

A Chance to Save on Paints

A great many prudent people have taken advantage of our exceedingly low prices to purchase their spring Paints at a great saving. Better take some of these savings for yourself! Remember the opportunity to buy strictly high-grade Paints at such prices may never occur again.

- 15c Electric globes, 16-c. power. 9c
- 89c Plain white bowls and pitchers for 59c
- \$1.19 Fancy shape bowls and pitchers for 64c
- 69c Bowls and pitchers, stone ware, for 39c
- 98c Bowls and pitchers, large size, for 60c
- 15c Small white creamers. 3c
- 25c Yellow chambers for. 8c
- 35c 2-quart bean jars. 25c
- 10c White pie plates, Austrian china, for 97c

If you see what you want here, rush right down Monday and get it as many of these are but small lots and will be sold out quickly.

- 15c Casement window adjusters for 28c
- 50c Foot and chain folding door bolts for 30c
- 15c Gate latches, 3 kinds. 9c
- 10c Brass and iron chain, yard. 5c
- \$1.25 Double acting floor hinges for 60c
- 2 for 5c White porcelain knobs. 1c
- 5c Boxes brass head tacks. 2c
- 15c Curling iron heaters. 5c
- 10c Curtain-pole brackets, pair. 3c
- 5c Wrought hooks and staples. 3c
- 10c and 15c Ice picks and chisels. 5c
- 10c Corkscrews, good sizes. 4c
- 15c Brass wire hose bands, doz. 5c
- 5c Harness snaps, assorted sizes, at 2 for 5c
- Nails, to close them out, lb. 3c
- 50c Steel claw hammers. 30c
- 45c Disston meat saws. 34c
- 85c Good steel hand saws. 49c
- 65c Lanterns. 30c
- 90c Hand axes. 60c
- \$1.15 Steel axes, with hickory handles, for 80c
- 45c Razor strops. 73c
- 15c Iron handles. 8c
- 25c Ax handles. 17c
- 35c Ax handles. 21c
- 39c Granite water pails. 25c
- 15c Granite wash basins. 11c
- 40c Granite dishpans. 27c
- 25c Tin Gallon measures. 17c
- 25c Tin dippers, 2-qt. size. 12c
- 15c Heavy tin dippers, 1-qt. size. 6c
- 25c Heavy tin saucepans, 8-quart size, for 14c
- 20c Tin oil cans, 1-gallon size. 8c
- 28c and 33c Steel fry pans. 14c
- 50c and 60c Heavy tin pails. 39c
- \$1.50 Imported almond graters. 97c

Your Choice at
3c

- 5c Fire shovels. 3c
- 5c Potato mashers, wire. 3c
- 5c Lid lifters. 3c
- 10c Granite or tin ladles. 3c
- 5c Wire soap holders. 3c
- 5c Stovepipe collars. 3c
- 10c Scalloped pie pans. 3c
- 10c 10-inch tin cake pans. 3c
- 10c Granite cups. 3c
- 10c Kettle scrapers. 3c
- 10c Tin tea cans. 3c
- 5c 8-inch pie pans. 3c
- 5c Tin kettle covers. 3c
- 10c Cooking forks. 3c

Real Bargains in Used Stoves

We have a number of Ranges, Cook Stoves and Heaters, taken in exchange, which must be sold quickly. If you need a stove and want one at a small price at a great bargain! be sure to come in at once and get your choice of these stoves. Prices from \$1.85 upward.

JUST A FEW MORE DAYS AND THIS SALE WITH THE EMPORIUM WILL BE HISTORY.

These last days are the greatest of all, too, for real bargains! The selections may not be so large as earlier, but this is more than made up by the greater reductions in prices. Hundreds and hundreds of useful articles going these last days at only a fraction of their real worth.

COME NOW! FOR THESE SAVERS! READ THIS PAGE CAREFULLY!

Anyone knowing themselves to be indebted to us will please call and make a settlement, as we are quitting business.

- 15c Large size bread plates. 8c
- 25c Decorated Ramekin dishes. 8c
- 10c Lamp burners, Queen Anne. 8c
- 45c No. 2 bracket lamps. 37c
- 25c No. 1 lamps, tall and low shapes, for 15c
- 10c No. 2 chimneys, crimped top. 5c
- 5c No. 1 chimneys, crimped top. 3c
- 10c No. 2 Rochester chimneys. 7c
- 5c Odd saucers, plain and decorated, each 2c
- 10c Blown souvenir glasses, 2 for 5c
- 5c Soap slabs, plain white, each. 3c
- 10c Glass spoon holders, each. 4c

You will know we are Quitting Business if you see our store now. Fixtures nearly all gone. Lines all broken up. Only a few days more now to get the bargains.

- 95c White enamel water pitchers for 87c
- \$1.25 White enamel water pitchers for 98c
- \$1.35 Block tin dinner pails. 90c
- \$1.00 Cowboy dinner pails. 79c
- 89c Willow clothes baskets. 79c
- 98c Willow clothes baskets. 89c
- 45c Sleeve boards, with clamp. 28c
- 35c Granite preserve kettles. 25c
- 50c Block tin pails, 3 qt. 39c
- Steel hair crimpers, saves time and trouble; regular 25c values for. 15c

It will pay you well to look this over carefully and check the items in which you are interested.

Your Choice at
17c

- 30c Granite preserve kettles, 6 qts., for 17c
- 30c Granite saucepans, 6 qts. 17c
- 27c Granite muffin pans, 8 cups. 17c
- 25c Collapsible lunch boxes. 17c
- 35c Granite milk cans. 17c
- 35c Ivory finish soap holders. 17c
- 80c Block tin pudding pans. 17c
- 35c Hotel size Potato mashers. 17c

Fine Ink Tablets at Greater Reductions Than Ever

Our Chestnut Burr fine 10c Tablets, while they last, each 5c
Colorado Springs date line Tablets, 15c values for 7c
Fine Linen Tablets in letter size, good 25c values, reduced now to 9c
Correct Tablets in letter size, our big 5c values, reduced now to 3c
Envelopes to match the above: 5c package, white wove, 3c; 10c package, linen finish 5c

- 20c Oil bottles, without stoppers. 4c
- 10c Glass creamers, near cut. 4c
- 10c Odd cups, A. D. sizes. 3c
- 15c Hotel veg. dishes, 5-inch. 3c
- 10c Salt and pepper shakers at 2 for 5c
- 10c Odd Haviland saucers, each. 4c
- 10c Guernsey fireproof jugs. 4c
- 10c Decorated creamers, low shapes, for 4c
- 15c Blown glass sherberts, each. 8c
- 15c Covered glass butter dishes. 8c
- 15c Children's cup and saucers. 8c
- 10c Glass vases, tall shapes. 8c

It's just like looking down our counters to look over this ad. Yet only a few of the things can be given here.

- "Sanitary" hair nets, with elastic, in a fine mesh and extra large size; regular 10c values for 4c
- White elastic, 3 1/2 inch wide; regular 12c value, special, yard. 5c
- White and black celluloid combs, with fine and coarse teeth; regular 10c values for 4c
- White and black "Hump" hooks and eyes, in sizes 0, 1, 2, 3; special, per card, at 1c
- White pearl buttons, one dozen on card; regular 5c value. 2 cards for 1c
- Shelf paper, with scalloped edge, in pink, blue, white and yellow in 10-foot lengths; regular 5c value; special at 2 for 3c
- Children's school slates: Size 11x8, regular price 15c single, special, 7c single, 14c double; size 13x9, regular price 25c single, special, 12c single, double 24c
- "Rainbow" crepe paper, in white only, 10 feet in each roll; special. 3c

Your Choice at
5c

- 12, 13, 13 1/2-inch tin covers. 5c
- 10c Granite pie pans. 5c
- 10c Cookie cutters. 5c
- 10c Doughnut cutters. 5c
- 10c Collapsible drinking cups. 5c
- 10c Sink shovels. 5c
- 10c Tin wash basins. 5c
- 10c 2-qt. Covered tin pails. 5c
- 15c Metal potato mashers. 5c
- 10c Tin or granite dippers. 5c
- 10c Quart tin coffee pots. 5c
- 15c 2-quart oil cans. 5c
- 15c 3-qt. tin milk pans. 5c
- 15c Milk bottle holders. 5c
- 15c 1-qt. granite covered pails. 5c
- 10c Toilet paper holders. 5c
- 15c Trouser hangers. 5c
- 15c Tin cuspidors. 5c
- 10c Granite mixing spoons. 5c
- 20c 8x12 Developing trays. 5c
- 10c Stove poker. 5c
- 10c Washing sticks. 5c

Galvanized Pails and Tubs



Selling Very Cheap

These are standard grade and weight. Prices:

- PAITS
- 8-quart size 9c
- 10-quart size 14c
- 12-quart size 17c
- TUBS
- No. 1, 19 1/2 inches 44c
- No. 2, 21 1/2 inches 57c
- No. 3, 23 1/2 inches 68c

The Emporium.

- 15c Soap dishes, without covers. 3c
- 10c Tubular lantern globes. 6c
- 10c Cold blast lantern globes. 8c
- 15c Platters, plain white, 10 in. 7c
- 20c Platters, plain white, 12 in. 7c
- 10c 7-in. plates, English ware. 7c
- 25c Box of 3 large bars toilet soap for 15c
- 5c Bars fine quality toilet soap at 3 for 10c
- Best double tip matches, 2 boxes. 5c
- Lenox laundry soap. 3 bars, 10c
- 10c Sponges, choice of large lot. 3c
- 25c Shinola brush sets. 19c
- 10c Box Shinola shoe polish. 7c
- 5c Ivory soap, bar 4c
- 10c Ivory soap, bar 7c

Just remember that in all probability such bargains as these will never again be duplicated!

- Excellent "Flashlight" pencils, with soft lead, special. 3 for 5c
- Canvas gloves in men's and women's sizes, special values at 5c
- Canvas gloves with or without leather fingers, regular 10c; pair. 7c
- Canvas gloves with leather palms, regular 25c value, special. 19c
- Children's brown jersey gloves, with gauntlets, regular price 15c; special 8c
- Women's hemstitched handkerchiefs, with neat embroidered corner designs; regular 10c; special. 6c
- Women's lawn and some pure linen handkerchiefs, with embroidered designs; regular 15c; special 9c
- A special lot of women's handkerchiefs with neat designs, each. 3c

Your Choice at
9c

- 15c Gold enamel paint. 9c
- 25c Hodges' wire fly traps. 9c
- 15c 4-qt. pans, with handles. 9c
- 15c Aluminum soap dishes. 9c
- 15c Tin milk strainers. 9c
- 15c Japanned fire shovels. 9c
- 25c Tin milk pans. 9c
- 15c Wood salt boxes. 9c
- 15c Wire soap holders. 9c
- 25c Tin stew pans. 9c
- 25c Granite milk pans. 9c
- 20c Tin preserve kettles. 9c
- 8-qt. Galvanized water pails. 9c
- 20c Van Dusen cake pans. 9c
- 25c 8x17 Bake pans. 9c
- 25c Loose bottom cake pans. 9c
- 25c Wire sponge holders. 9c
- 15c Granite water dippers. 9c

Dustless Floor Mop and a Quart of Polish for



These Mops are really extra good quality. Their equal never sold in the city for less than \$1.50, except by us. At this price they are the best value we ever heard of. Then, too, when you get one of these you are getting something which will save you many times its cost in labor and satisfaction. Buy while they last at 87c for the Mop and Polish.

FOREST NOTES

Only one modern sawmill is operated in the territory of Hawaii.

In district four of the forest with headquarters at Ouden, lightning caused a fire on the year's fire and caused 12 per cent.

WORK'S WORK FOR JANUARY

Leading feature of the January Work is a discussion on "How the United States Best Sees Civilization" by Sir Edward Grey, secretary of state for Great Britain, in Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German Chancellor, Count Okuma, president of Japan, and what the Austrian Emperor, Constantin Theodor Dumays in "Austria's Official View," is subject of an article by Professor

Roland G. Usher of Washington University, St. Louis, and immediately preceding it is an article on "Germany and Islam," by Ameen Rihani. The wonderful Cape-to-Cairo railway, the dream of Cecil Rhodes that is now nearing completion, is described and profusely illustrated in an article entitled "Rhodes' 'All Red' Route," by Lewis R. Freeman. George Marvin describes his "First-hand Impressions of the Turkish Army," illustrated with snapshot pictures.

The strategy of the campaigns in France and Belgium and in Poland is explained in articles entitled, respec-

tively, "The War of the Trenches" and "The War of the Marshes." W. Moreton Fullerton writes on M. Theophile Delcasse, "the man who undid the work of Bismarck," and the extremely important effect of his policy as French minister of foreign affairs upon European history. "The March of Events" is a thoughtful editorial and economic problem. Arno Doeh, the war correspondent of "The World's Work," describes his experiences with the Belgians. Other articles in this issue are "How You Can Help Feed and

Clothe the Belgians," by John M. Oskison; "What I Saw in Belgium," by Nevil Monroe Hopkins; "Enver Pasha, the Strong Man of Turkey," by A. R. N. Stearn; "The Menace of a Holy War," "Grand Duke Nicholas," by Basil Miles; "The Record of the Naval Conflicts," by John M. Oskison; "A Diary from the Front," by Arthur Sweetser, and "Intimate Pictures of the War."

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE
60 CENTS A MONTH

HOW TO FEED 250 BELGIAN BABIES

From the World's Work.

Dr. Wiley has supplied for the guidance of American givers an ideal package of food supplies for infants, and one for convalescents—and no contributor can make a mistake in giving according to his suggestion. So if you want to feed from 200 to 250 infants for one day buy and send:

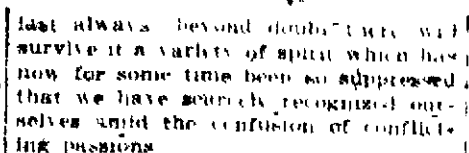
Thirty pounds of evaporated, unsweetened milk; two pounds of milk sugar; five pounds of baby flour; five

pounds of corn meal, five pounds of oatmeal, and two ounces of salt. The nourishment of from 100 to 150 convalescents a day send:

Fifteen pounds of evaporated milk, 15 pounds of malted milk, one 1-pound can of olive or cottonseed oil, two pounds of canned chicken, five pounds of brown rice, seven pounds of whole wheat or white flour, three pounds of sugar, two pounds of tea, and six ounces of salt.

To any general purchase of food supplies by the way, it is well to add a box of salt. It is pretty certain that by the time you read this page of the

year's fire and caused 12 per cent.



In this sense it is not possible to become
nondiscriminatory and the same
clearly defined areas of thought
simply for the reason that the so-
cial system will not allow it to
adapt to a large of the world's mar-
keting that belonging as it does to
the most diverse nations and races
hereditary opinions. Yet the only
way is able to provide a new method
or system of thought or philosophy
by the application of certain broad-
based general principles, and the present
moment is the most suitable for
this enterprise of reformation. We
must scratch for the story of the
past and the present accident for the
causes of that past and as we have
been led by our intuition to suggest
realization for evidently that is the
better something excellent and cap-
able, evidently it is interwoven with prin-
ciples that are eternally noteworthy and
pernicious.

For example, we must ask ourselves whether the state is better to be served than humanity, or that it is the state. That if most of the reigning family or aristocratic family or any company of holders of many factories or monopolies or does it, perhaps consist of the human beings who dwell in the land. But let us ask whether the public life is good because it favors the development of heroism or of the abandonment of individual responsibility, or whether its presence in a nation nullifies every other thing of the heroes and glorifies the timid and the cowardly. But we need the history of the Roman empire to read much light. In the last part of the movement of society, I have asked it during the last century, it is situated in the middle of a world that could bring to mankind a new era, perhaps a beautiful front of a new era, but it is there. These things are a thousand others, we must not be much to discover by the examination of a cause for our political participation from both.

[illegible]

Then let us not blame for the present
 state of this or that monarch government
 political party regime - and in
 popular error for which we are all
 responsible - but let each individual

contribute for himself his entire responsibility.

[illegible]

NEW SEATING ARRANGEMENT MADE IN 1915 CARS

[illegible]

THE END OF THE YEAR

From the Esperanto of A. E. Waackrell,
in the British Esperantist for Decem-
ber

Solemnly and fatefully time marches on, bringing us nearer to the end of this terribly significant year of 1914. The great family circle of Esperantists

is made up from all the nations of the globe hence as members of the family we belong to warring and neutral nations to those who are antagonistic one with another and to those who are merely looking on, so we sit in different parts of the company with feelings too unlike, too contrary to one another, to permit us to speak of the special aspects of events which like a heavy burden, press down upon the heart of each member of the circle.

Let our circle is not broken, for, by the essential principles of its origin it is not capable of breaking. We are all bound together by one common longing and unextinguishable hope for the

time when we men shall have known sufficiently as to be able to arrange our affairs whether between individual male or females or nations, on the basis of impartial justice for all. We are all united also by the common consternation with which we behold our cherished beliefs seemingly vanish in the black darkness.

We should also be united in the firm decision that after the darkness we will courageously eradicate from our thought every false sentiment in regard to justice in the sphere of human relationships which we may hitherto have allowed to grow up in our spirits. The present darkness cannot

DOTTY DIMPLE'S DOINGS

DOTTY, TAKE YOUR LITTLE
COUSINS AND PLAY WITH
THEM UNTIL DINNER IS
READY.

WE'LL PLAY WE'RE GOING
TO HAVE A THANKSGIVING
DINNER, I'LL BE THE MAID

I'LL BE THE
PAPA.

HURRY UP!
BRING ON
TURKEY.

I HAVE GOT TO GET
SOMETHING FOR A TURKEY
I KNOW JUST THE THING

I'VE GOT TO
SHARPEN THE
KNIFE JUST
LIKE PAPA
USED TO

WHAT ARE YOU
CHILDREN
DOING? W

WE ARE PLAYING
THANKSGIVING
DINNER, I'M
THE MAID.

I WANT
THE
WISH BONE

WILL YOU
HAVE DARK
OR LIGHT
MEAT?

{ MERCY! IT'S MY NEW BIRD }
{ HAT, ALL RUINED }

IT WAS THE ONLY
THING I COULD GET
THAT LOOKED LIKE
A TURKEY, MAMMA.

I LIKE TO
PLAY WITH
DOTTY.

Everything of Interest

Two Pages of Live Wire Sports

FOUR HOME GAMES IN C. C. FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

PLAY IN DENVER THANKSGIVING
AND WILL MEET TWO NEW ELEVENS

Basketball Schedule Includes Locals and Hope Is Held Out for Faculty O. K. to Start Baseball April 10; Collegiate Track Meet Will Be Held in Denver

All talk of war and rumors of war in the Rocky Mountain athletic conference were mere press agents' yarns, according to the news from that august assembly which yesterday finished its labors and promulgated the schedules for the four branches of athletics for 1915. Colorado college fared as well as could be expected according to the plan of alternation of dates, a custom that has been carried out since the conference started.

The Tigers will have four home games, two of which will be championship affairs. They will play the Aggies and Utah here and the other dates will be new ones on the local schedule. Utah Aggies and either Montana university or Wyoming will be seen on Washburn field. For Thanksgiving the Tigers will play the Miners in Denver. Boulder will be played at Boulder and Denver university at Denver.

Although there were long and heated discussions over the schedules, especially football, which is the money game, generally speaking the meeting was a very peaceful one. The Miners apparently have from the six-year agreement which they are said to have entered with Denver and Boulder a year ago. They were awarded the Thanksgiving date, the year of their football dates directly because of their having won the independence of last season.

Of considerable importance to the conference, and suggesting a growth of the conference, was the scheduling of a game by the University of Colorado with the Washington State university team, an eleven that has not been defeated for seven years. However, university also has scheduled a game with South Dakota university at Vermillion.

By Staff Includes C. C.

The basketball schedule, it will be observed, includes the Tigers, although the faculty decision on the question has a "thin" final. The action at least given is the promise of having basketball in the college year. It is said to be arranged it will give Colorado a game in a month to get this quarter in playing form, the first game being scheduled with Colorado and victory here January 25.

The baseball schedule follows out the usual formula with a round robin series, each team playing each other twice, four games. The Tigers will have an April 10 game with the Miners. Boulder does not start until a week later.

The Tigers' field is expected to be a college team, and they must, which will be met by the Tigers. The action at least given is the promise of having basketball in the college year. It is said to be arranged it will give Colorado a game in a month to get this quarter in playing form, the first game being scheduled with Colorado and victory here January 25.

The Tigers' field is expected to be a college team, and they must, which will be met by the Tigers. The action at least given is the promise of having basketball in the college year. It is said to be arranged it will give Colorado a game in a month to get this quarter in playing form, the first game being scheduled with Colorado and victory here January 25.

The Tigers' field is expected to be a college team, and they must, which will be met by the Tigers. The action at least given is the promise of having basketball in the college year. It is said to be arranged it will give Colorado a game in a month to get this quarter in playing form, the first game being scheduled with Colorado and victory here January 25.

The Tigers' field is expected to be a college team, and they must, which will be met by the Tigers. The action at least given is the promise of having basketball in the college year. It is said to be arranged it will give Colorado a game in a month to get this quarter in playing form, the first game being scheduled with Colorado and victory here January 25.

The Tigers' field is expected to be a college team, and they must, which will be met by the Tigers. The action at least given is the promise of having basketball in the college year. It is said to be arranged it will give Colorado a game in a month to get this quarter in playing form, the first game being scheduled with Colorado and victory here January 25.

BARGAINS

1 used Overland, 5-pass. \$600
1 used Overland, 5-pass. \$500
1 used Overland, 5-pass. \$450
1 used Maxwell, 4-pass. \$450
1 Chalmers Roadster \$400
12-cyl. Buick \$150
16-cyl. Peerless \$600

OVERLAND AGENCY

Par Auto Co.
24 N. Nevada

Conference
Schedules
for 1914

Football

COLORADO COLLEGE
Oct. 9 Montana-State college (or Wyoming U.) at Colorado Springs.
16-Utah Aggies at Colorado Springs.
23-Colorado university at Boulder.
30-D. U. at Denver.
Nov. 6 Utah at Colorado Springs.
13-Aggies at Colorado Springs.
25-Mines at Denver.

MINES
Oct. 23-Utah at Salt Lake.
30-C. A. C. at Fort Collins.
Nov. 6 Denver at Denver.
13 Colorado at Denver.
25 Colorado college at Denver.

COLORADO A. C.
Oct. 9-Colorado at Fort Collins.
16 Utah at Salt Lake City.
30-Mines at Fort Collins.
Nov. 13 Colorado college at Colorado Springs.
25-Denver at Fort Collins.

DENVER
Oct. 23-South Dakota at Vermillion.
30-Colorado college at Denver.
Nov. 6 Mines at Denver.
13 Colorado at Denver.
25 C. A. C. at Fort Collins.
Utah, Utah A. C. and Montana will be awarded other dates later.

Basketball

Jan. 22-Mines vs. Denver at Golden.
29-Aggies vs. U. C. at Boulder.
30-Aggies vs. Mines at Fort Collins.
30 C. C. vs. U. C. at Colorado Springs.

Feb. 3-Denver vs. U. C. at Boulder.
6 C. C. vs. Mines at Colorado Springs.
6-Aggies vs. Denver at Denver.
11-Aggies vs. U. C. at Fort Collins.

11-Mines vs. Denver at Denver.
16-Mines vs. U. C. at Golden.
19 U. C. vs. Denver at Denver.
19-Aggies vs. C. C. at Colorado Springs.

20 Mines vs. Aggies at Golden.
22-Denver at Colorado Springs.
27-Denver vs. Aggies at Ft. Collins.
27-Colorado vs. C. C. at Boulder.

Mar. 5 Mines vs. U. C. at Boulder.
6 C. C. vs. Denver at Denver.

Track

COLORADO COLLEGE
Apr. 24-C. A. C. at Fort Collins.
30 Denver at Colorado Springs.
May 8-Colorado at Colorado Springs.
C. A. C.
Apr. 24 Colorado college at Fort Collins.

May 1-University of Colorado at Fort Collins.
7-University of Denver at Fort Collins.
COLORADO
Apr. 24 Denver at Boulder.

May 1-C. A. C. at Fort Collins.
8 Colorado college at Colorado Springs.
DENVER
Apr. 24 Colorado at Boulder.

30 Colorado college at Colorado Springs.
May 7-C. A. C. at Fort Collins.
INTERCOLLEGIATE
May 22-At Denver, five teams competing.

Baseball

COLORADO COLLEGE
Apr. 10-Mines at Colorado Springs.
17-D. U. at Denver.
21-Aggies at Fort Collins.
30 D. U. at Colorado Springs.

May 3 Colorado U. at Colo. Springs.
15-Aggies at Colorado Springs.
21 Mines at Golden.
29-Colorado U. at Boulder.

COLORADO AGGIES
Apr. 3-Mines at Golden.
24-Tigers at Fort Collins.
May 1-U. C. at Fort Collins.
7-Mines at Fort Collins.
15-Tigers at Colorado Springs.

21-U. C. at Boulder.
29-Denver at Denver (2 games).
MINES
Apr. 3-Aggies at Golden.
10-Tigers at Springs.
13-Denver at Denver.

Two New Managers For 1915 Baseball Season



These photographs show Lee Magee, now manager of the Brooklyn Federal league team, in action. The small inset shows Clarence Rowland, the Three "I" league genius, who has been called higher and will try to boss around the Chicago White Sox next summer. It is quite remarkable for a major league team to go to the minors for a manager. Magee is remarkable, too, in several directions. He will be the youngest manager in the Federal league, being 26 years old. Magee was formerly with the St. Louis Cardinals and last winter made the world's tour with the Giants. He is an outfielder, but last season he played at first base for the Cardinals. With the advancing hot stove season there are bound to be a great many more shifts in diamond lineups. An interesting situation is developing in the New York Yankees. Literally scores of men have been "mentioned" for the place of Yankee manager, including even good old Christopher Mathewson.

FORMER SPRINGS PLAYER
TO MANAGE WICHITANS

Buck Ebright, Who Played Here in Days of Millionaires, Chosen Head of Western League Club

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 2.—A. M. Ebright, a Kansas university graduate, son of the Rev. A. O. Ebright, a Methodist minister of El Dorado, is to be president of the Wichita baseball club. Buck Ebright, as he was known when a player with Colorado Springs and St. Joseph in the old Western association, used to be an infielder. He played ball to pay his way through the university where he graduated from the law department. He has been practicing law in this city. He will keep in close touch with the team, making the circuit with it, although a manager will be employed.

EXPLOSION AT VANCOUVER;
MANY BELIEVED KILLED

VANCOUVER, B. C., Jan. 2.—An explosion occurred at the Coal Creek mines at Kermic, B. C., today. It is believed a large number of men lost their lives. Government Inspector Evans entered the mine equipped with rescue apparatus and was immediately overcome. His recovery is doubtful.

HAS RITCHIE QUIT GAME?



WILLIE RITCHIE

Who has not displayed any inclination to continue as a boxer since he lost his title to Freddie Welsh in 1911.

'TOO MUCH PETERSON'
FOR TERRORS; LOSE
BY SCORE OF 46-35

Erps Quintet to Play East
Denver Here Friday Night
at "Y" Gym

Interscholastic basketball opened last night at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium, when the Terrors met and were conquered by an alumni team. The score was 46 to 35. "Pete" Peterson, the lanky and pale-haired demon at the indoor game, proved the downfall of his former teammates, shooting 24 of the 46 points.

Friday night at 8 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. the Terrors will open their regular schedule, playing the heaviest and strongest Denver team, that which hails from the East Side high school. This year's Brown five looks pretty fast and, although light, is expected to give a good account of itself throughout. Only one old man, Captain Thompson, remained from last year's title-winning crew and Coach Erps has been working hard with his greener material to round out a team that will maintain the high Terror standard of the peach-basket game.

The lineup for last night's title was as follows:

TERRORS.	ALUMNI.
Johnson, Schipper, Peterson, St. John	Barber, Forward, C. Taylor
Simpson, Center, Holman	T. Thompson (c), Guards, Shadford
F. Thompson, Guards, Menard	

Cub-Red Trades Fall
Through, Says Rajah

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Attempts by Chicago and Cincinnati to trade players with each other have fallen through, Roger Bresnahan, manager of the Cubs, said today, adding that he would have to do the best he could with the material now on hand. In a recent visit to Cincinnati, Bresnahan left with August Hermann a list of 16 players whom he was willing to trade.

Magee Defendant in
Injunction Suit

CINCINNATI, Jan. 2.—A temporary injunction to restrain Leo Hornsby, pitcher, from playing with the Cincinnati Reds, known in baseball circles as "Doc" Magee, was granted today by the American Baseball and Athletic Exhibition company, operating the St. Louis National League baseball club.

"The mother told from a window of the Hotel St. Regis, New York, five years ago and killed."

"De man dat busts on telling all he knows," said Uncle Eben, "keeps himself so busy talking that he don't get a chance to get much real information."—Washington Star.

DODGE BROTHERS
MOTOR CAR

is a big surprise, being the biggest value in motor cars today for the price. The car is on exhibition at the local salesroom, 22 N. Cascade. We invite your inspection and will be pleased to give you a thorough explanation and a demonstration of the car.

'The
MARKSHEFFEL MOTOR CO.

GIDDINGS KIRKWOOD GIDDINGS BROS

Undermuslin Section
Second Floor

Undermuslins displayed on several tables for easy selection.

A Number of Extra Salespeople

Will Be Prepared to Give You Accurate and Prompt Service.

We Have Never Demonstrated Quite So Plainly the Supremacy of This Store as a Distributor of Reliable Merchandise and as a Power Towards Wise Economies as We Shall in This Wonderful

January Sale of Beautiful Undermuslins

Corset Covers

A wonderful collection of the daintiest kinds of Corset Covers, all cut along the latest lines, with beautiful trimmings of laces, beadings, hand embroidery applied in a variety of delightful ways.

25c Corset Covers.....	20c
35c Corset Covers.....	25c
50c Corset Covers.....	40c
65c Corset Covers.....	50c
75c Corset Covers.....	60c
85c Corset Covers.....	75c
1.00 Corset Covers.....	85c
1.25 Corset Covers.....	\$1.10
1.50 Corset Covers.....	\$1.35
1.75 Corset Covers.....	\$1.50
2.00 Corset Covers.....	\$1.75

Envelope Chemise

Quite a nice stock of these garments, which are very much in vogue just now. Plain styles or lace and embroidery trimmed.

1.50 Envelope Chemise....	\$1.25
1.75 Envelope Chemise....	\$1.50
2.25 Envelope Chemise....	\$1.75
3.75 Envelope Chemise....	\$3.50
5.50 Envelope Chemise....	\$5.00
60c Plain Chemise.....	80c
85c Plain Chemise.....	75c

Pajamas

Made of cotton crepes, nainsook and good quality muslin. Also popular in plain colors or colored stripes, neatly trimmed and finished.

1.50 Pajamas for.....	\$1.25
1.75 Pajamas for.....	\$1.50
2.25 Pajamas for.....	\$2.10
3.75 Pajamas for.....	\$2.75
4.00 Pajamas for.....	\$3.00

CHILDREN'S SKIRTS

French and Gertrude styles. Also some on hands and some with waists.

60c Children's Skirts for....	45c
75c Children's Skirts for....	50c
85c Children's Skirts for....	75c
1.00 Children's Skirts for....	85c
1.25 Children's Skirts for....	\$1.00
1.50 Children's Skirts for....	\$1.25

CHILDREN'S DRAWERS

25c Children's Drawers for....	19c
40c Children's Drawers for....	25c
50c Children's Drawers for....	35c
60c Children's Drawers for....	45c
75c Children's Drawers for....	55c
85c Children's Drawers for....	65c
1.25 Children's Drawers for....	\$1.15
1.75 Children's Drawers for....	\$1.50

CHILDREN'S GOWNS

65c Children's Gowns for....	50c
75c Children's Gowns for....	60c
90c Children's Gowns for....	75c
1.00 Children's Gowns for....	85c
1.25 Children's Gowns for....	\$1.00

PRINCESS SLIPS

65c Children's Princess Slips....	50c
75c Children's Princess Slips....	60c
1.00 Children's Princess Slips....	85c
1.50 Children's Princess Slips....	\$1.25

THE GREATEST Annual Sale of Undermuslins begins tomorrow morning, vividly portraying grand triumphs in styling and vast achievements. A Sale along lines of these standards we have raised so high. Months of preparation are back of this event and remarkable inducements to assure a success, by first assuring buying opportunities that have no counterpart in sales presented previously. This event has become more than a sale. Various features make it the principal exposition of Undermuslins in Colorado Springs.

See the five Window Displays, and the Big Display on Second Floor.

Combination Suits

High-grade materials were used in the construction of these garments, which are so much in demand this season. Knickerbocker and straight leg styles, all are very prettily trimmed.

1.00 Combination Suits.....	85c
1.50 Combination Suits.....	\$1.35
1.75 Combination Suits.....	\$1.55
2.00 Combination Suits.....	\$1.75
2.25 Combination Suits.....	\$2.00
2.50 Combination Suits.....	\$2.25
3.00 Combination Suits.....	\$2.75
3.50 Combination Suits.....	\$3.20
4.00 Combination Suits.....	\$3.75
5.00 Combination Suits.....	\$4.65

Crepe de Chine Petticoats

55c Crepe de Chine Petticoats....	\$5.00
57c Crepe de Chine Petticoats....	\$5.25

Silk Bloomers

2.50 Silk Bloomers for.....	\$2.25
3.75 Silk Bloomers for.....	\$3.25

Silk Night Gowns

55c Silk Night Gowns for....	\$5.00
59c Silk Night Gowns for....	\$8.50
12.50 Silk Night Gowns for....	\$11.50

Crepe de Chine Underwear 1/4 Off

These are in white, delicate shades of pink and blue.

Gowns

85c Gowns for.....	\$4.25
90c Gowns for.....	\$4.87
95c Gowns for.....	\$5.63
1.00 Gowns for.....	\$6.00
1.10 Gowns for.....	\$7.50
1.15 Gowns for.....	\$8.25

Camisoles

1.75 Camisoles for.....	\$1.32
2.25 Camisoles for.....	\$1.68
2.50 Camisoles for.....	\$1.83
3.50 Camisoles for.....	\$2.62
4.50 Camisoles for.....	\$3.37
10.00 Camisoles for.....	\$7.50

Skirts

3.50 Skirts for.....	\$2.62
5.00 Skirts for.....	\$3.75
7.50 Skirts for.....	\$5.63
10.00 Skirts for.....	\$7.50

Bloomers

3.50 Bloomers for.....	\$2.62
4.50 Bloomers for.....	\$3.37
5.00 Bloomers for.....	\$3.75

Hand Embroidered Undermuslins

THE woman of good taste and the woman considering economy will be pleased in our collection of Hand-embroidered Undermuslins, particularly so with these specials:

CHEMISE

1.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	85c
1.25 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$1.00
1.50 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$1.25
2.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$1.75
2.50 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$2.15
3.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$2.65
3.50 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$3.15
4.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$3.50
4.75 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$4.25

DRAWERS

1.25 Drawers.....	\$1.00
2.00 Drawers.....	\$1.75
2.50 Drawers.....	\$2.15
3.00 Drawers.....	\$2.50
3.25 Drawers.....	\$2.75
4.00 Drawers.....	\$3.35
4.50 Drawers.....	\$3.95
5.00 Drawers.....	\$4.25

PETTICOATS

1.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$1.25
1.75 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$1.50
2.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$2.00
3.00 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$2.65
3.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$3.00
4.00 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$3.50
5.00 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$4.25
9.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$8.75



COMBINATION SUITS

2.50 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$1.95
3.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$2.50
3.50 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$2.95
4.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$3.25
4.25 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$3.75
5.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$4.25
5.75 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$4.95
6.50 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$5.95
10.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$8.75

GOWNS

1.50 Gowns.....	\$1.35
1.75 Gowns.....	\$3.25
3.00 Gowns.....	\$4.25
3.50 Gowns.....	\$4.75
5.50 Gowns.....	\$6.25
7.00 Gowns.....	\$6.50
8.00 Gowns.....	\$7.75
10.00 Gowns.....	\$10.75

CORSET COVERS

1.50 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$1.25
2.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$1.65
2.50 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$2.15
3.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$2.50
3.25 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$3.25
3.75 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$3.35
4.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$4.25
5.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$5.00
6.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$6.00

KAISER HAS NOT NOW A UNITED GERMANY

A Powerful Socialist Minority Opposed to Militarism; Vorwaerts Continue Anti Agitation

William English Walling in the Outlook.

Hardly an important article, editorial or opinion of the war fails to state or assume that popular sentiment in Germany is unanimous. Whatever doubts existed seem to have been entirely removed as it became generally known that on August 4, when the war was already going on in France, when Belgium was invaded, and the German people were aware of both these facts, the Social Democrats in the reichstag allowed the Socialist vote to be cast solidly for the war loan of 5,000,000,000 marks and permitted a declaration which said that they regarded the war as a purely defensive struggle against Russian despotism.

How the Socialists Voted.

While admitting the undeniable fact that the Socialist majority did give its usual and moral support to the war, we shall discover that there is a very large minority against it.

reichstag in the 1913 session, it were in favor of granting money for the same increase and 57 were against it, the rest being absent from the caucus or abstaining from the vote. The Socialist party, however, binds its minorities by a unit rule, so that the Socialists cast their 110 votes, as they did this year, solidly for the government proposal.

Here, then, is their whole case: Militarism is highly popular among many classes in Germany. If the Socialists opposed it, the 60 or 70 Socialist reichstag members of the majority faction would lose their seats. Only the forty odd members of the minority, representing the most industrial districts, where live the working people (who now oppose the majority of the population of Germany), could have been sure of being returned at a new election fought on the issue of militarism by antimilitarism.

For, because of Germany's unequal election districts, the rest of the Socialist members owe their election not to the antimilitarist laboring masses, but to "progressive" votes given them by the most part of the second ballot. That is, they are dependent on the lower middle classes—small officials, clerks and conservative artisans—who hold the political balance of power. These are the "progressive" Socialists or very hesitant antimilitarists.

By failing to satisfy such voters and losing their seats, the Socialist majority would at the same time lose not only their careers (which may have influenced some of them), but also their power to advance those social and democratic reforms they have so much at heart (which doubtless influenced all). In order to be in a position to win these reforms for the people of Germany, they were ready to support the Kaiser in his preparations for a possible war against the people of other countries.

Karl Liebknecht, the leader of the minority, asserts that the meeting of the Socialist caucus on August 4 witnessed a discussion "of a violence hitherto unknown" in the party's history, and he said that other Socialist members of the reichstag in large numbers being absent, stood out to the end against the war. These are the members from the most populous election districts; and they are in the closest touch with their constituents. The representatives of at least a million German voters then stand as opponents to the war. There may be military nationalists in their districts, but we can say that there are at least as great antimilitarist minorities in other constituencies.

As late as July 31 Vorwaerts declared

that the French government sincerely desired peace, and that the Russian government, in spite of its mobilization, was ready for the making of concessions.

When Germany entered Belgium, Vorwaerts said significantly: "Now when the war and relief are upon us, not only at the time but also over the price, we cannot say concerning the invasion of Belgium what we would like to say about it."

But it was on September 27 that Vor-

waerts reached the climax of its audacity.

Thus Germany appeared to the rest of the world, and even to the working classes in the light of a power which meant militarism and political oppression. It was this that made it possible for that distrust and bitterness to arise which so greatly hindered our belated opponents in the military classes and which makes it possible for us to gain the sympathy of neutral countries only with the greatest effort.

This explains why respectable pronouncements have come even from the laboring classes in these lands. These are respectable above all because they are based upon the German folk as a whole—the responsibility for the acts of a single class.

The comrades abroad can be assured that the German working class disapproves today every practical policy of state, just as it has always disapproved it, and that it is determined to resist the predatory subjugation of foreign peoples as strongly as the circumstances permit.

The comrades in foreign lands can be assured that, though the German workers are also protecting their fatherland, they will nevertheless not forget that their interests are the same as those of proletarians in other countries, who, like themselves, have been compelled to go to war against their will, indeed, even against their often-

repeated pronouncements in favor of peace.

As for the Poets.

Not only does Vorwaerts reflect the militarist view in detail, but it also reflects it as a whole—just as it did before the war. The fact that all of Germany's leading literateurs and scientists have defended the war merely supplies a subject of ridicule; one of the poets formerly a Democrat, is described as writing one patriotic poem every day and three on Sunday, which we are reminded, makes nine a week. And when Maeterlinck and L'Annunzio are boycotted, Vorwaerts ironically points out that the discovery has suddenly been made that they have no literary merit.

Belgium Versus German Efficiency

Emile Vandervelde in the Metropolitan.

The forces that came into collision on the plains of Belgium in August, 1914, represent two opposite types of military organization. The German army is the army of a monarchy. It fears God, its emperor, officers, and its subalterns. It fears the emperor more than God, its officers more than the emperor, its subalterns more than its officers. It has all the advantages of the most carefully detailed preparation of exacting military drill and discipline. It is a marvelous machine. But it is a machine. The Belgian army on the contrary, is and will be more and more, the army of a democracy. As a machine, it is manifestly greatly inferior to the German army. Its drill is not so thorough. Its officers, lacking the means to inspire the fear with which the German officers inspire the rank and file, are obliged to make themselves beloved. The individuals composing it have not been transformed into automata; and if one were to try to make them march, they would probably not fight nearly so well as the Germans. But when they saw their territory invaded, their families and belongings threatened, when they knew they were defending both the independence of their country and the cause of liberty in Europe, they fought with frantic energy. They battled for themselves, not for others. They put all their intelligence and devotion at the service of their country. This is the secret of their glorious resistance. This, and nothing else.

1/2 Price Sale of Women's Suits and Coats

There still remain a good variety of this season's desirable models in Coats and Suits to select from. On the first day of this sale our stock was very large, hence, in spite of the heavy selling, you will find a good assortment to select from.

The regular prices on Suits range from \$20.00 to \$150.00.

Sale prices from \$10.00 to \$75.00.

Regular prices on Coats range from \$12.50 to \$45.00.

Sale prices from \$6.25 to \$22.50.

\$30 to \$45 Wooltex Coats \$13.85

We secured from H. Black & Co., makers of Wooltex garments, who are known to execute the latest features of fashion in women's tailored ready-to-wear a part of their surplus stock at a price so ridiculously low that we are enabled to offer our patrons the greatest bargain of the entire year in coats that have all the elements of fashion.

\$30.00 to \$45.00 values for \$13.85.

30c Drawers for.....	25c
35c Drawers for.....	30c
50c Drawers for.....	35c
65c Drawers for.....	50c
75c Drawers for.....	65c
85c Drawers for.....	75c
1.25 Drawers for.....	\$1.00
1.50 Drawers for.....	\$1.35
1.75 Drawers for.....	\$1.50
2.00 Drawers for.....	\$1.75
3.50 Drawers for.....	\$3.20

75c Petticoats for.....	65c
1.25 Petticoats for.....	\$1.10
1.50 Petticoats for.....	\$1.35
1.75 Petticoats for.....	\$1.55
2.00 Petticoats for.....	\$1.75
2.25 Petticoats for.....	\$2.00
2.50 Petticoats for.....	\$2.25
2.75 Petticoats for.....	\$2.50
3.00 Petticoats for.....	\$2.75
3.50 Petticoats for.....	\$3.20
4.00 Petticoats for.....	\$3.65
5.00 Petticoats for.....	\$4.50
5.50 Petticoats for.....	\$5.00
6.00 Petticoats for.....	\$5.50
8.50 Petticoats for.....	\$7.75

Petticoats

A splendid showing of Petticoats, in a variety of styles, made of sheer cambrics and fine nainsook, with trimmings of dainty laces, embroideries, ribbons and scallops, and each garment exhibiting the best workmanship.

Drawers

These garments are cut on the very latest lines, showing every new style, and are made of finest cambric, nainsook and other light materials, prettily trimmed in laces, embroideries and ribbons.

30c Drawers for.....	25c
35c Drawers for.....	30c
50c Drawers for.....	35c
65c Drawers for.....	50c
75c Drawers for.....	65c
85c Drawers for.....	75c
1.25 Drawers for.....	\$1.00
1.50 Drawers for.....	\$1.35
1.75 Drawers for.....	\$1.50
2.00 Drawers for.....	\$1.75
3.50 Drawers for.....	\$3.20

1/2 Price Sale of Women's Suits and Coats

There still remain a good variety of this season's desirable models in Coats and Suits to select from. On the first day of this sale our stock was very large, hence, in spite of the heavy selling, you will find a good assortment to select from.

The regular prices on Suits range from \$20.00 to \$150.00.

Sale prices from \$10.00 to \$75.00.

Regular prices on Coats range from \$12.50 to \$45.00.

Sale prices from \$6.25 to \$22.50.

\$30 to \$45 Wooltex Coats \$13.85

We secured from H. Black & Co., makers of Wooltex garments, who are known to execute the latest features of fashion in women's tailored ready-to-wear a part of their surplus stock at a price so ridiculously low that we are enabled to offer our patrons the greatest bargain of the entire year in coats that have all the elements of fashion.

\$30.00 to \$45.00 values for \$13.85.

30c Drawers for.....	25c
35c Drawers for.....	30c
50c Drawers for.....	35c
65c Drawers for.....	50c
75c Drawers for.....	65c
85c Drawers for.....	75c
1.25 Drawers for.....	\$1.00
1.50 Drawers for.....	\$1.35
1.75 Drawers for.....	\$1.50
2.00 Drawers for.....	\$1.75
3.50 Drawers for.....	\$3.20

75c Petticoats for.....	65c
1.25 Petticoats for.....	\$1.10
1.50 Petticoats for.....	\$1.35
1.75 Petticoats for.....	\$1.55
2.00 Petticoats for.....	\$1.75
2.25 Petticoats for.....	\$2.00
2.50 Petticoats for.....	\$2.25
2.75 Petticoats for.....	\$2.50
3.00 Petticoats for.....	\$2.75
3.50 Petticoats for.....	\$3.20
4.00 Petticoats for.....	\$3.65
5.00 Petticoats for.....	\$4.50
5.50 Petticoats for.....	\$5.00
6.00 Petticoats for.....	\$5.50</

GIDDINGS & KIRKWOOD

GIDDINGS BROS

Undermuslin Section
Second Floor
Undermuslins displayed on several
tables for easy selection.

A Number of Extra Salespeople
Will Be Prepared to Give You Accurate and
Prompt Service.

We Have Never Demonstrated Quite So Plainly the Supremacy of This Store
as a Distributor of Reliable Merchandise and as a Power Towards
Wise Economies as We Shall in This Wonderful

January Sale of Beautiful Undermuslins

Corset Covers

A wonderful collection of the daintiest kinds of Corset Covers, all cut along the latest lines, with beautiful trimmings of laces, headings, hand embroidery applied in a variety of delightful ways.

25c Corset Covers.....	20c
35c Corset Covers.....	25c
50c Corset Covers.....	40c
65c Corset Covers.....	50c
75c Corset Covers.....	60c
85c Corset Covers.....	75c
\$1.00 Corset Covers.....	85c
\$1.25 Corset Covers.....	\$1.10
\$1.50 Corset Covers.....	\$1.35
\$1.75 Corset Covers.....	\$1.50
\$2.00 Corset Covers.....	\$1.75

Envelope Chemise

Quite a nice stock of these garments which are very much in vogue just now. Plain styles or lace and embroidery trimmed.

\$1.50 Envelope Chemise....	\$1.25
\$1.75 Envelope Chemise....	\$1.50
\$2.25 Envelope Chemise....	\$1.75
\$3.75 Envelope Chemise....	\$3.50
\$5.50 Envelope Chemise....	\$5.00
60c Plain Chemise.....	50c
85c Plain Chemise.....	75c

Pajamas

Made of cotton crepes, nainsook and good quality muslin. Also poplins in plain colors or colored stripes, neatly trimmed and finished.

\$1.50 Pajamas for.....	\$1.25
\$1.75 Pajamas for.....	\$1.50
\$2.25 Pajamas for.....	\$2.10
\$2.50 Pajamas for.....	\$2.25
\$4.00 Pajamas for.....	\$3.60

CHILDREN'S SKIRTS

French and Gertrude styles. Also some on hands and some with waists.

60c Children's Skirts for....	45c
75c Children's Skirts for....	50c
85c Children's Skirts for....	75c
\$1.00 Children's Skirts for....	85c
\$1.25 Children's Skirts for....	\$1.00
\$1.50 Children's Skirts for....	\$1.75

CHILDREN'S DRAWERS

75c Children's Drawers for....	19c
40c Children's Drawers for....	28c
50c Children's Drawers for....	35c
60c Children's Drawers for....	45c
75c Children's Drawers for....	55c
85c Children's Drawers for....	65c
\$1.35 Children's Drawers for....	\$1.15
\$1.75 Children's Drawers for....	\$1.50

CHILDREN'S GOWNS

65c Children's Gowns for....	50c
75c Children's Gowns for....	60c
90c Children's Gowns for....	75c
\$1.00 Children's Gowns for....	85c
\$1.25 Children's Gowns for....	\$1.00

PRINCESS SLIPS

65c Children's Princess Slips....	50c
75c Children's Princess Slips....	60c
\$1.00 Children's Princess Slips....	85c
\$1.50 Children's Princess Slips....	\$1.25

Combination Suits

High-grade materials were used in the construction of these garments, which are so much in demand this season, knickerbocker and straight leg styles, all are very prettily trimmed.



\$1.00 Combination Suits....	85c
\$1.50 Combination Suits....	\$1.35
\$1.75 Combination Suits....	\$1.55
\$2.00 Combination Suits....	\$1.75
\$2.25 Combination Suits....	\$2.00
\$2.50 Combination Suits....	\$2.25
\$3.00 Combination Suits....	\$2.75
\$3.50 Combination Suits....	\$3.20
\$4.00 Combination Suits....	\$3.75
\$5.00 Combination Suits....	\$4.65

Crepe-de Chine Petticoats

\$5.50 Crepe de Chine Petticoats....	\$5.00
\$5.75 Crepe de Chine Petticoats....	\$5.25

Silk Bloomers

\$2.50 Silk Bloomers for.....	\$2.25
\$3.75 Silk Bloomers for.....	\$3.25

Silk Night Gowns

\$5.50 Silk Night Gowns for....	\$5.00
\$9.50 Silk Night Gowns for....	\$8.50
\$12.50 Silk Night Gowns for....	\$11.50

Crepe de Chine Underwear 1/4 Off

These are in white, delicate shades of pink and blue.

Gowns

\$5.75 Gown for.....	\$4.25
\$6.50 Gown for.....	\$4.87
\$7.50 Gown for.....	\$5.63
\$8.00 Gown for.....	\$6.00
\$10.00 Gown for.....	\$7.50
\$11.00 Gown for.....	\$8.25

Camisoles

\$1.75 Camisoles for.....	\$1.32
\$2.25 Camisoles for.....	\$1.68
\$2.50 Camisoles for.....	\$1.83
\$3.50 Camisoles for.....	\$2.62
\$4.50 Camisoles for.....	\$3.37
\$10.00 Camisoles for.....	\$7.50

Skirts

\$3.50 Skirts for.....	\$2.62
\$5.00 Skirts for.....	\$3.75
\$7.50 Skirts for.....	\$5.63
\$10.00 Skirts for.....	\$7.50

Bloomers

\$3.50 Bloomers for.....	\$2.62
\$4.50 Bloomers for.....	\$3.37
\$5.00 Bloomers for.....	\$3.75

Hand Embroidered Undermuslins

THE woman of good taste and the woman considering economy will be pleased in our collection of Hand-embroidered Undermuslins, particularly so with these specials:

CHEMISE

\$1.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	85c
\$1.25 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$1.00
\$1.50 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$1.25
\$2.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$1.75
\$2.50 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$2.15
\$3.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$2.65
\$3.50 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$3.15
\$4.00 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$3.80
\$4.75 Hand Embroidered Chemise.....	\$4.25

DRAWERS

\$1.25 Drawers.....	\$1.00
\$2.00 Drawers.....	\$1.75
\$2.50 Drawers.....	\$2.15
\$3.00 Drawers.....	\$2.50
\$3.25 Drawers.....	\$2.75
\$4.00 Drawers.....	\$3.35
\$4.50 Drawers.....	\$3.95
\$5.00 Drawers.....	\$4.25

PETTICOATS

\$1.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$1.25
\$1.75 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$1.50
\$2.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$2.00
\$3.00 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$2.65
\$3.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$3.00
\$4.00 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$3.50
\$5.00 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$4.25
\$9.50 Hand Made Petticoats for....	\$8.75



COMBINATION SUITS

\$2.50 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$1.95
\$3.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$2.50
\$3.50 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$2.95
\$4.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$3.25
\$4.25 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$3.75
\$5.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$4.25
\$5.75 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$4.95
\$6.50 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$5.95
\$10.00 Hand Embroidered Suits for....	\$8.75

GOWNS

\$1.50 Gowns.....	\$1.35
\$3.75 Gowns.....	\$3.25
\$5.00 Gowns.....	\$4.25
\$5.50 Gowns.....	\$4.75
\$6.50 Gowns.....	\$5.25
\$7.00 Gowns.....	\$6.50
\$9.00 Gowns.....	\$7.75
\$12.00 Gowns.....	\$10.75

CORSET COVERS

\$1.50 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$1.25
\$2.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$1.65
\$2.50 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$2.15
\$3.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$2.50
\$3.75 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$3.25
\$4.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$3.35
\$5.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$4.25
\$6.00 Hand Made Corset Covers for....	\$5.00

KAISER HAS NOT NOW A UNITED GERMANY

A Powerful Socialist Minority Opposed to Militarism; Vorwaerts Continue Anti Agitation

William English Walling in the Outlook

Hardly an important article, editorial or column of the war fails to state or assume that popular sentiment in Germany is unanimous. Whatever doubts existed seem to have been entirely removed as it became generally known that on August 4, when the war was already going on in France, when Belgium was invaded, and the German people were aware of both these facts, the social Democrats in the reichstag allowed the Socialist vote to be cast solidly for the war loan of 2,000,000,000 marks and permitted a declaration which said that they regarded the war as a purely defensive struggle against Russian despotism.

How the Socialists Voted

While admitting the undeniable fact that the Socialist majority did give its official and moral support to the war, we shall discover that there is a very large minority against

reichstag in the 1913 session, 41 were in favor of granting money for the army increase and 57 were against it. The rest being absent from the caucus or abstaining from the vote. The Socialist party however, binds its minorities by a unit rule, so that the Socialists cast their 110 votes as they did this year—solidly for the government proposal.

Here then, is their whole case. Militarism is highly popular among many classes in Germany. If the Socialists opposed it, the 40 or 50 Socialist reichstag members of the minority faction would lose their seats. Only the forty odd members of the minority represent the most intelligent and disinterested, where like the working people (who now oppose the majority of the population of Germany), could have been sure of being returned at a non-election fought on the issue of militarism vs. antimilitarism.

For because of Germany's unequal election districts, the rest of the Socialist members vote their election not to the antimilitarist laboring masses, but to progressive votes given them for the most part at the second ballot. That is they are dependent on the lower middle classes—small officials, clerks and conservative artisans—who hold the political balance of power. These

hesitant antimilitarists, by failing to satisfy such voters and losing their seats, the Socialist majority would at the same time lose not only their careers (which may have opened some of them to also their power to advance those social and democratic reforms they have so much at heart) (which doubtless influenced all) in order to be in a position to win these reforms for the people of Germany, they were ready to support the Kaiser in his preparations for a possible war against the people of other countries.

Karl Liebknecht, the leader of the minority, argues us that the meeting of the Socialist caucus on August 4 witnessed a discussion of a choice between two evils. In the party's history, and he said (to other Socialist members of the reichstag) a large number being absent) stood out to the end against the war. These are the members from the most populous election districts and they are in the closest touch with their constituents. The representatives of at least a million German voters then, stand as opponents to the war. There may be militarist minorities in their districts, but we can be sure that there are at least as great antimilitarist minorities in other constituencies.

As late as July 31 Vorwaerts declared

that the German people (which desired peace) and that the Reichstag (which was in favor of peace) were in a position to prevent the war.

The declaration of war under the eyes of the military and naval authorities, and in the presence of the troops of neutral Germany, Vorwaerts has cleverly managed to continue its antimilitarist agitation. It might easily have shown the German recognition of the value of its work and its antiwar trend has been openly recognized.

When Germany entered Belgium Vorwaerts said significantly: Now we are the war and peace enemies, not only on the one but also on the other. We cannot say concerning the invasion of Belgium what we would like to say about it.

"To War Against Their Will." Another editorial that must have infuriated the militarists was that of August 26, in which, ably avoiding every possible deadlock with the military authorities, the Socialist organ yet succeeded in pointing out that the supposed justification of the war, that it was a war of defense against Russia, had fallen away and that it had become a war of aggression.

But it was on September 27 that Vor-

waerts reached the climax of its audacity.

Thus Germany appeared to working classes, in the first or a lower whose only means of livelihood and political oppression. It was this that made it possible for that distrust and bitterness to arise which so readily turned our belated opponents in the ruling classes, and which makes it possible for us to gain the sympathy of popular classes only with the greatest effort.

This explains why respectable propaganda have come even from the laboring classes in these lands. These are respectable above all because they are based upon the German folk as a whole the responsibility for the acts of a single class.

The comrades abroad can be assured that the German working class disapproves today every piratical policy of state, just as it has always disapproved it, and that it is disposed to assist the predatory, exploitative of foreign peoples as effectively as the circumstances permit.

The comrades in foreign lands can be assured that, though the German workers are also protecting their own territory, they will nevertheless not forget that their interests are the same as those of proletarians in other countries, who, like themselves, have been compelled to go to war against their will, indeed, even against their often

repeated pronouncements in favor of peace.

As for the Poets. Not only does Vorwaerts reject the militarist case in detail, but it also rejects it as a whole—just as it did before the war. The fact that all of Germany's leading literatures and scientists have denounced the war merely supplies a subject of ridicule: one of the poets formerly a Democrat, is denounced as writing one patriotic poem every day and three on Sunday, which we are reminded, makes nine a week. And when Maeterlinck and Ibsen are boycotted, Vorwaerts ironically points out that the discovery has suddenly been made that they have no literary merit.

BELGIUM VERSUS GERMAN EFFICIENCY

Emile Vandervelde in the Metropolitain

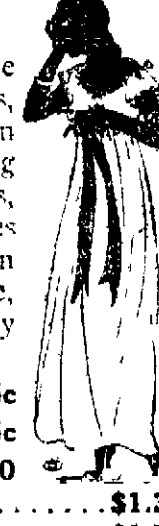
The forces that came into collision on the plains of Belgium in August, 1914, represent two opposite types of military organization. The German army is the army of a monarchy. It fears God, its emperor, its officers, and its subalterns. It fears the emperor more than God, its officers

more than the emperor, its subalterns more than its officers. It has all the advantages of the most careful detailed preparation, of exacting military drill and discipline. It is a marvelous machine. But it is a machine. The Belgian army on the contrary, is and will be more and more, the army of a democracy. As a machine, it is manifestly greatly inferior to the German army. Its drill is not so thorough. Its officers, lacking the means to inspire the fear with which the German officers inspire the rank and file, are obliged to make themselves beloved. The individuals composing it have not been transformed into automatons; and if one were to try to make them march as the German soldiers are made to march, they would probably not fight nearly so well as the Germans. But when they saw their territory invaded, their families and belongings threatened, when they knew they were defending both the independence of their country and the cause of liberty in Europe, they fought with frantic energy. They fought for themselves, not for others. They put all their intelligence and devotion at the service of their country. This is the secret of their glorious resistance. This, and

Petticoats

A splendid showing of Petticoats, in a variety of styles, made of sheer cambrics and fine nainsook, with trimmings of dainty laces, embroideries, ribbons and scallops, and each garment exhibiting the best workmanship.

75c Petticoats for.....	65c
\$1.25 Petticoats for.....	\$1.10
\$1.50 Petticoats for.....	\$1.35
\$1.75 Petticoats for.....	\$1.55
\$2.00 Petticoats for.....	\$1.75
\$2.25 Petticoats for.....	\$2.00
\$2.50 Petticoats for.....	\$2.25
\$2.75 Petticoats for.....	\$2.50
\$3.00 Petticoats for.....	\$2.75
\$3.50 Petticoats for.....	\$3.20
\$4.00 Petticoats for.....	\$3.65
\$5.00 Petticoats for.....	\$4.50
\$5.50 Petticoats for.....	\$5.00
\$6.00 Petticoats for.....	\$5.50
\$8.50 Petticoats for.....	\$7.75



Gowns

This is a large assemblage of delightfully pretty garments, of soft cambrics and crepes, in every desirable style, including high neck with long sleeves, slipover with kimono sleeves and the much wanted open front style. All well made, nicely finished and beautifully trimmed.

85c Gowns for.....	75c
\$1.00 Gowns for.....	85c
\$1.25 Gowns for.....	\$1.00
\$1.50 Gowns for.....	\$1.35
\$1.75 Gowns for.....	\$1.50
\$2.00 Gowns for.....	\$1.75
\$2.50 Gowns for.....	\$2.25
\$3.00 Gowns for.....	\$2.75
\$3.50 Gowns for.....	\$3.20
\$4.00 Gowns for.....	\$3.50
\$4.50 Gowns for.....	\$4.20

\$35 Bridal Set \$32.50

We have one beautiful bridal set, handsomely trimmed and finished. The set consists of One Handsome \$12.50 Gown for... \$11.50 One Handsome \$12.50 Skirt for... \$11.50 One Handsome \$11.00 Combination... \$9.50

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' SOILED UNDERMUSLINS

Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, etc., slightly soiled from handling, to be closed out at a great sacrifice in price.

1/2 Price Sale of Women's Suits and Coats

There still remain a good variety of this season's desirable models in Coats and Suits to select from. On the first day of this sale our stock was very large, hence, in spite of the heavy selling, you will find a good assortment to select from.

The regular prices on Suits range from \$20.00 to \$150.00.

Sale prices from \$10.00 to \$75.00.

Regular prices on Coats range from \$12.50 to \$45.00.

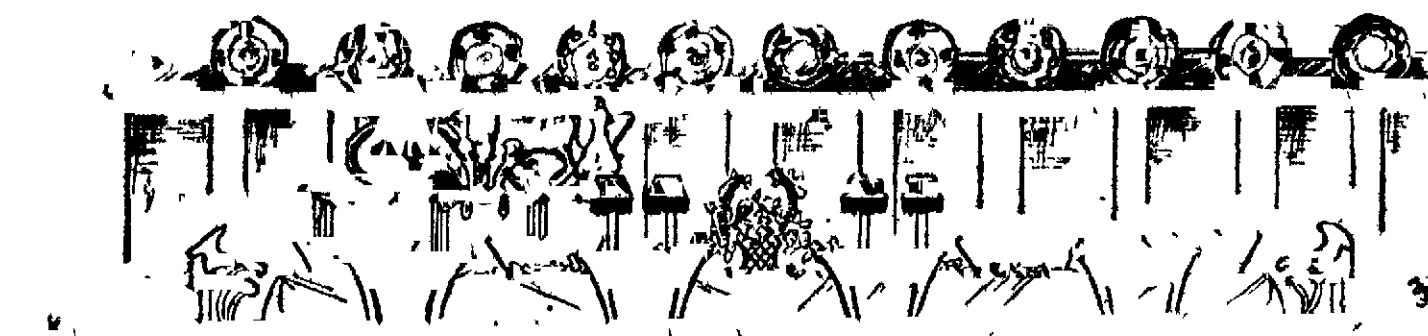
Sale prices from \$6.25 to \$22.50.

\$30 to \$45 Wooltex Coats \$13.85

We secured from H. Black & Co., makers of Wooltex garments, who are known to execute the latest features of fashion in women's tailored ready-to-wear a part of their surplus stock at a price so ridiculously low that we are enabled to offer our patrons the greatest bargain of the entire year in coats that have all the elements of fashion.

\$30.00 to \$45.00 values for \$13.85.

A F F A I R S I N S O C I E T Y



Miss Gates' Bridge Tea

Miss Anna H. Gates entertained at a bridge tea Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. William M. Dunn of Portland, Me., who is spending the winter here. Three tables of auction were played, and about 30 friends came in later for tea.

Mrs. Horace G. Lunt and Mrs. Franklin B. Lunt were guests. They were accompanied by Mrs. W. H. Swan, Mrs. Elford F. Hamp, Mrs. Horace Lunt Jr., Miss Julia Hamp, Miss Madeleine Connell, Miss Mary Casement, Miss Helen Macklin and Miss Daisy Anderson.

Miss Allen's Dinner

At the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. Allen in Broadmoor, Miss Hope Allen served a charming dinner when she gave a dinner party for her young friends Monday evening.

At Home to Friends

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gilpin and their daughter, Miss Laura of Austin, Colo., who are spending the winter at Broadmoor, observed upon house for their friends New Year's term.

Mrs. Young Observes "At Home"

Mrs. George Young, who is spending the winter with her father, Mr. J. A. Hanson Hayes, was at home to her friends Friday afternoon. In accordance with her mother's former annual custom.

Dinner Party for Eight

Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Gash entertained at a pretty dinner party Friday evening. Covers were laid for eight.

Tea for Miss Sutton

Mr. and Mrs. William F. Richards invited their friends to meet their guest Miss Vida Sutton at a New Year's tea. The hostess was assisted by Mrs. Francis D. Pastorius, Mrs. Victor Hungerford and Mrs. Alfred H. Hunt.

Mrs. Pollou's "At Home"

Mrs. Helen L. Pollou received a large number of her friends New Year's afternoon. Mrs. Pollou has a very pleasant and extended trip to the west her welcome home were numerous.

Miss McAlister's Luncheon

In honor of Miss Elizabeth Lennox and Miss Grace Merrill of Milwaukee, Miss Matilda McAlister entertained informally at luncheon Thursday noon.

New Year's Dinner Party

Dr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Faust entertained informally at dinner Friday evening.

Party for Vassar Girls

Miss Ida Blackman was hostess at a delightfully informal party at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Alfred A. Blackman, Tuesday evening. The guests of honor being the Misses Dorothy Krause, Dorothy Parsons, Elizabeth Parsons and Margaret Wilson of Vassar, who are at their homes here over the holidays.

Other guests included the Misses Dorothy Edgar, Jeanette Hemmenway, Miriam Blispham, Alice Van Diest, Josine Van Diest, Edith Walton, Mary Hubbell, Betty Hubbell, Helen Lennox, Marie Brader and Louise Burgess.

Miss Burgess Gives Luncheon

There was a fourfold incentive for the very attractive luncheon given by Miss Louise Burgess Tuesday noon at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Burgess. The guests of honor were the Misses Dorothy Krause, Elizabeth Parsons, Margaret Wilson and Dorothy Crowley, who are spending the Christmas recess from their studies at Vassar with their parents in this city.

Mrs. Strickler Entertains

Wednesday evening was gentlemen's night at the home of Mrs. David P. Strickler, who entertained her husband and with members of his family as guests of honor.

Mrs. Hamp Gives Luncheon

Mrs. Edith F. Hamp was hostess at a small luncheon given Thursday noon in honor of her niece, Miss Julia Hamp, who is visiting her over the holidays.

Mrs. Tucker's Luncheon

Mrs. John S. Tucker has invited friends for luncheon tomorrow with Miss Elizabeth Lennox and Miss Grace Merrill of Milwaukee, who are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Bernard C. Capen. Covers will be laid for 10.

Miss Tucker's Birthday Party

In observance of her birthday, Miss Harriet Tucker entertained Friday afternoon with three tables at bridge, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Spauld Tucker. Those present were the Misses Alice and Josine Van Diest, Berthe Armit, Janet Penoyer, Eleanor Greenwood, Dorothy Price, Dorothy Osbourne, Margaret Feltig, Lucille Fisher, Charlotte Kissel, Leah Gregg.

Mrs. Warbourg at Annapolis Hop

Mrs. Edgar M. Warbourg who is visiting her son, Midshipman Edgar M. Warbourg, U. S. N. at the Naval academy at Annapolis, chaperoned the Misses Philon of Washington at the annual New Year's hop in the academy armory Thursday evening.

At Antlers New Year's Dinner

More than 250 society folk partook of the famous hospitality of Manager W. S. Downing at the Antlers Thursday night. When a superb game dinner and dance were held in honor of the new year. The great dining room was crowded to its capacity with jolly dinner parties.

The largest was a dinner of 24 covers, at which the following were present: Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Penrose, Mr. and Mrs. Chaloner B. Schley, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Alan Arthur, Mr. and Mrs. Julian Story, Mr. and Mrs. D. Bryant Turner, Mr. and Mrs. J. Arthur Connell, Mr. and Mrs. Dorel Smith, Mr. James T. Anderson, Miss Hare Lippincott, Mrs. Emily Landenberg, Miss Augusta Holmes, Miss Eugenia Landenberg, Mr. Butler Williamson, Mr. William A. Frenaye, Mr. Fred L. Sherwin and the Rev. Mr. Malone of Denver.

The personnel of another jolly dinner party was as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Edmund DeL. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. William Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. George Young, Mrs. Kissel-Davis, Miss Connor, Mr. John Armit and Mr. Edouard Ulrich. Another large party included Mr. and Mrs. George Russell, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Hungerford, Mrs. Anderson, Misses Laura and Eleanor Palmer, Elizabeth Lockhart, Blanche Palmer, Messrs. Nickerson, Hill, Knowlton, Hall and Scott.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph G. Giddings, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lowe, Dr. and Mrs. A. C. H. Friedman and Dr. E. R. Nepper formed a merry party, as did Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Lowell, Mrs. E. W. Cox, Mrs. Thurston W. Price, Miss Ida Price, Miss Dora Fehner, Mr. Harold Fawcett, Mr. Robert C. Price and Mr. George Brown.

Others present were Mr. and Mrs. Theodore W. Gauss, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Tutt, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney J. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Hamming, Mr. and Mrs. William Howbert, Mr. and Mrs. Gregory McLoughlin, Mr. and Mrs. J. Alfred Rutter, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Milliken, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Fawcett, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert N. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence E. Titus of Denver, Dr. and Mrs. Paul Leuner, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Lennox, Mr. and Mrs. Ruth L. Holland, Mr. and Mrs. Hildreth Frost, Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Williams of Denver, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Wilbur, Mr. and Mrs. Herschel Hildreth of Seattle, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Underhill, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Gibbs, Carpenter, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Heffley, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Pastorius, Mr. and Mrs. George Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Grant Hemmenway, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Kernochan, Dr. and Mrs. Charles F. Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Herrin, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Kaufman, Mrs. Arthur Gay, Humphreys, Mrs. Kintzing Emmons, Miss Margaret Anderson, Miss Baker, Messrs. John North, Gerald Seldombridge, Earl Thornton, Tammen, Tyler, Davies, Dullett.

New Year's at the Acadia

The New Year found the dinner guests at the Acadia very gay and festive. The dry dinner was an unmitigated success and will become an annual institution of the Springs. The year 1915 was welcomed in darkness relieved by myriad sparklers in the hands of the merry-makers and a cabaret show contributed continually to the carnival of fun. A dance followed the dinner. The program for the evening is given herewith:

8:00 to 8:30—Orchestra.
8:30 to 9:00—High School quartet.
9:00 to 9:15—Orchestra.
9:15 to 9:30—Miss Prior.
9:30 to 9:45—Orchestra.
9:45 to 10:00—Scotch Highlanders (High school boys).
10:00 to 10:15—Orchestra.
10:15 to 10:30—Negro quartet of High school boys.
Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Kurne, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Allebrand, Dr. and Mrs. Samuel Garvin, Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Moses, Mr. and Mrs. George J. Van Loom, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Puffer, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Sharp, Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Campbell, Dr. and Mrs. D. H. Rice, Dr. and Mrs. Paul A. Loomis, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cundry, Dr. and Mrs. Ed. Nelson, Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Fauly, Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Goodson, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Bauer, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Meserve, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Tynan of Canon City, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Friedman, Dr. and Mrs. T. B. Fleming, Judge and Mrs. James A. Orr, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph J. Dorn, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard C. Capen, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Stark of Salt Lake City, Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Sims, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. James Duncan, Mrs. Crane, Mrs. Florence V. Loomis, Mrs. Hilmer, Mrs. Overington, Mrs. Paul H. Snider of Pagosa Springs, the Misses Pauline Whitely, Ruth Manning, Marie McComb, Edith Hix, Frances Flick, Adelle Hexter, Burton, Alice Perkins, Cora Kanyf, Donald, Mabel McGuinness, Frances Goodale, the Messrs. H. D. Sims, Ray and Harry Puffer, T. J. Morse, N. Wilchen, H. D. Leath, W. H. McIntyre, H. W. Thomas, W. L. Hazzell, Donald Graham, N. J. Parker, Howard Allen, E. L. Whitney, and M. B. Hazzell.

The Second "The Dansant"

If popularity be the criterion, the series of tango teas planned for the benefit of the Day nursery during the winter will be continued indefinitely. From a financial standpoint, Wednesday's affair at the Antlers was a greater success than the first "The Dansant," given a month ago, from the social side, the fact that it equaled its predecessor is sufficient guarantee of its character. In any case it takes point rank in the kindred affairs of a winter season which, in this city, has been remarkable for its big philanthropies.

Long before the graceful dancers began exhibiting their steps on the floor of the big ballroom, the tea to be capacity was exhausted and emergency accommodations were arranged at the cost of encroaching on the dancing space. More than \$120 was taken in at the door alone and this represents but a small part of the total receipts. The previous high-water mark of \$300, set by the November tango tea, was left far in the rear. On Wednesday the dancing population of Colorado Springs began to get comfortably acquainted with the tango to a mammoth scale and decided to pursue the acquaintance.

The program of exhibition dances was as follows: At 4:45, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Tacken, and Mrs. George A. Millone at 5:15, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Morley, Mrs. Morley and Mr. Jack Hillhouse at 5:45, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Merrill Smith of Denver. All the performances were enthusiastically received.

The total reservation of tables was made by the following: Mrs. Chester A. Arthur, Mrs. D. Bryant Turner, Mrs. William M. Dunn, Mrs. J. Alfred F. Hamp, Mrs. Spencer Penrose, Mrs. J. Arthur Connell, Mrs. Arthur L. Drummond, Mrs. Francis W. Goddard, Mrs. J. Dawson Hawkins, Mrs. John Shields, Mrs. Charles A. Lansing, Mrs. Henry W. Hoagland, Mrs. Charles Peabody, Mrs. Clarence C. Hamlin, Mrs. Clarence Carpenter, Mrs. George A. Krause, Mrs. Loring Lennox, Mrs. Charles F. Gardner, Mrs. Rebecca J. Lowe, Mrs. James F. Burns, Mrs. F. B. Waldron, Mrs. William B. Fawcett, Mrs. Dan D. Casement, Mrs. Grant Hemmenway, Mrs. Gerald B. Webb, Mrs. Dixiel Smith, Mrs. James P. Shearer, Mrs. M. B. Clorworthy, Miss Ida A. Maynard, Miss Louise Kampf, Miss Burton, Dr. William V. Mullin, Mr. Pollock.

Mrs. Arthur L. Drummond was in charge of the tables. She had as aides Mrs. Lewis G. Carpenter, Mrs. Jefferson H. Davis, Miss Miriam Washburn and Miss Laura Anderson. They in turn were assisted by Mrs. Eric A. Swenson, Mrs. William I. Howbert, Mrs. Anderson Pierce, Mrs. Olyn D. Homing, Mrs. William D. Hayes, and the Misses Ruth Washburn, Frances Hill, L. J. Jones, Avis Jones, Anna Irene Helen Eyre, Father Parsons, Helen Jackson, Blanche Palmer, Eleanor Anderson, Elizabeth Lockhart, Ida Blackman, Mirjory Hine, Berthe Armit, Alice Farnsworth, Charlotte Kissel, Agnes Lennox, Barbara Kendall, Dorothy Coffin, Laura Gilpin, Helen Macklin, Dorothy Woods.

Patronesses of the "The Dansant" included Mrs. William M. Vance, Mrs. Gerald B. Webb, Mrs. Dan D. Casement, Mrs. Henry W. Hoagland, Mrs. George K. Shields, Mrs. William A. Oils, Mrs. Clarence Carpenter, Mrs. J. Arthur Connell, Mrs. Helen T. H. Marley, Mrs. Spencer Penrose, Mrs. Francis D. Pastorius, Mrs. George A. Krause, Mrs. Berne H. Hopkins, Mrs. Frank H. Tourret, Mrs. Chester Arthur, Mrs. Godfrey Kissel, Mrs. William M. Dunn, Mrs. James F. Burns, Mrs. Stacy C. Richmond and Mrs. Francis W. Goddard.

The committee on arrangements was composed of Mrs. Chaloner B. Schley, chairman, Mrs. James T. Anderson, Mrs. Arthur L. Drummond, Mrs. Margaret Anderson and Miss Miriam Washburn.

Rehearsal of Living Pictures

The only dress rehearsal for the living pictures to be given at the Opera house Wednesday evening for the Belgian relief fund will be held Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, at the Opera house.

New Year Welcomed

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Williamson in Ivywild about 20 of their friends watched the new year in, celebrating its advent with a midnight dinner and appropriate songs.

Reception for Mrs. Bo-Less

In observance of the twenty-fifth anniversary of Mrs. Adda C. Bortree's incumbency as principal of the Washington school a reception will be held Tuesday evening, January 5, in the Washington school building from 8 till 10 o'clock. Invitations have been issued to all patrons of the school for the period of Mrs. Bortree's principalship, members of the school board, Superintendent and Mrs. Carlos M. Cole, and many citizens interested in the welfare of the institution.

Eight former presidents of the Washington School Improvement league will serve. The refreshments and entertainment are in charge of the mothers of the Parent-Teachers association.

Dinner for Mr. and Mrs. Story

Mrs. Canalia Hare Lippincott entertained at dinner Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Julian Story of Philadelphia.

El Paso Club Bridge Tournament

Mrs. D. Bryant Turner of Denver, who is spending the winter at Broadmoor, was the winner of the bridge tournament at the El Paso club which came to a close last week, having a total score of 11,383. In token of her brilliant performance she was presented with a silver cup. Mrs. Francis D. Pastorius, with a score of 10,935, was a close rival, receiving the well merited second ladies' cup.

The gentlemen's first prize was won by Mr. D. A. Sunderlin, who with a total score of 11,859, deferred but little to the fair sex. Dr. P. A. Loomis was second with 10,199, and both were awarded cups.

In charge of a committee composed of Messrs. J. Arthur Connell, chairman, Dr. Arthur C. H. Friedman and Mr. Charles J. Wright the tournament ran its course all too soon for the players, and its success will not unlikely lead to a repetition in the near future.

The participants in the contest were as follows: Mrs. Chaloner B. Schley, Mrs. Charles Lansing, Mrs. William M. Dunn, Mrs. Francis D. Pastorius, Mrs. William W. Williams, Mrs. D. Bryant Turner, Mrs. Stacy C. Richmond, Mrs. George K. Shields, Mrs. A. C. H. Friedman, Mrs. John T. Milliken, Mrs. Kintzing Emmons, Mrs. Rush L. Holland, Mrs. Grant Hemmenway, Mrs. F. C. Matthews, Mrs. Eric A. Swenson, Mrs. Lewis G. Carpenter, Mrs. Chester A. Arthur, Mrs. Frank E. Kernochan.

The Messrs. Anne H. Gates, Blanche Palmer, Augusta Holmes, Elizabeth Lockhart.

The Messrs. Godfrey Kissel, Lewis G. Carpenter, Chaloner B. Schley, J. Arthur Connell, George A. Fowler, Henry C. Nickerson, J. Dawson Hawkins, Ralph O. Giddings, Charles B. Seldombridge, M. H. Wilbur, J. E. McIntyre, Dunbar L. Carpenter, B. D. Hall, C. E. Noble, Rush L. Holland, Grant Hemmenway, John T. Milliken, J. C. Matthews, Thomas R. Newbold, Charles J. Wright, R. H. Heffley, E. A. Sunderlin, Dr. J. B. McConnell, A. C. H. Friedman, P. A. Loomis, W. W. Williams, A. C. Magnitude, I. H. McKinnie and Clark.

Miss Price's Dance

The San Luis school was the scene of another charming dance Friday evening when Miss Dorothy Price honored about 70 of her friends with invitations. The chaperones were Miss Price's mother, Mrs. William W. Price, Mrs. Gilbert McMurtagh, Mrs. Rebecca J. Lowe, Miss Park and Miss Henry.

Card Party for Miss Tecklin

Mrs. Charles A. Lansing entertained with two tables of bridge Thursday evening in honor of her guest, Miss Helen Macklin of London, England.

Mr. and Mrs. Richards' Tea

In compliment to their guests, Miss Isabelle Percy of California and Miss Vida Sutton of New York, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Richards have issued invitations for a tea to be given at their home tomorrow afternoon.

Miss Sutton's Lectures

Following is the program of the series of dramatic readings to be given at the Antlers this week by Miss Vida Sutton of New York, under the direction of Theodore Fisher.

Thursday evening, January 7, "The Point of View," being an exposition of Miss Sutton's personal outlook upon European women, aristocratic and plebeian.

Friday evening, January 8, readings from Bernard Shaw's "Pygmalion," which has just completed a very successful run in New York.

Saturday afternoon, January 9, a fine recital, "Drama and the Common Life," including selections from Galsworthy's "The Pigeon" and "Justice," and "My Lady's Dress" in which Mary Bond is now creating a sensation in New York.

February 1 Miss Sutton will go to Boston to take a position as one of the leading ladies in the new Toy theater. She will also have charge of a lecture department to be conducted in connection with the educational plays to be shown there.

Friends have expressed regret that Dr. Richard Burton could not have met Miss Sutton, in view of his impassioned advocacy of the elevation of the drama at his address before the Winter Night club Monday evening. Miss Sutton is admittedly one of the most powerful and efficient dramatic educators in the country.

Miss Crawford's Reception

Miss Grace Crawford received her friends at an "at home" Friday afternoon. Assisting her were Mrs. George M. Taylor, Miss Matilda McAlister and Miss M. B. Speer.

Miss Drummond's Dance

At the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Arthur L. Drummond Miss Dorothy Drummond gave a very enjoyable dancing party Tuesday evening. Those present were the Misses Berthe Armit, Alice Farnsworth, Betty Hall, Eleanor Greenwood, Agnes Shober, Helen Anderson, Peggy Jackson, Nancy Jackson, Mary Casement, Madeleine Connell, and the Messrs. Herberts, Hunt, Asa T. Jones, Jr., John Armit, Stewart Armit, Lowry, Hagerman, Stacy Richmond, Jr., Hood Van den Arend, Frederick Van den Arend, Philip Shaw, Duncan Moyer, Wolcott Stewart, William Frenaye and Edgar Ulrich.

Dr. and Mrs. Swan Receive

As to their annual custom, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Swan were at home to their friends on New Year's afternoon.

Informal "At Home"

Miss Esther Parsons and her brother, Mr. Charles Parsons, invited about 60 friends in for tea Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Guilford Jones and Mrs. Herbert W. Fox poured. They were assisted by Miss Lucile Fisher, Miss Margaret Wilson, Miss Dorothy Krause and Miss Dorothy Crowley.

Dance at San Luis School

Mr. and Mrs. James V. Burns gave a very pretty holiday dance at the San Luis school Wednesday for their son, Master James V. Burns Jr.

Among those present were the Misses Perkins, Helen Harmon, Carolyn Patterson, Agnes Shober, Gladys Burns, Florence Harris, Elizabeth Hamlin, Jeanette Hawkins, Madeleine Connell, Mary Casement, Helen Anderson, Eleanor Greenwood, Alice Farnsworth, Jeanette Penoyer, Louise Allen, Mary Lawton, Eleanor Van Vechten, Peggy Jackson, Nancy Jackson, Florence Knox, Grace Knox, Claudia Lyon, Betty Hall, Dorothy Allen, Margaret Bennett, Berthe Armit, Laura Jos, Christina Wandell, Harriet Reynolds, Dorothy Price, Margaret Fertig and Charlotte Kissel, and the Messrs. Arthur Kirkwood, Jack Hawkins, Charles Newbold, Lowry Hagerman, Theodore Van den Arend, Hood Van den Arend, James Peck, William Frenaye, Jr., Monroe Heath, William Earl, Louis Laust, Gerald Bennett, George Krause, J. Charles Farnsworth, Lee Armit, J. B. Cralle, Jr., Robert Peck, Stewart Armit, Herbert Hunt, Stacy Richmond, Jr., Huntington Wandell, Asa T. Jones, Jr., Vincent Gildea, Proctor Nichols, Vehtre Hoagland and Harold Blaylock of Denver.

Watch Party

Both in observance of his fourteenth birthday and to celebrate the coming of the new year, Mr. Jerome E. Dummer gave a watch party at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dummer. The guests were the Misses Marjorie Thomas, Margaret Wells, Jean Graham, Jeanette Gilbert, Helen Gilbert, Gladys Jackson, Gladys Bartels, Gladys Robinson, Vesta Miller, Dorlvin Boyd, Helen Skote, Juanita McPhetridge, Zola McPhetridge, Florence Grass and Ortha Arthur, and the Messrs. Harry Wells, Paul Gilbert, Harry Gilbert, Arthur Kirkwood, Smith Yates, John Jackson, Raymond Grass, Herman Hriscoe, Thomas Strachan, James Aitken, Monroe Heath, Edward Patterson, Edward Thomas, Ted Patton and Robert Miller.

Miss Edgar Gives Dance

Miss Dorothy Edgar gave a jolly and informal vacation dance at her home Wednesday evening. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Edgar, chaperoned the 12 couples invited.

Tea for Mrs. Capen's Guests

In honor of Miss Elizabeth Lennox and Miss Grace Merrill of Milwaukee, Miss G. M. Penoyer gave an informal tea at her home Saturday afternoon, December 26. Miss Lennox and Miss Merrill are the sister and cousin of Mrs. Bernard C. Capen, and are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Capen here.

Mrs. Lowe Gives Tea

The Misses Grace Merrill and Elizabeth Lennox of Milwaukee, Wis., guests of their relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard C. Capen, were honored at a tea given for them Tuesday afternoon by Mrs. Rebecca J. Lowe.

Vacation Tea at F. T. Van Diest

The Misses Alice and Josie Van Diest gave an attractive dance at the San Luis school last evening in honor of the college students at home for the holidays. About 30 couples were present. The affair was given by Mr. and Mrs. George A. Kahan, Mr. and Mrs. Harold C. H. and Mrs. E. C. Van Dier, III. Strong's orchestra furnished the music.



MRS. JULIAN STORY



MRS. JULIAN STORY

The guest of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Penrose, who will participate in the tableaux at the Opera House Wednesday evening. —Photo by Henry

HOW IT FEELS TO KILL ANOTHER MAN

Fritz Kreisler, Back From the War Where He Was Severely Wounded in a Hand-to-Hand Fight, Tells of Deeds of Daring and About the War Hospitals

How does it feel to kill another man? Fritz Kreisler, the famous violinist, tells the story of his experiences in the war, and how he felt when he was severely wounded in a hand-to-hand fight.

Kreisler explained that he was not a killing machine, but a man who was forced to fight. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

Kreisler was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

As the men were talking, the shells were falling, and the air was filled with the sound of battle. Kreisler was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

Kreisler explained that he was not a killing machine, but a man who was forced to fight. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

Kreisler was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.

He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals. He was wounded in a hand-to-hand fight, and he tells of the deeds of daring and about the war hospitals.



which over and over again quickly faded. Just as a Cossack reached me I fired and his horse fell on top of me.

"I was knocked breathless and thought I would suffocate. However, the horse, which was dying, gave a spasmodic lurch and I scrambled out.

"I then found that the Russian's lance had pierced my right leg and

CENTER—Fritz Kreisler, Upper left—A hand-to-hand encounter. Below—A daring soldier blowing up a bridge while shells are bursting about him.

I was unable to rise. The Cossack was wounded, but he roared, jabbing at me with a sword and I tried to free my revolver. After what seemed to me to be a long time, I managed to get out my revolver and fired.

"When I was sure he was dead I tried to get away, I couldn't, and there did not seem to be any living person within call. The men in my

regiment, the Third Jäger, were either killed or driven back at the charge."

Mrs. Kreisler then told her husband's servant had found him and sent him to the Leubner hospital, where she had been sent from another Red Cross hospital near Vienna.

"I had not heard a word from my husband since he enlisted in August," said Mrs. Kreisler. "I had heard of his regiment being in several battles, and I was sure he had been killed. I wanted to find my husband as I was walking among the ruins."

"I have been inoculated with anti-toxins for typhus, typhoid, cholera and spotted fever, as there are many cases of all four diseases in the Austrian camps and hospitals."

"I have no personal ill feeling against any of the warring countries, but I have against the government. The Russian bullets are the most humane and the Russians have the reputation of being the fairest and most humane fighters."

OTHER VIOLINISTS AFFECTED BY WAR.
The European war has demanded a heavy toll of world-famous violinists.

Jaques Ysaye, the Belgian master of the violin, has three sons in the war, and he himself has lost a Russian home in the fall of Ostend.

Jaques Thibaud, premier violinist of France, is in the French Army, and not a word has come from his regiment, which is known to have been in the thickest of the fighting.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

In telling of Ysaye's flight, some friends say that he and two companions managed to secure a small fishing boat to take them to Dunkirk. They spent the night in the little craft without food and with no protection from the weather.

Ysaye was able to bring away on a few belongings, but these included his priceless violin. He was forced to leave many beautiful objects of art and some undervalued treasures collected during his triumphal appearances in every corner of the world.

Jaques Thibaud, the greatest violinist in all France, seems to have been lost entirely. His residence was known to have become engaged with the Germans about 250 miles from Paris and heavy losses have been reported from the section they were in when last heard from.

Alisa Elman, the youthful Russian artist, seems to have struck luck in the war. All told the struggle will mean about \$100,000 easy money for him and a long vacation.

Just now he is spending his time playing chess in New York and going to hear the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

Although but 18 years old, he has money to burn and is learning it to live the masters.

Elman has sent for his relatives and will join them in a beautiful "countryside" residence, while he himself continues to occupy a small bachelor quarters in a downtown hotel.

SPY IS VALUABLE ASSET TO ARMY

MUCH DEPENDS ON NEWS OF THE ENEMY

Reconnaissance by Various Means Spells Defeat or Success

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS, France, Jan. 2.—Reconnaissance by aeroplane or otherwise is the most direct and probably the quickest way of obtaining news of the enemy, but the use of spies is still most to be relied upon in modern warfare.

This is the conclusion of the British "examination" at the front, who devote the greater part of the account to a discussion of spying. It divides the methods of obtaining information into three groups. "They are broadly," he says, "reconnaissance, whether it be by cavalry, infantry, or both, by motorcycle or aircraft; the employment of spies or, as they are more pleasantly called, "agents"; and the collection of such information as can be gained from an inspection of the uniforms worn by the dead or by prisoners and from the papers carried by the cross-examination of the latter.

The employment of agents is considered the most wholesale way in which intelligence can be gained, and at its best it furnishes a broader basis upon which to build than the others. The work of such persons does not always depend on the accuracy of vision of an

GERMAN CHEMISTS AT WORK ON SUBSTITUTES FOR MANY CHEMICALS

Desired to Provide Many Articles Received From Other Countries

By SIDNEY ESPEY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—German chemists actively are cooperating to find substitutes for a number of compounds for which the country depended upon foreign sources of supply which have been cut off by the war. There are chiefly rubber and gasoline.

The necessity for gasoline of a suitable substitute is most pressing, as the transportation problem is the most serious factor in the great war where the use of the automobile is so great. The need for rubber is also acute, as the automobile is so dependent upon it. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for rubber, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for rubber in the near future.

The greatest difficulty of this important fuel formerly was imported from Russia, Canada and Louisiana. As no gasoline now can be had from these sections, it has been necessary to turn to substitutes the most important of which are benzol and alcohol.

Benzol is a by-product of the manufacture of coke and the German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for benzol. It is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for benzol in the near future.

Efforts are being made to overcome this disadvantage by adding nitrogen. There is no danger of its becoming mixed with alcohol and the mixture has proved very satisfactory in the experiments thus far made. There is a shortage of alcohol in Germany, as the available supply in Austria has more than 25,000,000 gallons owing to complications caused by the war, however, the average distillation of this product has been raised by about 40 per cent.

The by-products of the distillation of brown coal can also be considered as substitutes for gasoline. The use of the various substitutes for gasoline, however, necessitates changes in the carburetors, now upon gasoline engines, but this question is being worked out by the chemists.

Rubber Problem Greater. Problems arising from the shortage of rubber are much more complicated than those from the shortage of gasoline, although they have the same direct importance in connection with the war. The shortage of rubber is much more serious than the shortage of gasoline, as the automobile is so dependent upon it.

The shortage of rubber is much more serious than the shortage of gasoline, as the automobile is so dependent upon it. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for rubber, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for rubber in the near future.

Another serious problem confronting the chemists is the shortage of sulfur. Sulfur is used in a great many chemical processes, and the shortage of sulfur is a serious problem. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for sulfur, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for sulfur in the near future.

The shortage of sulfur is a serious problem. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for sulfur, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for sulfur in the near future.

The shortage of sulfur is a serious problem. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for sulfur, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for sulfur in the near future.

The shortage of sulfur is a serious problem. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for sulfur, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for sulfur in the near future.

The shortage of sulfur is a serious problem. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for sulfur, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for sulfur in the near future.

The shortage of sulfur is a serious problem. The German chemists are working on a number of substitutes for sulfur, and it is believed that they will be able to produce a suitable substitute for sulfur in the near future.

HOSPITAL STAFF OF THE DUCHESS OF WESTMINSTER



individual, which is a very variable quality, but is often established on statements of facts produced with the greatest care by the enemy for his own use.

Is Slow Method. It is a slow method, however, the account goes on to say, as it is necessary to transmit the information obtained through devious channels.

Reconnaissance, he adds, is the most direct and probably the quickest way of obtaining news of the enemy. It is not uniform, however, in amount or quality, because it generally depends on the quickness of eye and the power of appreciation of some scout or observer watching from a distance, and it is likely to be affected by atmospheric conditions.

Lastly comes the third method mentioned. If a prisoner gives away information either through stupidity or from a desire to curry favor and to better his lot, a good deal may be attained at one bound. But this applies chiefly to the information given by officers, who are not very often captured and are, moreover, not in the habit of imparting valuable news. A soldier's knowledge of what is going on in his own side is comparatively limited. Communications from prisoners, also, are to be accepted with reserve. In the direction of identification the activity of an intelligence section is largely confined to the examination of the bodies or equipment worn by the dead and to prisoners. The responsibility of the individual of course has no military value, but the identification of the dead is of great importance for the return of their bodies to their families. The examination of letters, diaries and orders also has a great deal of attention.

Newspapers Valuable. Newspapers are sources of value, because they contain information about the movements of the enemy. They are also a source of information about the state of the enemy's morale and the state of the enemy's economy.

The by-products of the distillation of brown coal can also be considered as substitutes for gasoline. The use of the various substitutes for gasoline, however, necessitates changes in the carburetors, now upon gasoline engines, but this question is being worked out by the chemists.

Efforts are being made to overcome this disadvantage by adding nitrogen. There is no danger of its becoming mixed with alcohol and the mixture has proved very satisfactory in the experiments thus far made. There is a shortage of alcohol in Germany, as the available supply in Austria has more than 25,000,000 gallons owing to complications caused by the war, however, the average distillation of this product has been raised by about 40 per cent.

The by-products of the distillation of brown coal can also be considered as substitutes for gasoline. The use of the various substitutes for gasoline, however, necessitates changes in the carburetors, now upon gasoline engines, but this question is being worked out by the chemists.

Efforts are being made to overcome this disadvantage by adding nitrogen. There is no danger of its becoming mixed with alcohol and the mixture has proved very satisfactory in the experiments thus far made. There is a shortage of alcohol in Germany, as the available supply in Austria has more than 25,000,000 gallons owing to complications caused by the war, however, the average distillation of this product has been raised by about 40 per cent.

The by-products of the distillation of brown coal can also be considered as substitutes for gasoline. The use of the various substitutes for gasoline, however, necessitates changes in the carburetors, now upon gasoline engines, but this question is being worked out by the chemists.

Efforts are being made to overcome this disadvantage by adding nitrogen. There is no danger of its becoming mixed with alcohol and the mixture has proved very satisfactory in the experiments thus far made. There is a shortage of alcohol in Germany, as the available supply in Austria has more than 25,000,000 gallons owing to complications caused by the war, however, the average distillation of this product has been raised by about 40 per cent.

The by-products of the distillation of brown coal can also be considered as substitutes for gasoline. The use of the various substitutes for gasoline, however, necessitates changes in the carburetors, now upon gasoline engines, but this question is being worked out by the chemists.

Efforts are being made to overcome this disadvantage by adding nitrogen. There is no danger of its becoming mixed with alcohol and the mixture has proved very satisfactory in the experiments thus far made. There is a shortage of alcohol in Germany, as the available supply in Austria has more than 25,000,000 gallons owing to complications caused by the war, however, the average distillation of this product has been raised by about 40 per cent.

The by-products of the distillation of brown coal can also be considered as substitutes for gasoline. The use of the various substitutes for gasoline, however, necessitates changes in the carburetors, now upon gasoline engines, but this question is being worked out by the chemists.

Efforts are being made to overcome this disadvantage by adding nitrogen. There is no danger of its becoming mixed with alcohol and the mixture has proved very satisfactory in the experiments thus far made. There is a shortage of alcohol in Germany, as the available supply in Austria has more than 25,000,000 gallons owing to complications caused by the war, however, the average distillation of this product has been raised by about 40 per cent.

The by-products of the distillation of brown coal can also be considered as substitutes for gasoline. The use of the various substitutes for gasoline, however, necessitates changes in the carburetors, now upon gasoline engines, but this question is being worked out by the chemists.

able information as to where the shoe pinches.

Since the composition of the larger formations of all armies is known, it is possible, except in those cases where sweeping change are made during a war, to extract vital information from the composition of even a single soldier killed or captured at a certain spot with a certain battalion. The result of ascertaining that this battalion was at that point at a given time may lead to the first suspicion that a much larger formation to which that battalion belongs is not somewhere else where its presence has been assumed. The possible significance of the results of such a discovery when corroborated is obvious. This explains why the identification of units with localities by means of accoutrements, badges, etc., takes so much of the time of certain bureaus in all armies. As it has been frequently, but by no means inaccurately expressed, an important part of the duty of a great general staff is that of constituting army corps out of shoulder straps.

Air Full of Rumors. During the war the air is full of rumors, even at general headquarters, and even these rumors are concerned with the dispositions of the enemy. The scope is much enlarged if the hostile army is composed of forces of different nationalities. On the other hand, it is not only the connection of units with localities that is useful. It often happens that the mere presence of a unit being in the field betrays the fact that reinforcements have come up or that new formations are being raised. Inaccurate as knowledge of the enemy may be, it is generally sufficient for the official organization of his arms to be known.

As is seen, a considerable part of intelligence work is done in character and amounts to the building up first of a possible and then of a probable theory based on a mass of suspicious facts, which merely connect to side lights, and established evidence. It resembles that of a detective or the framing of a jigsaw puzzle. No small part of the work is often an apparently useless scrap of information that fits in and focuses the fluid link in a chain of evidence.

Worth Doing. It is obvious, apart from discussion as to causes and results, however, that

at all the trouble is actually taken to identify individuals, whether in connection with places or not, it must be considered worth doing. And it follows that it must be worth while to put every obstacle in the way of the enemy doing the same. That this view is held is proved by the pains at which all the combatants in the present war are to prevent reference in the press to units in the field. This reference is not maintained in order to deny to the general public news which would quite naturally and rightly be of absorbing interest, but in order not to give gratis to the enemy information he needs and to acquire which—if it is not presented to him—he is forced to spend much money and trouble.

It is better to help the nation in its struggle for existence by an admittedly tantalizing reference, or to satisfy the people's curiosity and natural anxiety at the risk of endangering national success in the field? This is the question. To it, there can be only one answer.

A further and natural step beyond this negative policy of withholding from the enemy the knowledge where troops are, as the more active course of inducing him to suppose that they are in localities remote from their actual situation. This, of course, applies to the act of mystifying, misleading and surprising the enemy, which is as valuable a part of the conduct of war.

Spread False Reports. Reports of an intended invasion of England may be spread by the enemy in the hope of causing a dislocation of plans of which full advantage can be taken. Such a course would only be in accordance with the action of the Germans in 1914 when they spread rumors that there were large concentrations of their troops in the Black Forest, where there were practically none—in order to induce the French to detach forces in southern Alsace.

Misleading reports of this nature are usually set in circulation by those interested and spread either by their direct means or by people who are purposefully allowed to overhear carefully arranged conversations held for their benefit by means of eavesdroppers, or agents in the pay of both sides, or common traitors willing to sell their own country who have an intimate acquaintance with the enemy's nation. As an example of this may be men-

tioned the presence at the capital of a neutral country of a German officer who was for some years stationed in London and has an intimate knowledge of our naval, military, political and social life, and has probably made such a deep study of our national psychology that he would be well equipped to play on our idiosyncrasies.

WHAT GETS THE BIGGEST HAND IN A THEATER

In the American Magazine Magazine Thompson, writing another Dorothy story, presents a character who comments as follows on the theater:

"The thing that brings the biggest 'hand' in the theaters is what you call horseplay. When it comes to fun, city folks and country folks are just alike—both about six years old."

IDENTIFYING THE DEAD

From The American Boy. When a German soldier falls in battle, he is identified by a little metal disc which he carries. This disc bears a number, and this number is telegraphed to Berlin. There the soldier's name is determined. This system is as effective as any other else known.

The British use an identification disc, which contains besides marks of identification, the soldier's church affiliation. The Japanese system is similar, each soldier wearing three discs, one around his neck, another on his belt and the third on his boot. The Russians wear a numbered badge which, at the same time, serves as a charm, being formally blessed by the priest.

The United States army uses a cloth tag woven into the shoulder strap of the tunic. The French use identification cards which are placed in the tunic. The French also made use of metal identification badges, but these proved an irresistible attraction to the pay-agers whom the French faced in Africa, and the cards were substituted. Austria still uses a badge of gunmetal in the form of a locket with parchment leaves inside. Of the nations at war, Turkey alone has no identification badges for her soldiers. Edhem Pasha once explained this omission as follows: "A dead man is of no use to the sultan; why, therefore, trouble with him?"

Such men as the Hon. James Bryce, former English ambassador and author of "American Commonwealth," Dr. William D. Lewis, dean of the Pennsylvania Law school, Charles P. Neill, commissioner of the bureau of labor, Speaker Clark, Ernst Hutten, formerly with the legislative bureau of California, Minority Leader Mann, Representative Shirley and others have given indorsement to the proposal.

Moreover, there is a prospect that other members, tired of what the committee feels draggery, will willingly vote for the new system if it comes before them for action soon.

Incidentally, it may be pointed out that oftentimes bills come before the house in the most haphazard condition. Written on scraps of paper, hurriedly scribbled in pencil, or showing plainly the lack of painstaking efforts or information, they are thrown into the hopper, and later are taken before an overburdened committee for decision.

TEACHING THE USE OF A LIBRARY

Knowing how to use a library is an important part of the education of the United States. The Bureau of Education, through the efforts of the National Library of Congress, has been commissioned to find out what the educational institutions of the country are doing as to "instruction in the management and use of libraries."

The results of this investigation are made public in a Bulletin just issued, on "Library Instruction in Universities, Colleges and Normal Schools."

Out of 446 institutions of higher education replying, 91 give definite library courses. Of 166 normal schools replying to the bureau's inquiry, 92 reported instruction in library methods.

Separate library schools have been established at the following institutions: Simmons College, Boston; Western Reserve University, Cleveland; Ohio State University, Columbus; University of Illinois, Urbana; and Syracuse University, New York.

Required courses in library instruction are maintained by the University of North Dakota, Ohio State University, Oregon Agricultural College, Pennsylvania State College, Utah Agricultural College, and the University of Washington. All of these institutions give full credit toward graduation for courses designed to train students in effective use of books and libraries.

Elective courses in library work are offered by many prominent institutions of higher education, including Cornell University, the University of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Michigan, New Mexico, West Virginia and the University of Denver.

Wisconsin and Idaho are the only states requiring library instruction in the normal schools, according to the report. "The best method in a library," the bulletin asserts, "is frequently in the form of magazine articles, pamphlets and technical papers prepared by experts. Every student should be required to take some course in the management of library work. Such a course should not only be required, but should be made a part of the work required for a degree."

By JONATHAN WINFIELD. WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The tired, overworked legislator is about to have relief, if plans of the house library committee carry. This committee has just decided that the pathway of the legislator is far too thorny, especially when it comes to the routine labor of framing bills, gathering official documents, learning intricate points of existing laws, and such garden variety affairs as interfere with the really higher sphere of a congressman's position. Hence, the library committee has recommended that there be established in the congressional library a "legislative reference division."

The process is very simple. A congressman decides he wants to introduce a bill to permit the department of agriculture to investigate a species of animal which might be produced by crossing a zebra and humming bird. He decides he doesn't know anything about either the zebra, humming bird or department of agriculture. So he would merely have to sit down at his phone, ring up the legislative reference division, ask for data on his subject and the best method for incorporating his idea in a bill.

The division would then get busy, obtain what the aforesaid legislator wants, and ship it back to his office. Then the bill relative to zebras and humming birds would go in, put up in the latest approved fashion.

Say Division Is Essential. Of course, its work would be more serious than the incident cited above, and a number of leading members of congress claim that such a division is absolutely essential to the careful framing of bills. That it would reduce the ultimate work of congress in amending complicated or unintelligible measures is their contention.

The opinion of Representative Slayden of Texas, of the committee on library is fully expressed in his report as follows:

"It is believed that the legislative reference division will result in improvement in the form of bills presented to congress by supplying members with adequate data relative to the subject of the proposed legislation. Necessary information will be collected from congressional rulings of executives and decisions of courts. Important data from every source, foreign and domestic, will be placed at the disposal of the legislator to facilitate his work and make it more effective. This will be digested and given to members in a convenient form."

Members will be enabled to call upon the bureau for a report as to the exact state of existing law on any subject and of proposed reforms or amendments, whether in the national, state or foreign legislative enactments will be made, and complete indexes of all matter germane to legislative subjects prepared and made available.

As the result of mature deliberation your committee is unanimously of the opinion that the legislative reference division should be a department of the congressional library, where the best of the data exists which will be collected, indexed and made available for legislators. The committee believes that this measure will effect a real reform and that in a little while members of both houses of congress will come to rely on the reference division for much of the data now painfully gathered by themselves and their clerical assistants, none of whom are especially trained for, or have the time to give to, a labor which partakes of the nature of drudgery. Other great legislative bodies have such an adjunct, and the information of the committee is that when once established and given time to prove its usefulness none has been abandoned.

Such men as the Hon. James Bryce, former English ambassador and author of "American Commonwealth," Dr. William D. Lewis, dean of the Pennsylvania Law school, Charles P. Neill, commissioner of the bureau of labor, Speaker Clark, Ernst Hutten, formerly with the legislative bureau of California, Minority Leader Mann, Representative Shirley and others have given indorsement to the proposal.

Moreover, there is a prospect that other members, tired of what the committee feels draggery, will willingly vote for the new system if it comes before them for action soon.

Incidentally, it may be pointed out that oftentimes bills come before the house in the most haphazard condition. Written on scraps of paper, hurriedly scribbled in pencil, or showing plainly the lack of painstaking efforts or information, they are thrown into the hopper, and later are taken before an overburdened committee for decision.

TEACHING THE USE OF A LIBRARY

Knowing how to use a library is an important part of the education of the United States. The Bureau of Education, through the efforts of the National Library of Congress, has been commissioned to find out what the educational institutions of the country are doing as to "instruction in the management and use of libraries."

The results of this investigation are made public in a Bulletin just issued, on "Library Instruction in Universities, Colleges and Normal Schools."

Out of 446 institutions of higher education replying, 91 give definite library courses. Of 166 normal schools replying to the bureau's inquiry, 92 reported instruction in library methods.

Separate library schools have been established at the following institutions: Simmons College, Boston; Western Reserve University, Cleveland; Ohio State University, Columbus; University of Illinois, Urbana; and Syracuse University, New York.

Required courses in library instruction are maintained by the University of North Dakota, Ohio State University, Oregon Agricultural College, Pennsylvania State College, Utah Agricultural College, and the University of Washington. All of these institutions give full credit toward graduation for courses designed to train students in effective use of books and libraries.

Elective courses in library work are offered by many prominent institutions of higher education, including Cornell University, the University of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Michigan, New Mexico, West Virginia and the University of Denver.

Wisconsin and Idaho are the only states requiring library instruction in the normal schools, according to the report. "The best method in a library," the bulletin asserts, "is frequently in the form of magazine articles, pamphlets and technical papers prepared by experts. Every student should be required to take some course in the management of library work. Such a course should not only be required, but should be made a part of the work required for a degree."

CONGRESSMEN FAVOR REFERENCE DIVISION IN CAPITOL LIBRARY

Say Department Would Aid in Preparation of Bills to Be Presented

By JONATHAN WINFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The tired, overworked legislator is about to have relief, if plans of the house library committee carry. This committee has just decided that the pathway of the legislator is far too thorny, especially when it comes to the routine labor of framing bills, gathering official documents, learning intricate points of existing laws, and such garden variety affairs as interfere with the really higher sphere of a congressman's position. Hence, the library committee has recommended that there be established in the congressional library a "legislative reference division."

The process is very simple. A congressman decides he wants to introduce a bill to permit the department of agriculture to investigate a species of animal which might be produced by crossing a zebra and humming bird. He decides he doesn't know anything about either the zebra, humming bird or department of agriculture. So he would merely have to sit down at his phone, ring up the legislative reference division, ask for data on his subject and the best method for incorporating his idea in a bill.

The division would then get busy, obtain what the aforesaid legislator wants, and ship it back to his office. Then the bill relative to zebras and humming birds would go in, put up in the latest approved fashion.

Say Division Is Essential. Of course, its work would be more serious than the incident cited above, and a number of leading members of congress claim that such a division is absolutely essential to the careful framing of bills. That it would reduce the ultimate work of congress in amending complicated or unintelligible measures is their contention.

The opinion of Representative Slayden of Texas, of the committee on library is fully expressed in his report as follows:

"It is believed that the legislative reference division will result in improvement in the form of bills presented to congress by supplying members with adequate data relative to the subject of the proposed legislation. Necessary information will be collected from congressional rulings of executives and decisions of courts. Important data from every source, foreign and domestic, will be placed at the disposal of the legislator to facilitate his work and make it more effective. This will be digested and given to members in a convenient form."

Members will be enabled to call upon the bureau for a report as to the exact state of existing law on any subject and of proposed reforms or amendments, whether in the national, state or foreign legislative enactments will be made, and complete indexes of all matter germane to legislative subjects prepared and made available.

As the result of mature deliberation your committee is unanimously of the opinion that the legislative reference division should be a department of the congressional library, where the best of the data exists which will be collected, indexed and made available for legislators. The committee believes that this measure will effect a real reform and that in a little while members of both houses of congress will come to rely on the reference division for much of the data now painfully gathered by themselves and their clerical assistants, none of whom are especially trained for, or have the time to give to, a labor which partakes of the nature of drudgery. Other great legislative bodies have such an adjunct, and the information of the committee is that when once established and given time to prove its usefulness none has been abandoned.

Such men as the Hon. James Bryce, former English ambassador and author of "American Commonwealth," Dr. William D. Lewis, dean of the Pennsylvania Law school, Charles P. Neill, commissioner of the bureau of labor, Speaker Clark, Ernst Hutten, formerly with the legislative bureau of California, Minority Leader Mann, Representative Shirley and others have given indorsement to the proposal.

Moreover, there is a prospect that other members, tired of what the committee feels draggery, will willingly vote for the new system if it comes before them for action soon.

Incidentally, it may be pointed out that oftentimes bills come before the house in the most haphazard condition. Written on scraps of paper, hurriedly scribbled in pencil, or showing plainly the lack of painstaking efforts or information, they are thrown into the hopper, and later are taken before an overburdened committee for decision.

TEACHING THE USE OF A LIBRARY

Knowing how to use a library is an important part of the education of the United States. The Bureau of Education, through the efforts of the National Library of Congress, has been commissioned to find out what the educational institutions of the country are doing as to "instruction in the management and use of libraries."

The results of this investigation are made public in a Bulletin just issued, on "Library Instruction in Universities, Colleges and Normal Schools."

Out of 446 institutions of higher education replying, 91 give definite library courses. Of 166 normal schools replying to the bureau's inquiry, 92 reported instruction in library methods.

Separate library schools have been established at the following institutions: Simmons College, Boston; Western Reserve University, Cleveland; Ohio State University, Columbus; University of Illinois, Urbana; and Syracuse University, New York.

Required courses in library instruction are maintained by the University of North Dakota, Ohio State University, Oregon Agricultural College, Pennsylvania State College, Utah Agricultural College, and the University of Washington. All of these institutions give full credit toward graduation for courses designed to train students in effective use of books and libraries.

Elective courses in library work are offered by many prominent institutions of higher education, including Cornell University, the University of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Michigan, New Mexico, West Virginia and the University of Denver.

Wisconsin and Idaho are the only states requiring library instruction in the normal schools, according to the report. "The best method in a library," the bulletin asserts, "is frequently in the form of magazine articles, pamphlets and technical papers prepared by experts. Every student should be required to take some course in the management of library work. Such a course should not only be required, but should be made a part of the work required for a degree."

TEACHING THE USE OF A LIBRARY

Knowing how to use a library is an important part of the education of the United States. The Bureau of Education, through the efforts of the National Library of Congress, has been commissioned to find out what the educational institutions of the country are doing as to "instruction in the management and use of libraries."

The results of this investigation are made public in a Bulletin just issued, on "Library Instruction in Universities, Colleges and Normal Schools."

Out of 446 institutions of higher education replying, 91 give definite library courses. Of 166 normal schools replying to the bureau's inquiry, 92 reported instruction in library methods.

COUNT HAESELER IS UNIQUE FIGURE

BEARS CHARMED LIFE, SAY SOLDIERS

Got Permission From the Kaiser to Go to France to Hunt "for Rib"

BERLIN, Dec. 24.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Old Count Haeseler, the retired field marshal, is playing a unique role in this war. Some 20 years ago military men, both German and foreign, were accustomed to look to him as leader of Germany's armies in the event of a war, as he had acquired a great reputation as a strategist. But the war did not come in time to give him his great opportunity. He had fought through three wars—against Denmark in 1864, against Austria in 1866 and against France in 1870, but he was then too young to attain high rank, and when the present war broke out he was too old to command an army. Though he was approaching his seventy-ninth year, he went to the Kaiser, it is said, and begged permission to accompany the troops into France, pleading humorously that he had lost a rib there in 1870 which he wanted to find.

Haeseler got the Kaiser's consent, and for weeks he was following the German armies, astonishing the soldiers with his utter contempt of danger. His former orderly, Arnold Hochberg, tells in a German monthly some interesting stories about his daily life with the old field marshal. It has repeatedly occurred, says Hochberg, that the count has ridden in the firing line of the infantry while making an attack. The men were advancing only by rushes and leaning low to the ground; but Haeseler would ride calmly forward with his attendant, the target of French rifles, and at times he was even fired upon by machine guns and cannon without being hit. In this way a superstitious tradition has found foothold among the soldiers as to the old marshal being supernaturally bulletproof.

An incident illustrating his cool daring, occurred in a certain battle when he was approaching a village in which the natives were firing upon the Germans from their barred houses. To the left and the right the German lines were advancing. Somebody warned him not to ride through the village owing to the "snipink" going on there; but he rode through without getting a scratch. Arrived at the farther side, he met a patrol under a lieutenant coming back from a reconnaissance, and remarked to him: "Comrade, I advise you not to ride through this village; the citizens are firing from their windows, and you would be in danger."

Count First One They Met. On another occasion the old general was watching from the edge of a wood a battle in which the Germans were trying to dislodge the French from a village which was strongly occupied. After a time firing from the village ceased, but it was still uncertain whether the French had withdrawn. So it was decided to send forward a patrol. When the patrol rode into the village, the first man it met was Count Haeseler, accompanied by his orderly and a French prisoner. He had captured the patrol of the guns that the French had left. He had seen the orders were unusual, but when they saw a French soldier lurking in the village, Haeseler called up to him and said in a questioning tone: "You are said to be a Frenchman?"

When the Frenchman heard this, he threw down his rifle, made a military salute and replied: "Yes, my general."

In another battle he sat under a walnut tree at the edge of a village, and watched the fighting with a group of officers around him. Suddenly a French shell, dropped about 200 yards ahead of them, and a few minutes later another only 100 yards short. An officer was calling Hochberg's attention to this when a third shell fell only 50 yards away. "Two more, gentlemen," remarked the old marshal, "and they will hit the walnut tree!" As the party moved away, another shell exploded still nearer, and a moment later the tree was squarely hit. It was soon ascertained that the muzzle of the village was in telephone communication with the French battery and was directing its fire. The story does not tell what was the fate of the mayor.

Despite his great age the count still has a remarkable endurance. It is said that he has remained in the saddle as much as 14 hours a day in some parts of the present war. He is very abstemious in food and drink; he lives chiefly on milk and eggs, eating only a little meat; and he drinks no alcohol whatever.

Writing on scraps of paper, hurriedly scribbled in pencil, or showing plainly the lack of painstaking efforts or information, they are thrown into the hopper, and later are taken before an overburdened committee for decision.

TEACHING THE USE OF A LIBRARY

Gazette Want-Ads

WANTED, Male Help

SALESMEN WANTED—Experience unnecessary. easy work. big pay. Write for a large list of openings. Address: National Salesmen's Training Association, Chicago, New York, Kansas City, San Francisco.

AUTO BUSINESS

We teach you to repair and drive an auto for your own safety. learn to drive your car correctly. terms reasonable. Colorado Springs Auto School & Repair Shop, 408 S. Tejon St. Phone 1749.

SALESMEN—Selling—Free Sample

Plushie sign. Plushie changeable window in radiant sparkling beams of colored electric light. Outselling everything at \$10. Terms 30 days. Earning made \$200 one day. Mose sold \$225 and made \$300 in November. You can too. Plushie Sign Co., Chicago.

GOVERNMENT positions are easy to get

My free booklet, H-181, tells how. Examinations in this state soon. Write today—NOW. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach the barber trade

in few weeks. mailed free. Write MOILER COLLEGE, Denver, Colo.

ENERGETIC men and women to take orders for large portrait house

good wages. Call all week between 9 and 5 a. m. Mrs. Edith Jack, 211 N. Cascade.

SONG poems wanted

We will compose music and arrange for publication immediately. Dugdale Co. Studio, 338 Washington, D. C.

\$2.00 ANNUALLY. Cooperate with the

evening at home. Everything furnished. Don't worry about capital. Hoyt H. Brown, Omaha, Neb.

WANTED—Young man for vaudeville act

one that can learn to dance. Call Shuppan's hall, Sunday, 2 to 5.

WANTED—A good talker to do canvassing work

good commission. C. W. Bennett, 18 E. O. Place.

MAN and wife for out of town, general

at kitchen, and second girls. Henderson's, 20 E. Kiowa St.

PRIVATE TUTORING, afternoons and

evenings. J. B. Walton, A. M., 524 N. Weber.

WANTED—A furnace boy

822 S. Tejon.

BOY with wheel for delivery service

Wood Truck Co. Opera House Bldg.

120 N. Nevada. Hair cut, 15c; shave

10c. You are next; the best.

WANTED AGENTS

AGENTS—Broad new specialty aluminum trident same pan with detachable handle. Cooks 3 different foods on one burner. Saves gas. Lasts life time. \$100 to \$200 per month easy. Send for our large catalog of 400 other specialties. American Aluminum Mfg. Co., Div. 2045, Leominster, Ill.

AGENTS wanted everywhere. Start

your New Year right. Our topnotch specialties are fine sellers. Profits good and sure. Write today. Fashion Store, Belleville, Illinois.

AGENTS made 500 per cent profit selling

novelty sign cars. Merchants buy 10 to 100 at night. 500 varieties. Catalog from Sullivan & Co., 1234 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—We teach and help you make

a success with our household aluminum specialties. \$100 to \$300 per month easy. Write quick for large catalogue of 400 specialties. American Aluminum Mfg. Co., Div. 2045, Leominster, Ill.

AGENTS—Learn about the profits made

supplying perfumes to families. Address Leffler & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

WILL the lady who took black attraction

at Majestic hall, Friday night, please notify Gazette her address?

Typewriters and Supplies

ALL makes repaired. Work guaranteed. Also rentals. ZIMMERMAN SUPPLY CO. Phone Main 333. 21 E. Kiowa St.

BARGAINS—No. 4 Smith Premier

\$12.50. No. 7 Bickenderfer, \$12.50. Royal, \$25. ZIMMERMAN SUPPLY CO. Phone Main 333. 21 E. Kiowa St.

PATENTS

PATENTS obtained by Lawyer Mullane. Consultation free. 30 years experience. 110 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

PATENTS OBTAINED—Fifteen years

experience. John G. Powell, Mercantile Bldg., Denver, Colo.

WANTED, Female Help

WISH to employ high-class woman of ability and integrity, with local acquaintance to superintend and appoint collectors for magazine, good salary and permanent employment for right party. Give references in answering. Joel Smith, 314 Lankerghim Building, Los Angeles, California.

DO YOU want another \$2 daily?

No experience, constant spare time work. Knitting hosiery, machines furnished on contract, we take product. Gleason Wheeler Co. (Inc.), Chicago.

WANTED—A young lady stenographer

must be neat and accurate and experienced in filing. \$10 per week to start; answer in own handwriting, references, etc. Y-22 Gazette.

PRIVATE family cooks, second maids,

waitresses, boarding house cooks, institutional maids, chamber maids. Illinois Bureau, First National Bank Bldg.

WRITE motion picture plays

\$50 to \$100 paid. Correspondence course unnecessary. Details free. New Writers, 1155 Vine St. Bldg., St. Louis.

MRS. ANNA BETHMAN has moved to

405 and 406 DeGraff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Hair switches made from combings.

WANTED—A young girl to take care

of child during day time. 28 W. Rio Grande.

MASSAGE COLLEGE, both sexes; an-

atomy basis; diploma; big pay. 631 N. Weber.

WOMAN for company. Will furnish

good room, heat and light housekeeping for \$5 per month. 117 N. 7th St.

HENDERSON'S Employment office

good positions, help service. 20 E. Kiowa St. 2816.

WANT—School girl to work for

room and board, no children, two in family. Phone 2567. 1930 N. Franklin.

LADIES, gents and children's used

clothing bought and sold at 22 N. Weber St. Phone Main 494.

FIRST-CLASS help furnished. Mrs.

A. McGrath's Employment Office, 311 E. Bijou. Phone 4047.

WANTED—Cook

822 S. Tejon.

FADED hair switches colored. Anna

Bethman, 405 and 406 DeGraff Bldg.

YOUNG lady to work for tuition. Ap-

ply Brown's Business college.

WANTED Situations

RESUME—Experienced and capable driver wishes position in private family. References furnished. Mr. N. C. Hall, 100 23rd St., Denver, Colo.

WANTED—Position as stenographer

and bookkeeper. Five years' experience. City references. Address Y-22 Gazette.

WANTED—Work by intelligent young

man. Any description, good mechanical and driver. Phone 1575. Dunbar, 1116 N. Washington.

WANTED—By young couple, work of

any kind, more for a home than wages. Y-30 Gazette.

WOMAN wants work by day; goes

home nights. 927 Jefferson, Colorado City.

SWEDISH girl wishes situation as

cook, where second girl is kept. 229 S. 8th.

CARE invalid or child; companion,

housekeeper; experienced; would travel. References. Y-13 Gazette.

STENOGRAPHIC position by young

lady; four years' experience; references; can furnish machine. M. 3693.

WILL go out by day remodeling and

repairing fur coats, sets and hats. Very reasonable price. 809 N. Walnut.

HIGH SCHOOL girl wishes light work

for room and board (after Jan. 15). Address Y-26 Gazette.

WANTED—By experienced, colored

nurse girl, care of children afternoons or evenings. Phone Main 3935V.

GOOD German girl wants general

work. Address Y-34 Gazette.

NURSE, experienced, maternity, medi-

cal. 127 E. Bijou. Phone M. 1800.

COLORADO woman wants general

housework or cooking. Phone 4071J.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER.

425 Haxman Bldg.

Watch and Clock Rep. using

WATCHES cleaned, 50c; mainspring, 50c; work guaranteed. We buy old gold and silver. S. Klein, 14 E. Huertano. Phone 541.

HOMESTEADS

CHOICE homesteads. See me before locating and save money. Ph. M. 2872.

Money

Easy to fill your purse this way

Did you ever think that your morning paper contains real money? It may be money in the way of an increased salary; it may be money for old furniture now stored in the basement; it may be money made by renting that empty room but it is real hard cash just the same.

Answer some of these want ads and remember while you do so that hundreds of people all over the city are doing just as you do. If your answer does not bring the desired results, then turn the tables around and put in an ad of your own and let others answer you. The results will be as surprising as they are profitable. Try it.

WANTED Miscellaneous

SLENDER opportunity for wide awake schoolboy to make spending money. Introducing popular book to school-mates. Particulars \$5. Fidelity Company, Box 602, Fresno, California.

J. A. MILES, house moving, raising,

shoring brick fronts. 10 S. Walnut. Phone 4033M.

T. C. JONES, successor to Henry Clay

all kinds of hauling. Asphalt cleaned. 1013 S. Cascade. Phone 2385.

ASH PITS cleaned, express work done.

Office, 1144 E. Chautauq. Phone Main 1004. H. T. O'Brien, Mgr.

ONE 2 or 3-room house, to be moved.

Bevill and Bassett. Phone 3863M or 324J.

WANTED—To rent small ranch; under

cultivation; plenty of water; suitable for stock. Answer Y-29 Gazette.

L. H. SPROLL, house mover; handles

brick or frame buildings. Phone M. 278.

WE PAY 25c dozen for quart beer bot-

tles; also highest prices for all kinds junk. Phone Main 512.

WANTED—Machinist's bench vice; 3 1/2

or 4-in. jaw; must be in good condition; state price. Will. Gazette.

WANTED—Invalid's wheel chair; also

prize. W-86 Gazette.

EXPRESS work, asphalt cleaned, junk

bought. Ph. M. 1546. 31 E. Huertano.

WANTED—Philo coops for 20 hens.

Call 101 N. Seventh.

WANTED—For cash, King Carbine.

1731 Washington Ave.

MANUSCRIPT cheaply and accurately

typewritten. Phone 1892.

WANT to buy or rent a rooming

house. Phone 2318.

WANTED—To buy a good reliquis-

ment. Y-27 Gazette.

HAIR combings bought. Anna Bath-

man, 405 and 406 DeGraff Bldg.

WANTED—Good trunk; must be

cheap. Address Y-18 Gazette.

ASPHALT cleaned, express work done.

Phone Main 3183J. John D. Anderson.

SAXONY razor blades sharpened. E.

H. Mores, 111 E. Huertano St.

AGENTS blades sharpened. Sun Drug

Co. and Fiedler's cigar store.

STORAGE & TRANSFER

IT'S the combination, experience, carefulness, promptness and price that has established our reputation as packers and movers of furniture; experienced men, modern storage are for your use. The Smith Storage and Transfer Co. Phone 190. 2 E. Kiowa.

MILLEN, H. H. stores goods

fish. 107-111 N. Nevada.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

R. N. HUNTER, one piano tuning. 117 E. Pikes Peak, rear. Phone Main 1279.

POULTRY SUNDRIES

A FEW fine Silver Campine cockerels from prize winners left. \$5 to \$25. Place your order now for spring settings. \$5 for 15 eggs. Doc Davis, 125 N. Tejon.

FOR SALE or exchange, fine S. C. Red

cockerels, Belgian hare and Golden Fawn rabbits, old and young, from 15 up. 815 Main, Nob Hill.

A FEW thoroughbred Buff and White

Orpington cockerels. Sold at 17 E. Second St., Lyvold.

FOR SALE—2 dozen Brown Leghorn

hens, 1 year old, \$7 per dozen. \$4 E. Chautauq St.

WHITE Wyandottes, Silver Campine

cockerels, \$5 and up. 1012 N. Walnut St.

FOUR thoroughbred White Rock

roosters for sale. 1006 E. Platte Ave. Phone M. 3455.

GOOD R. C. Rhode Island cockerels

from prize-winning stock, \$2 to \$5 each. Elston, 420-48, El Paso.

FOR SALE—Single Comb Buff Leg-

horns, cockerels, pullets and hens, \$1 each and up. 1228 N. Corona.

FOR SALE—Two thoroughbred, Plymouth

Rock cockerels, \$3 each. 424 N. Walnut.

FOR SALE—Chicken house, chicken

wire, Buff Orpington chickens. 139 N. Washington.

BLACK MINORCA, Buff Orpington,

Barred Rock pullets for sale. 495 E. Conchos.

THOROUGHbred B. R. and Buff

Orp. pullets and R. R. cockerels. 440 Cooper Ave. Phone M. 2287.

FOR SALE—Three young setting hens,

\$1 each. 315 N. Corona.

R. C. RED cockerels and cocks. Prices

right. Dr. Crooks. Phone 1014.

THREE dozen White Leghorn hens

for sale. 610 N. Pine.

100 PURE-BRED White Leghorn hens,

50c each. 318 N. Sheridan Ave.

DRESSMAKING

QUEEN CITY College of Dressmaking and Tailoring. Satisfaction guaranteed. Laura G. Abendshien, instructor. Phone M. 318. El Paso Bank Bldg.

WANTED—Dressmaking in families;

best references; remodeling a specialty. Y-17 Gazette.

EVENING and afternoon gowns. Rei-

modeling and alterations. Main 1593. 715 N. Nevada Ave.

DRESSMAKING of all kinds; work

guaranteed. 21 N. Nevada, M. 3899M.

SEWING by the day. Mrs. Nichols.

Phone 2225. 725 N. Weber.

FOR SALE RANCHES

RANCHES—Good improved stock ranches, profitable and quickly bought, sold or exchanged. Address Ranch, Box 1406, Denver, Colo.

FOR RENT HOUSES

Furnished
10-room house, close in. \$500.
3-room cottage, close in. \$400.
2-room cottage, close in. \$300.
4-room cottage, close in. \$200.

H. A. SCURR

408 1/2 S. Tejon St.

RENT free for two months, 4 rooms in

cottage, 1 block of car line, electric lights and bath; to respectable man and wife with no children or dogs; must have recommendations. 210 N. Cedar.

8-ROOM house, nicely furnished or un-

furnished; within walking distance; rent reasonable. Call afternoons. 223 E. Williams.

NEAT five-room cottage, modern ex-

cept heat, near car line, desirable location in Ivydale. Phone 425 or call Room 2, Millard Block.

FIVE-ROOM cottage, nicely furnished;

hot water, heat, large sleeping porch; permanent to reliable tenants. 819 E. Dale St. Phone Main 557.

Wants

MONEY TO LOAN
Walter C. Davis, Money Lender
 On any loan made you through our office, we guarantee to save you money. It makes no difference whether the loan is large or small, you will save money by borrowing through our office.
 With offices at 26 First Nat'l Bank Bldg.
 What Kind of Security Have You?
 Colorado Springs real estate?
 Ranch lands in El Paso, Elbert or Lincoln county?
 Old line life insurance policies, pianos, diamonds?
 Established for years.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.
 MONEY LOANED CONFIDENTIALLY on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

HORSES AND VEHICLES
 FOR SALE—A gray mare, 13 years old, gelding, well broke, \$100; 1 yearling mare, \$80; 1 weanling mare colt, \$60; 3 cows, 6 fresh in 30 days, \$75 each; 1 camp wagon, \$20; 1 set heavy work harness, \$25; 1 top buggy, \$15; 1 Empire cream separator, \$15. Various household articles. All the above must be sold this week. Call today or Monday. Mrs. L. Howard, owner, 2416 N. Weber St.

AUTOMOBILES
 1912 two-pass. good condition, \$325.
 1912 touring car, just overhauled, \$75.
 1914 touring car, good as new, \$450.
 1914 two-pass., good condition, \$400.
 1914 touring car, just overhauled, \$350.
 One Ford truck, excellent condition \$200.
 New, claret, stripped down, Ford, \$75.
 One six cylinder, brunel truck, \$600.
 Also Indian motorcycle, overhauled, \$110.
 Call or phone. We will gladly demonstrate any of the above cars. John Dorr, with Volmer Bros., 122 N. Cascade, Phone Main 75.

BUSINESS CHANCES
 BUT OIL STOCKS IN \$50,000,000 COMPANY. Just organized. Round floor proposition; 100 per cent dividends; 50 days possible; 30 wells at once; quick action on your money; limited number shares at 20 shares; \$10 buys \$500 par value stock; big advance in stock soon; selling fast; rent now; write for information; dividends declared soon. Amalgamated Oil Co., 1611 Colcord Bldg., Oklahoma, Okla.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CITY SAVINGS, BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
 FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.
 MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE bay team, 3,000 lbs., 7 years old; 11 dapple-gray, 8,900 lbs., 5 and 6 years old; eight young mares, with foal, 2,400 and 2,800 lbs., 4 and 5 years old; 16 head of all-purpose horses, from 1,000 to 1,400 lbs. Denney & Selver, 29 South Cascade Ave.

THE NORTON BUICK AUTO CO.
 25 E. Colfax Ave., Denver, Colo.
 CADILLAC—Toy tonneau, four-passenger, newly painted and overhauled; one of the best buys offered in a new car; don't fail to look at this car if you visit Denver.
 THE NORTON BUICK AUTO CO., 25 E. Colfax Ave., Denver, Colorado.

REESONE REALTY COMPANY
 222 N. Tejon St., Denver, Colo.
 \$5,000,000 AVAILABLE for immediate investment in industrial mining, real estate, etc. Address Bankers Alliance, 11 South Hampton Row, London, England.
 WELL established business, 33 years in operation, never been offered for sale before, best of reasons for selling. Y-10, Gazette.



PRINCE ARTHUR OF CONNAUGHT
 Taken prisoner, but escapes.

CHICAGO MARKET NEW YORK MARKET

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Urgent demand from exporters and millers gave wheat today an upward swing from the start. Closing prices, although unsettled, were up to the net higher. Corn finished 2 1/2c to 3c higher. Oats, with a gain of 1/2c, and provisions varying from 1/4c off to a rise of 1/2c.
 Live hogs led the bull forces in wheat, and there was at no time any important setback, despite much profit-taking by shorts. The most notable opinion was that clearance for Europe from the United States during January and February would continue on a huge scale, and that the size of the Argentine surplus was immaterial.
 Higher vessel rates from Argentina had much to do with giving fresh impetus to the activity of wheat exporters here and at other domestic centers. Great Britain was specifically asserted to be buying freely in Duluth and elsewhere, notwithstanding the uncertainty of obtaining a sufficient quantity of Argentine cargoes in reasonable time.
 Export bids on corn were higher and there were predictions of receipts becoming light. Besides the market was helped by the advance of wheat.
 A large foreign order seemed to take all of the surplus offerings in oats. Commission firms, though, did a fair amount of selling.
 Higher vessel rates from Argentina had much to do with giving fresh impetus to the activity of wheat exporters here and at other domestic centers. Great Britain was specifically asserted to be buying freely in Duluth and elsewhere, notwithstanding the uncertainty of obtaining a sufficient quantity of Argentine cargoes in reasonable time.
 Export bids on corn were higher and there were predictions of receipts becoming light. Besides the market was helped by the advance of wheat.
 A large foreign order seemed to take all of the surplus offerings in oats. Commission firms, though, did a fair amount of selling.

NEVADA STOCKS
 Quotations Furnished by Oils & Co. Bid. Ask.

Goldfield District—					
Atlanta	40	41	Amal. Copper	51 1/2	51 1/2
Blue Bull	16	17	Alaska	28 1/2	28 1/2
Combination	8	9	Am. Beet Sugar	33 1/2	34
Fluor. B.	6	7	Am. Can.	25 1/2	25 1/2
Goldfield Cons.	130	130	Am. Car & Pkg.	44 1/2	44 1/2
Jumbo Ext.	28 1/2	28 1/2	Am. Smelt.	25 1/2	25 1/2
Long Star	12	13	Atchafalca	25 1/2	25 1/2
Merger	33	34	Balt. & Ohio	68 1/2	68 1/2
Spearmint	20	21	Beth. Steel	46 1/2	46 1/2
Yellow Jacket	12	13	Calif. Pet.	16 1/2	16 1/2
			Chino Copper	38 1/2	38 1/2
			Cons. Copper	31 1/2	31 1/2
			G. N. Ore.	25 1/2	25 1/2
			Lehigh Valley	120 1/2	120 1/2
			M. & K. T.	8	8
			M. Pacific	7 1/2	7 1/2
			Nevada Cons.	11 1/2	11 1/2
			N. T. N. H. & S.	55	54 1/2
			Nor. Pac.	104 1/2	104 1/2
			Pack. & S. Pac.	104 1/2	104 1/2
			Ray Cons.	15 1/2	15 1/2
			Reading	143 1/2	143 1/2
			Rock Island	8 1/2	8 1/2
			S. Pacific	82	81 1/2
			Union Pacific	115 1/2	115 1/2
			U. S. Steel	48	47 1/2
			West. Union	57 1/2	57 1/2
			Total sales	23,200	

NEW YORK CURB
 Quotations Furnished by Oils & Co. Bid. Ask.

Braden Copper	8 1/2	8 1/2			
Br. Amm. Tob.	16 1/2	16 1/2			
Ch. Amm.	24	24			
Brit. Col.	17 1/2	17 1/2			
Butte & Copper	1 1/2	1 1/2			
Cons. Copper	31 1/2	31 1/2			
El Paso	12 1/2	12 1/2			
Globe	14 1/2	14 1/2			
Globe Can. Saw	24	24			
Hollinger	10	10			
Kerr Lake	44 1/2	44 1/2			
Kyanite	12 1/2	12 1/2			
La Rose	45	45			
Macdonald	24 1/2	24 1/2			
Nevada Hills	24 1/2	24 1/2			
Nippon	12 1/2	12 1/2			
North Star	15	15			
Ohio Copper	8 1/2	8 1/2			
Itterbee	17 1/2	17 1/2			
Stewart	15 1/2	15 1/2			
Tob. Prod. Ind.	85	85			
Tombah	44 1/2	44 1/2			
Tombah Mines	7 1/2	7 1/2			
United States Steel	48	47 1/2			
U. S. Light	57 1/2	57 1/2			
West End	55	55			
Wentworth	4	4			
Profit Sharing	17 1/2	17 1/2			
Jumbo Ext.	24 1/2	24 1/2			
Atlanta	44	44			
G. F. Merger	35	35			
G. F. Florence	58	58			

EASTERN LIVE STOCK
 NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Foreign advices exercised depressing effect on the stock market at today's opening, most issues manifesting a yielding tendency. New York Air Brake was prominent in the special class for its 6-point decline and such active shares as were quoted in the first half hour inclined to heaviness. United States Steel and Union Pacific soon recovered, however, but Western Maryland added a point to its recent severe loss. Bethlehem Steel gained a material fraction while most of the leaders were virtually unchanged. Dealings were very light.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Hogs—Receipts 3,500; steady; pigs and lights, \$2.50; mixed and butchers, \$2.50; heavy, \$2.40 to \$2.50.
 Cattle—Receipts 400; steady; native beef steers, \$2.50 to \$2.60; cows and heifers, \$2.40 to \$2.50; southern steers, \$2.50 to \$2.60; 7 to 8 year olds, \$2.40 to \$2.50; calves native, \$2.00 to \$2.25.
 Sheep—Receipts none; steady; native muttons, \$2.25 to \$2.50; lambs, \$2.25 to \$2.50; yearlings, \$2.25 to \$2.50.
 CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Hogs—Receipts 26,000; strong to 5c above Thursday's average; bulk, \$2.20 to \$2.30; heavy, \$2.50 to \$2.60; pigs, \$2.50 to \$2.60.
 Cattle—Receipts 1,000; steady; native beef steers, \$2.50 to \$2.60; western, \$2.50 to \$2.60; 7 to 8 year olds, \$2.40 to \$2.50; calves native, \$2.00 to \$2.25.
 Sheep—Receipts 500; steady; sheep, \$2.00 to \$2.25; lambs, \$2.00 to \$2.25; yearlings, \$2.00 to \$2.25.
 KANSAS CITY, Jan. 2.—Hogs—Receipts 1,200; higher; bulk, \$2.20 to \$2.30; heavy, \$2.30 to \$2.40; pigs, \$2.25 to \$2.35.
 Cattle—Receipts 500; steady; prime fed steers, \$3.00 to \$3.10; western steers, \$2.90 to \$3.00; calves, \$2.50 to \$2.60; sheep, \$2.00 to \$2.25; lambs, \$2.00 to \$2.25; yearlings, \$2.00 to \$2.25.

BANK STATEMENT
 NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they held \$114,482,920 in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of \$2,038,280 from last week.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CITY SAVINGS, BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
 FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.
 MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN
 CONFIDENTIALLY
 on household goods, pianos, livestock, diamonds, second mortgages, etc. Room 26 First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 170.
 \$10.00 AND UP. \$10.00 AND UP.

ONE general work mare, weighs 1,100 lbs., call at 312 N. Sheridan Ave.

SEE us for high-grade repairing on radiators, lamp fenders, windshields and speedometers. Radiator work guaranteed for 90 days. Western Radiator & Plating Works, 15 S. Cascade. New management.

TO buy, sell or exchange property of business, real and personal, anywhere, address Northwestern Business Agency, Dept. 1, Minneapolis, Minn.



How To Get SOUTH AMERICAN Business

South Americans dress better than we do. They have finer residences, finer streets, cleaner cities and great municipal theaters. Great opera stars have been discovered by their theatrical managers and brought out in their theaters before New York managers knew the names of the great stars. It's winter in the Argentine Republic when it is summer in the United States. What the peoples of Buenos Aires are wearing now we will wear next winter, because we are six months behind them in fashions.

A reporter for this paper had heard all about these things at various times. He also had heard that the United States does little business with South America. He never had associated the two ideas until given an assignment to find out why we did not have more trade with South America than Europe. He was assigned to great returning business men from South America who had gone there to look over the trade situation in the Southern Republics.

They wanted to run a couple of newspaper men out of the country the government declared martial law and killed them. They could not have done that under civil law, because they would have appealed to the courts. The laws of Argentine Republic grant freedom of the press just as our laws do. But the laws of Argentine allow the government to go back of the law and suspend it.

Back in the interior of the country the people are still rather provincial. The Transcontinental railroad from Buenos Aires to Valparaiso runs two trains each way a week through the wheat fields and cattle ranges of the prairies.

They are sufficient for the simple people. But that fertile land of Argentine yields fruit in abundance. Such great wealth has been dug from the soil of the Republic that the capital city, Buenos Aires, has grown in a few years from a city of a few hundred thousand inhabitants to a city as large as Philadelphia. Only two cities of North America are larger. Only five cities of Europe overshadow it and only three in the United States.

It is the youngest large city in the world and also the cleanest. It is only a population of a million inhabitants but it is also the wealthiest per capita. Paris has its boulevards and its gardens. London has its men of wealth and learning. Berlin and Vienna boast their riches but Buenos Aires boasts all these and what is more, she does not have such a horde of

thin styles of furniture demanded by South Americans, which it would be well to adopt if we seek their trade. The conditions of sale must be considered. European countries have favored purchases with liberal time terms, which, however, the purchaser must pay extra for. The business of South America is nearly all on the credit basis. There are few failures among well established houses. They are jealous of their reputation and find a way to pay their debts.

We must pay particular attention to their orders for goods and fill them the way they want them filled. I was struck with a state-



THE RAILROAD PROBLEM

BY IVY L. LEE

The railroad rate in the midst of a swirling flood of legislation and restrictive—most of it punitive and restrictive. Last year in forty-two State legislatures 1,495 bills regulating railroads were introduced, and 230 became law.

Why? Because the American people have become imbued with certain ideas concerning our railroads, ideas which have supplied fuel for a flame these countries of His Ma-

state that nearly \$1,000,000,000, or about 13 per cent, is "nominal" capital or "water," and yet in none of the railroad discussions regarding the railroad problem in England do you observe similar reference to the "watered" stock.

In the second place, there is a widespread feeling that the railroads are ruled from Wall street, that a small coterie of bankers in alliance with so-called "money trust" are absorbing huge profits from the people. I do not think you would ever have had 2-cent fare laws if it had not been for this widespread sentiment. The people in the States felt



CENTER George T. Parker, president of the Scarritt-Comstock Furniture Corporation. Lower left E. P. Lampkin, foreign trade bureau. Lower right William F. Saunders, secretary of the Business Men's League. Upper left Avenida Rio Branco, Rio de Janeiro. Upper right Rua de S. Pedro, Bahia. Below Scenes, from left to right Avenida Beira-Mar Gloria, Rio de Janeiro; Monumento Riachuelo in Bahia; a Sunday at Rio de Janeiro.

The increased supply of manufactured products in the United States is really cause for alarm unless we can get new markets for our goods. The supply is exceeding the demand. The balance of trade of South America is against us. Brazil, for example, ships a great deal of coffee to us. She demands equal exchange. With her empty ships at our wharves after unloading the coffee she crosses to Europe and buys products. Last year Brazil bought nearly \$12,000,000 worth of goods. Less than three per cent of that came from the United States, and what she did buy here she bought on the Atlantic Coast. She bought none from the great coal mines in the interior of the country. With the opening of the Panama canal and with the development of the Mississippi River the interior cities will be closer than ever to South American trade.

less the crowd have delighted to keep burning.

One of the main reasons we are in the midst of this vortex is that we have failed to take account as railroad men of certain fundamental currents of human nature, which from time immemorial have been made the most of by men who have influenced the action of crowds. Railroad men have been standing aside content to be judged by the machines they were running, not attempting to have themselves regarded as human beings, not making it known that railroads were but composites of human nature. Machines haven't the necessary red blood to arouse multitudes.

The railroad business is very much like and has always been very much like every other kind of business. Railroad morality has responded to the general morality of the public, and railroad men have been neither worse nor better than the average run of people at any time.

The first is that there is a vast amount of "watered" stock on which dividends are being paid. Now there is no essential immorality in the existence of watered stock. It is, after all, a mere business question. It is purely a question of policy as to whether dividends should be permitted to be earned or watered stock. The difference in the effect of watered stock on different public bodies may be seen in the resulting attitude toward watered stock in the country and England. In England the Board of Trade reports that the capital obligation of all British railroads are about \$6,475,000,000, and the official returns expressly

that by such laws they could retain for the public in their own districts, a portion of the profits which were being absorbed by the absentee owners.

That there has been some reason for some of these popular ideas, no one can deny. But that the railroad business as a whole or in the main has been conducted upon unwound lines, that its managers have not been honest, that its results have not contributed mightily to the wonderful progress of this land can be emphatically denied. The extraordinary achievements of our railroads, the wonder, as they are, of the industrial world, constitute a fact of overwhelming significance, a fact embodying the effort, the fidelity, the enterprise, the patriotism of ninety-nine out of every hundred men who have given their service to the public through the railroad since the railroad started to run in this country.

Why it is then that the good in the railroads has been hidden and the bad magnified and distorted out of all proportion? It is because railroad men have neglected the human nature of the situation; it is because loud-tongued politicians have dilated upon the evils while railroad men sat still, attended to their jobs and said nothing of the good; it is because railroad men have not insisted in and out of season and produced the facts to prove it, that no matter what fly-specks might be pointed out on the wall, the structure itself was safe and solid and something to be proud of.

The problem of influencing the people on issues is that of providing leaders who can fertilize the im-

agination and organize the will of the crowd.

We must, for example, replace with sound phrases and symbols those symbolic words, symbolic terms and phrases that have gotten into the public mind and created a false impression. We have heard a great deal about "full crew" laws. The labor people were very happy in their selection of that term "full crew." Now, if we had referred to that from the beginning as the "extra crew," it seems to me we would have made considerably more headway than we did.

The phrase "What the traffic will bear" has done as much to hurt the railroads as any expression ever used. It is scientifically correct, no doubt, but it conveys a most unfortunate suggestion to the popular mind; the thought that the rate is "all the traffic will bear" is a suggestion absolutely contrary to the fact.

We can never be too careful in the terms we use. Some time ago, a certain public service corporation was in great financial difficulties. It could not pay its bond interest. Its skillful president induced its bondholders to agree to a reduction of the rate of interest on the bonds. Their president then announced to the public that there was to be a "readjustment" of the finances of the company. Now "readjustment of finances" is so much better than saying "Your company is bankrupt" and no one ever suggested that his company was bankrupt. It was a matter of terms, and we must be careful of the terms we allow to be lodged in the public mind.



particularly those south of the equator.

This business men's committee was headed by William Flanagan, Saunders, secretary of the Business Men's League. Other members were E. P. Lampkin, James M. Sloan, representing shoe manufacturers; Charles E. Sharp, electrical interests; George T. Parker, head of the Scarritt-Comstock Furniture Corporation, representing furniture manufacturers; Allen W. Clark, representing grain, oil and drug men; and D'Arcy Paul Cooke, a banker.

Meeting with Parker, the reporter put the question whether he was sent out to ask "Why does Europe get so much South American trade? What can we do to get a share of it?"

Then Parker answered bluntly and explained things.

We've got to keep up with the styles of these people as well as their. We have to adopt the credit terms of the Europeans. We have to know the South Americans they will have a trade advantage in some of our markets. When we do know that we have won them.

Then Parker told of a recent trip to the south of us where they are untold wealth and resources. He told of great herds of cattle and boundless fields of wheat. He told of the great coffee plantations and he told of beautiful cities. He showed how by diligence the citizens of Rio de Janeiro had torn out ugly parts of their city and had put in wonderfully beautiful avenues and parks.

For Buenos Aires he had a story of a great city. He told of government buildings. In Buenos Aires when

desperately poor people as those cities.

Such is Paris, without the poverty of the people. It is a beautiful city. The first day of the week, Sunday, is a day of rest. The people go to the parks and to the country. They are in the habit of going to the country. They are in the habit of going to the country. They are in the habit of going to the country.

In order to sell to these people we have to sell what they want. We have to sell what they want. We have to sell what they want. We have to sell what they want. We have to sell what they want.

We've got to keep up with the styles of these people as well as their. We have to adopt the credit terms of the Europeans. We have to know the South Americans they will have a trade advantage in some of our markets. When we do know that we have won them.

Then Parker told of a recent trip to the south of us where they are untold wealth and resources. He told of great herds of cattle and boundless fields of wheat. He told of the great coffee plantations and he told of beautiful cities. He showed how by diligence the citizens of Rio de Janeiro had torn out ugly parts of their city and had put in wonderfully beautiful avenues and parks.

MY DASH for LIBERTY from MILITARY PRISON

Of the 100 Union prisoners who escaped from Libby prison at Richmond, Va., in February, 1864, only one is now known to be alive. He is Gen. Benjamin Franklin Fisher, now 80 years. His home is in Valley Forge, near Philadelphia.

From a standpoint of safety and ease there is nothing better than to be a prisoner of war. A soldier has to stand up and be shot at. A prisoner usually is as well fed as the soldier and he spends his time resting. Unlike the prisoners in civil life the prisoner of war is not disgraced.

But the confinement wears on the prisoner. He is kept in ignorance of the news from the front and hears from his side only when new prisoners are brought in. Besides the true soldier wants to get back and fight. That is what actuated the soldiers of Libby prison, according to the story as told by General Fisher a half century after the thrilling escape astonished the South and was the occasion of much laudable comment in the North.

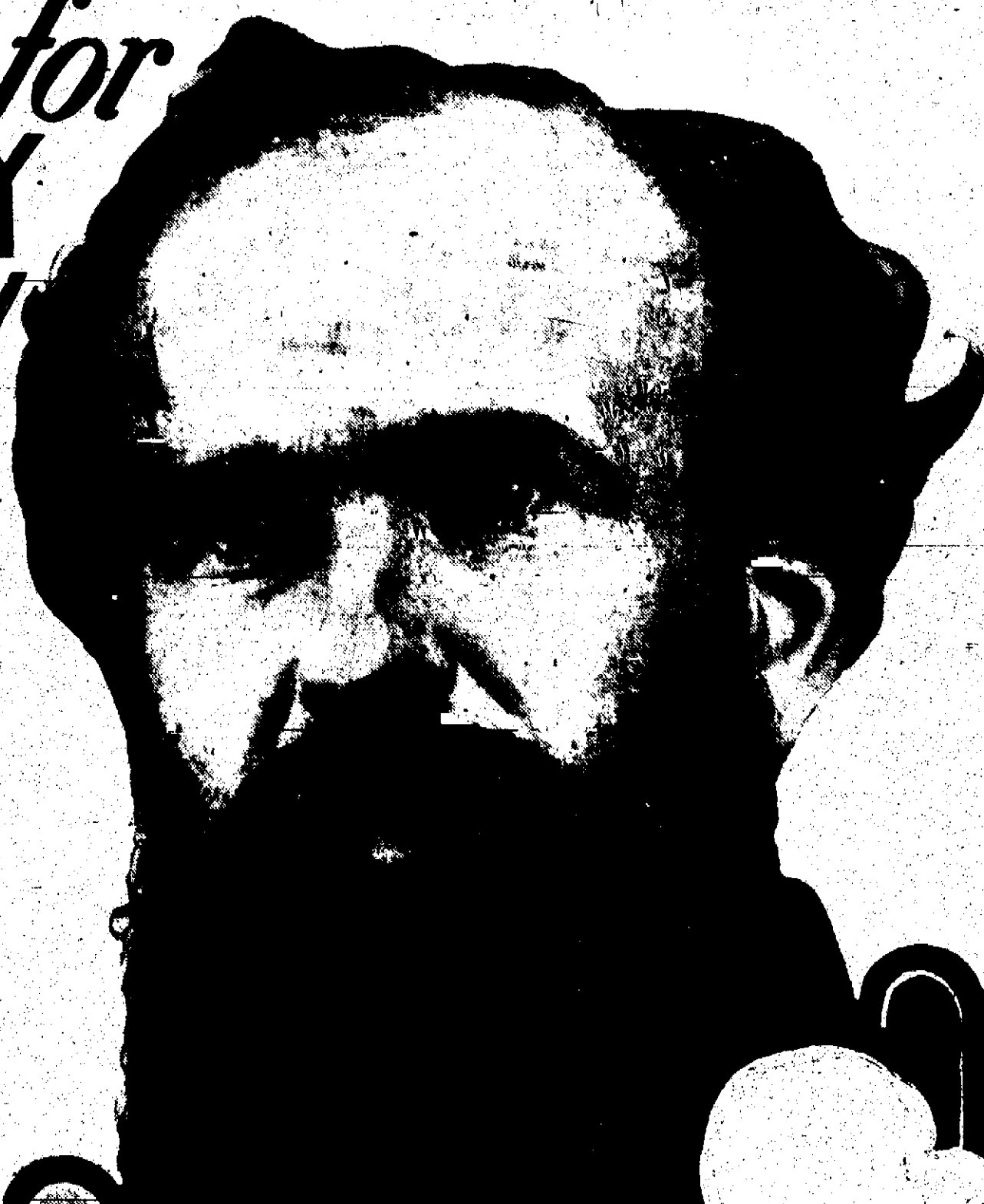
The escape from Libby prison was one of the most carefully planned events of that kind on record. How they found an old chisel and dug their way not only out of the prison, but under the yard and outside the outermost prison

"Now, the tunneling out of Libby was planned and executed principally by Col. Thomas E. Rose. I was not one of the first to be let into the secret, but about the time the tunnel was nearly completed I was told of it by a near friend, who was one of the prisoners, and invited to join the enterprise. At that time I was in the hospital in the prison. I was not very ill, but I did not mind staying there; and, by the way, I want to say that the food in Libby prison was not so bad as you sometimes hear it was. The soup was good and the fare as good as a soldier usually gets.

"The efforts to escape had been progressing for more than a month before I learned of them. There were several plans attempted before the tunnel was finally decided upon as the most feasible one. Officers who had been captured by the Confederates at the battle of Chickamauga and were confined in Libby prison formed a combination in December, 1863. They swore each other to secrecy. Colonel Rose was the chief mover of the project, but all of them were determined to make their escape.

BRICKS REMOVED FROM BACK OF FIREPLACE.

"Their secret was so well kept that their comrades in the prison



Gen. Benjamin F. Fisher, Sole Survivor of Libby Tunnel Diggers, Tells How He and His Companions Tunnelled Under the Guards and Gained Federal Lines.

never suspected the plot, and the day passed without the prison officials discovering the tunnel, either.

"That night and the following day we worked on the tunnel again, and on the night of February 8 the work was completed. An opening was made through the soil and Colonel Rose, almost exhausted by his efforts and by the lack of air in the tunnel, shoved his hands through the ground into the cold night air. The opening was enlarged and Colonel Rose looked over the ground. He went into the warehouse, and then, placing a couple of boards over the hole to conceal it, crawled

to ask him if he noticed any men, but before they could make an investigation we had disappeared into the woods. We traveled at night, and for eleven days and twelve nights I was on the road, in the depth of winter, in the marsh lands and woods. As we lay hiding at times, we heard our pursuers, but they never caught up with us. The night before I reached the Union lines at Williamsburg, my companions and myself were rather hungry. I saw a hut of a negro and went to it. A negro woman opened the door and her children surrounded us. I asked her if there were any



VIEW of Libby Prison. Gen. Benjamin F. Fisher as he appeared at the time of the Civil War, and as he is now.

cided to remain in the cellar and continue the work of tunneling.

"The tunnel was more than 50 feet long, and it had to be dug with a chisel through the hard ground. One man dug and filled a prison spittoon, a square wooden box, and this was drawn back into the cellar and the earth hidden under some straw. While one man worked in the tunnel, which was a little more than two feet in diameter, another fanned air into the tunnel. When I was let into the secret, as chief signal officer I was believed to be well acquainted with the country and roads through which we should have to pass to reach the Union lines; the tunnel was almost completed. At this time the original eleven men, including Colonel Rose, who was a Pennsylvanian, had been increased to nineteen by the admission of eight more into the secret.

"After working for the last air, and with little rest, the tunnel was believed to be nearly finished, but it was discovered that the opening that was made came out some feet short of the fence to the north of the prison, and would have led to discovery as soon as a prisoner should attempt to pass through it. "I must explain that the prison stood by itself, and to the north of it was a vacant lot about fifty feet wide. A fence separated it from the back yard of a warehouse which fronted on the same street

as the prison. There were no sentries on the other side of this fence, but there were six of them constantly patrolling the outside of the prison. In the warehouse were some boxes containing clothes that had been sent as present for the prisoners by friends. The sentries were not paying any attention to either these clothes or to the warehouse.

"It was the plan to have the tunnel open into the yard in the rear of the warehouse and for the escaping prisoners to pass through the warehouse to the street after they emerged from the tunnel.

"I was working on the tunnel during the last few days, and when we found that we had brought it out into the vacant lot, and not on the other side of the fence, we were rather dismayed for a while. Colonel Rose was equal to the occasion. He first suited an old coat into the small opening and later showed through it an old shoe. We looked at the shoe lying unsuspiciously there from one of the windows of the prison.

WATCHES SHOWN WHILE PLAYING CHESS GAME.

"We were fearful that either the prison commandant or the prisoners who were not in the secret would discover the tunnel, and during the whole of the next day I sat by the window, playing chess with one of the prisoners, so that I might keep watch on the spot where our tunnel came out and which was marked by the position of the old shoe. The man who was playing with me

back and organized the escape. The first party of nine was led by himself and I led the second party of ten. My party left about an hour after Colonel Rose, and then, Colonel Rose having had the word passed around the prison that the tunnel was finished and that every man was welcome to take his chance to escape through it, a crowd of prisoners took advantage of the opportunity.

"Rose and his party got away and I and my party got away without the sentries being alarmed. One of them, when questioned the next day, I have been told, said that he did see several parties of men coming out of the warehouse, but that he thought they were some of the young men of the town robbing the prisoners' boxes and did not pay any attention to them. The next morning, according to reports, when the roll was called it was found that 105 prisoners had escaped during the night. Many of these were retaken.

"As we came out of the warehouse the street was in darkness, save for a candlelight, which only threw a shadow about the place where we emerged. I and my friend walked rapidly down the street. We had saved from our rations for days, and had a supply of food in our haversacks. The weather was very cold, and I was without an overcoat, but I never noticed the discomfort, being solely interested in making my way back to the Union lines.

"As we crossed a railroad bridge, I heard one sentry call to another,

Confederate soldiers around. She told us there were some up at the master's house, but before we could get out in walked the master himself.

"I asked him which was the best road to take to reach Richmond, trying to give the impression that we were Confederates trying to get back to our lines. He took us out to the road and said, 'Sure, I'll show you.' We understood that we had failed to fool him, for instead of showing us he walked directly back to his house. We started to run for it, and in a moment soldiers rushed out of the house and began to shoot about us. That night I lost my companion. When I awoke the following morning he was not to be found, having evidently given himself up. Early the following morning I dragged myself into Williamsburg and reported in the Union force there. They took me in and told me that the temperature was 4 degrees below zero, but I never realized it was so cold.

"I rejoined the Army of the Potomac, which now was in command of General Meade, and when I was about to be sent out on a special duty one day, Meade said to me, by way of a joke, 'You were captured once.' I returned the compliment, for I said to him, 'Yes; but you left your lines open for Mosby's men to get through.'

"He's a self-made man, is he not?' 'Yes, except for the alterations made by his wife and her mother.'—Judge.

fence back of the guards, was regulated the other day by General Fisher himself.

"The Army of the Potomac was still under the command of Hooker," he said. "On the night of June 16, 1863, our party was suddenly surprised by ninety of Mosby's men on a raid and I was taken prisoner. The man who took me came from nowhere in particular, so far as I could see, but suddenly I was confronted by a fellow 16 feet high, who almost put his revolver down my throat. I know he was not 16 feet high, but he looked like a giant to me. I instinctively put my hand to my hip to draw my own weapon, but my hand fell by my side before I completed the movement.

"I was a prisoner of war. The fellow who captured me said that his finger was already on his trigger as my hand went back, and I escaped death by a hair's breadth. I was taken to Richmond and placed in Libby prison, where captured Union officers were confined.

like myself, did not know what they were doing. They first removed the bricks from back of the fireplace in what was called the kitchen, and then dug their way down into the cellar under the next apartment. They made an entrance through the wall that was something like the letter S. They had to conceal their activity from the guard for the prisoners were lined up and counted twice each day, once in the morning and again in the afternoon.

"While at first a great deal of work was done at night, later Colonel Rose and his chosen companions worked in the day. That meant that some clever dodging and impersonation had to be done twice a day when the prisoners were counted. The prisoners were lined up in rows, and after the men at one end had stood up to be counted, those in the plot stooped and hastily but quietly ran to the other end, and were there counted again. The number consequently tallied.

There were five men to be accounted for at four times, and again three men.

"This plan worked well enough for a time, but some of the prisoners discovering the men sneaking down the line to be counted again, and they, thinking it was a practical joke, attempted to do the same thing. They were discovered, and then the guard called the roll and placed sentries back of the line to prevent the impersonation. The discovery of the fraud was brought about by a confocal incident. The clerk in counting found there were more men present than were known to be prisoners. He was puzzled and called the roll. On that occasion it was found that two of the men were missing.

"They were in an awkward predicament. One of the missing men, answered at the next roll and explained that he had been asleep in one of the apartments and had not been seen. The other man had de-

ECUADOR, NOT PANAMA, IS HOME OF THE PANAMA HAT AND IT TAKES SIX MONTHS TO MAKE THE BEST QUALITY

The home of the Panama hat is in the Province of Manabí, Ecuador, where it passes under the name of "jipijapa." A President of Panama, realizing the inconsistency of not producing an article that paraded so extensively under the country's name, set about encouraging the cultivation of the shrub which furnishes the toquilla straw for the hats, imported weaving teachers from Ecuador, established a school, and so encouraged the "infant industry." Today Panama has every right to stand godfather to the jipijapa hat. The experiment was so successful that the Minister of Promotion in Honduras put into practice a similar scheme, and now some very fine Panama hats come from Honduras. Originally all the hats of this special weave were shipped by way of the Isthmus, and thus the point of distribution was responsible for the name.

It is a mistake to suppose that the high price of Panama hats is the result of the cost of the special straw from which they are made. In fact, high import duties and commissions account for the prohibitive

prices of the ordinarily good article when purchased in the United States; but it is true that rich planters along the Ecuadorian coast and in Panama are willing to pay \$20 or \$100 for the finest hats made, and these are seldom seen in Northern countries. A hat of the very best quality is so pliant and flexible that it can be folded and carried in the pocket without the slightest injury. One sent to the former Prince of Wales could be folded into a package no larger than a watch.

The raw material, or toquilla straw, out of which the Panama hats

are made, and which supplies those qualities which make for compactness, lightness, durability, elasticity and the waterproof properties of the finished article, grows chiefly in Ecuador, although it is also found in Colombia and in the forests of the Upper Amazon. The shrub is from six to ten feet high and thrives best in hot and humid regions.

If it is shaped, resembling the saw palmetto, the quality of the straw varying much in different localities, and in this variation is based the difference in cost of the woven Panama hat.

The price of the raw material depends upon the place of production, color, length, thickness and number of threads to the strand or skein of the freshly gathered straw.

The fan shaped leaves must be cut from the trunk of the shrub before they open, or just as they ripen, then stripped of their outer filaments, dipped for a few seconds in a vat of boiling water, then withdrawn for a moment, to be again immersed for an instant, taken out and shaken vigorously, hung up to dry in the shade, and a day or two later put in the sun to be bleached by its

intense rays. If a little lemon juice is added to the hot water bath, the result is a much whiter straw. In a day or two the sprouts shrivel into a light, compact cylindrical form, like cord or string, when the straw is ready for weaving. It was formerly stated that Panama hats were woven under water, which is not strictly true, although the straw must be kept thoroughly moistened while in the hands of the weaver. A skilled manipulator of toquilla will complete one hat in five or six months, working always in the late twilight or early dawn, the only

time available for making the best grades of Panamas.

Native women and children become the most skillful hat weavers, although men are sometimes found with sufficient dexterity of fingers to be successful in the art.

The Sleuth.

First Maid (at the keyhole)—Now th' 'ow is tellin' th' missus that at least th' servants suspect nothin'!—Life.

PLAYING ROYAL GAME OF GOLF INDOORS

BY BILL MURPHY.

Although the late Mr. Andrew Lang preferred ghosts and other 19th-century things as raw material for his pen, he occasionally made very delightful excursions into more mundane literary fields. And, indeed, the glamour of his style raised the most commonplace subjects to the region of the supernatural. About golf, for instance, of which the duffer class he appears to have been a somewhat unwilling victim of the duffer class (this is his own characterization), he throws a new haze of mystery in the course of a murderous attack upon it.

As a direct result of his amateurization, a new order of the golfers has arisen, with the purpose in life of castigating golf and golfers.

der of golf critics point out that there isn't a full grown thrill in the whole amalgamation of holes, greens, tees, bushes, ditches, brasses, fountains, etc.

If golf survives the grueling punishment being handed out by the critics, one good result will follow its exorcism.

The haughty condescension with which the "hobbyists" are wont to tolerate the propinquity of the duffer, he of the club and the schaff and the top, will be changed to respectful admiration.

For the latter's hopeless game is to be henceforth a badge of intellectual superiority.

On the nineteenth green his speculative autopsies will be listened to with at least some semblance of respect and his contribution of balls,

the night of the ball as there is outdoors. A few weeks practice at the indoor game should be sufficient to make a beginner look like a veteran, when he starts to play his first game outdoors.

The splendid reputation the new game is being accorded is a splendid tribute to golf.

When a game in fifteen years moves from fifty active participants to a roll call of at least 250,000, it must be a fairly pleasing occupation and of some interest to at least a few folks, when there is a demand for it also indoors.

It is estimated that nearly \$30,000,000 is spent on golf in the United Kingdom alone each year and that of this huge sum only a little less than half, or \$12,500,000, goes to the caddies.

Bankers,
Brokers
and
Business
Men Can
Now
Make a
Pleasant

Round of Links,
Even When Weather
Drops Below Zero



As a direct result of his amateurization, a new order of the golfers has arisen, with the purpose in life of castigating golf and golfers.

The patient study of books and diagrams and the numerous discussions of the game, known as "golfing," are the only ways of reaching the linkers are impossible of compilation.

These "dollar-shatters" point out that the great day declares that golfers play the game too seriously.

"Forget your plans, forget the seriousness and just hit the ball," that's the fellow that plays the "duffer" game.

The great players, however, rely on the brain, precise to the point of view the ball, swing your stick and take a poke at the ball. One must rely on luck a great deal and the fault I most notice among the golfers is the economy taken to play the game. A wealthy golfer, for instance, will not hit a ball and "burn" and hit the ball.

The "duffer" class, however, on the "duffer" class, will hit the ball and say, "I hit it well."

Neither of these can be obtained through mental or manual training.

INTELLECTUAL AND NOT GREAT GOLFERS.

Stations are made of golfers and intellectual people rarely see for the "duffer" class.

And for fear the consociates will see an attempt in this to excuse their own deficiencies, the new or-

dered within a decent pretense that they were earned, not found.

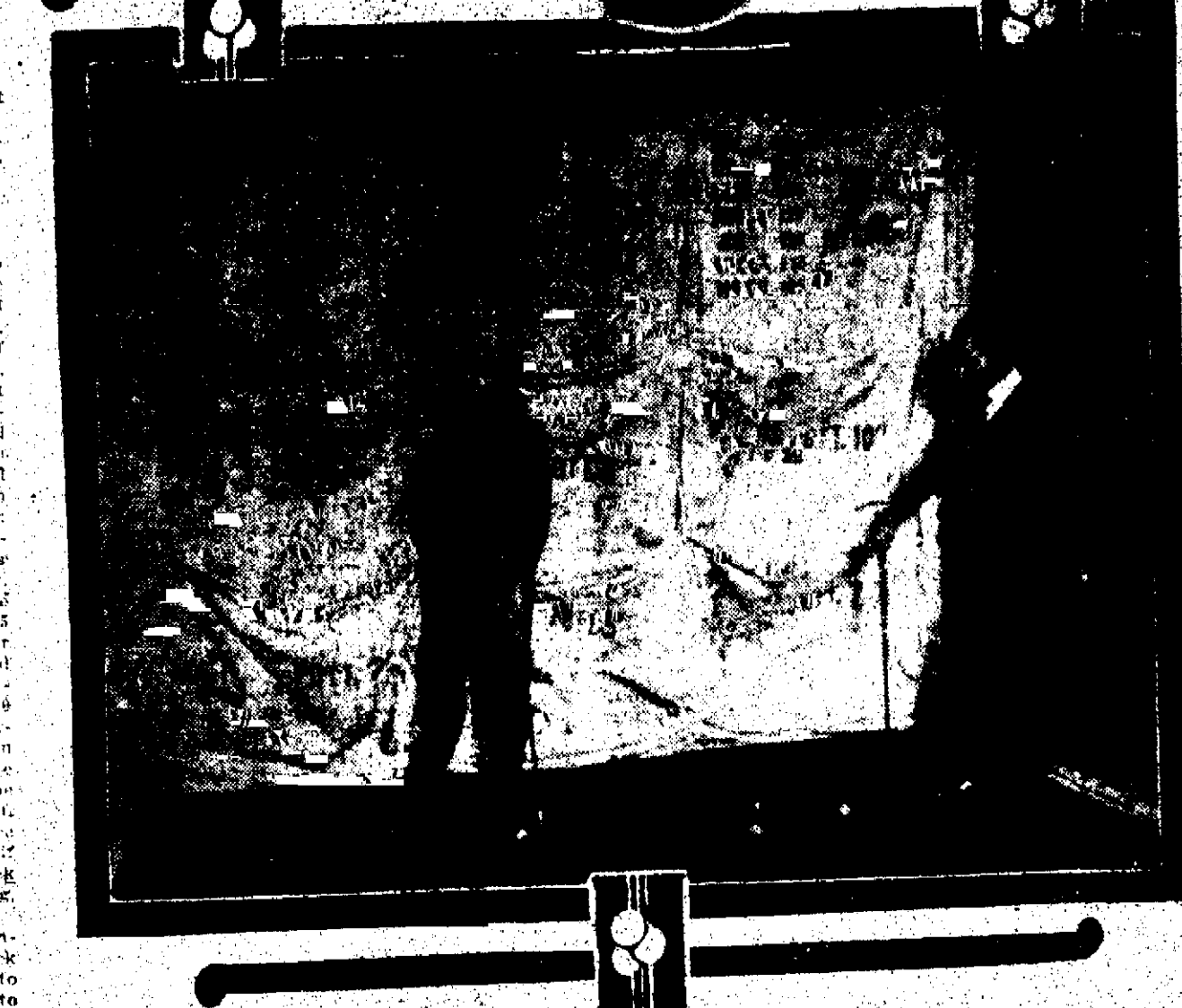
But there are other sides to this great game, than the one which is presented to the "duffer" class.

INDOOR GOLF AND HOW IT IS PLAYED BY CARD.

The new indoor game, William Lang says, is a "duffer" game, two world-famous golfers, with the name of "duffer" golf. What would the name Andrew Lang say about that? It was a "duffer" game. Indoor golf is played in a court 14 feet wide, 20 feet long and 12 feet high. It is divided into two sides and overhead. The back net is equipped with nine big canvas pockets on each side of which are enumerated certain valuable allowances for each side.

In one pocket, for instance, a driver, which is 200 yards, a brassie 150 yards, a hook 250 and the other iron shots a proportionate amount. Each pocket has marked in large letters the points ranging from 5 to 15. You take a card for any golf club in the country and play at the same as you would outdoors. If the first green is a 200 yards, you aim to drive into a pocket which nets 200, then you aim to putt into a pocket that will give you the remaining 100 and the shortest putt, which is five feet. That gives you the hole in three with perfect shooting. However, if when aiming for a 100-yard, long shot, you bang into a 150-yard bag, you lose a shot.

The indoor links afford a splendid chance for the beginner to pick up the game. He is taught how to hold his club, the distance, how to drive, putt, etc. Then there is not near the same tendency to watch



AT TOP William Duffy at the finish of a drive. **Upper right** Harry Walker. **Center left** Harry Vardon in an outdoor drive. **Center right** Harry Walker making a drive indoors. **Below** Duffy putting; in background is the chart of links.

In the United States the estimate has been made that \$6,250,000 is spent for golf balls, \$625,000 for clubs, this, of course, does not include the indoor game.

Each golfer's expenses are placed at over \$100 a year, and his railway fares and other ways of reaching the links are impossible of compilation.

GOLF IS GREATER GAME THAN BASEBALL.

Did you ever stop to think what a really great game golf is? Baseball is a magnificent pastime, but the ball player cannot play ball all ways.

His muscles get stiffened up after ten or fifteen years of hard service and then he loses his cunning, of course, as in everything else, there are exceptions.

The golfer can take up the game as a boy and play it practically the rest of his life. The business man derives great pleasure in closing down his desk for the afternoon, knowing that he is going to have a pleasant round on the links indoors or out.

The game can be played during

a rainstorm, on a fine day, or in a dry goods store or restaurant. To be sure, it is much more fun to play when the sun is shining.

You may go out with a heavy burden on your mind, but after playing a few holes, you cast aside your cares and put your heart and soul into the game. Then the exercise one gets is invaluable.

Face, knees, fingers, hands, arms, in fact, all of the body comes in for its share.

This benefit follows whether the game is played indoors or out among the trees, valleys and verdure.

How to Bring Prosperity. "How to Bring Back Prosperity" is a well written pamphlet by the president of the Hotel Sherman Company of Chicago. One prescription is as follows:

"Summary by a business man who did not get his business experience from text books:

"Let the railroads raise their rates."

"They will put to work 800,000 men now idle."

"The wheels of the railroad and equipment industry will then be in motion."

"The purchasing power of these 1,200,000 men (6,000,000 men, women and children) will set in motion the wheels of all other industries."

"Normal business prosperity will then be at hand."

A New Jewel.

Prudently conscious of its new municipal honors, Attleboro might appropriate to itself the name of the "Jewel City of Massachusetts."

Providence Journal.

JAPANESE ONLY NATION TO BUILD SUPER-DREADNAUGHT OF TYPE CONTEMPLATED BY AMERICANS

American battleship designs, as exemplified in the last seven battleships built and building, is the best in the world, according to Maurice Prendergast, the British naval expert, in a statement circulated by Mr. A. H. Dahman, secretary of the Navy League. Mr. Dahman quotes Mr. Prendergast from an article written for the Navy, the organ of the British League. In part Mr. Prendergast says: "With perhaps the exception of the Japanese fleet, no dreadnaughts among the fleets in active service can compare with these new American ships in the matter of size. The American ships will probably be the largest about for many years after their completion. During the past ten years the designs of American battleships has displayed a remarkable standard of excellence. It was clearly recognized in the very first United States dreadnaughts that plain broadside fire was of more practical value than heavy end-on fire at odd angles. After all heavier had tried various methods of mounting big guns the American Navy has plan had to be finally adopted.

Perhaps the most interesting point in the construction of these ships,

The methods of protecting warships by armor has suffered too much of following traditional practice than attempting any fresh solution. The American designers have boldly departed for the thickest armor on the line.

If armor cannot withstand the attack of heavy ordnance, abandon it, they say, and devote the weight to some other purpose or for extending the area of really thick and useful protection.

The conventional six-inch plate for a six-inch gun, five-inch armor for five-inch guns, etc., like the professional arrangements made by Noah for the Ark, they consider futile. Such armor merely assists in the detonation of large, high explosive shells which would pass through ordinary plating without meeting enough resistance to burst.

Except for the protective decks no armor of less than fourteen-inch thickness is used. The water line is protected by a belt of fourteen-inch thickness which extends for some distance beyond the end barbettes and is closed by cross bulkheads of equal section. Nearly the whole of this belt is seventeen and a half feet deep, nine feet of its vertical depth being above the water

line and eight and a half feet below the same. But near the stern there is a log and the belt extends from the water line only for the same depth below the rest of the belt.

The four great gun positions are composed of fourteen-inch armor also. The faces of the gun shields are eighteen inches thick, while the sides are nine to ten inches thick with a five-inch roof. The conning tower is sixteen inches thick and the communication tube is of the same section.

One of the most pleasing features is the way in which all the uptakes from the boilers are gathered within the big fourteen-inch cone that forms the base of the single funnel. This prevents the perforation of the uptakes and the following circulation of the furnace gases between the decks.

In the new ships additional weight has been devoted to protection against submarine explosions by an extended system of lateral armored bulkheads placed eight feet from the outer skin of the ship. These are formed of several thicknesses of high-tensile steel and extend along the main gun, boiler and engine-room spaces.

As the protection of the five-inch guns by heavy armor would involve an exorbitant increase in displacement, no attempt whatever is made to protect these guns other than the slight protection afforded by the hull plating. The designers have abjured the use of thin armor for the reasons stated above.

These new American ships are developed from the Nevada class. Both the Nevada and our Queen Elizabeth were designed about the same time, and numerous points of marked resemblance between them seem to raise the similarity above the field of vulgar coincidence. For ships are facile princes—a striking contrast to some dreadnaughts, whose minor details seem to have been shoveled on just where they will fit, as a sort of afterthought. The difference amounts to the neat tier storage of the boats in American ships and the clumsy zig-zag boat arrangements of the German Nassau. American designs have not been reared in the stifling atmosphere of secrecy, snail-like and honest criticism has in the case of the Delaware at the Newport confer-

ence) has gone far in the production of some of the finest warships afloat. As a contrast in what lingering pain did the German models of secrecy labor and produce a ridiculous Nassau.

To Handle Apple Crop.

To handle the apple crop the grower should be provided with picking ladders, picking baskets, a grading table, a barrel press and barrels for the apples.

Apples should be picked with the stem intact and handled carefully to avoid bruising. Bruised apples do not keep well.

It is customary to make two grades of apples for marketing. No. 1 or Association Brand should be of the following standard: Sound and smooth, free from all disease, insect injury and bruises of all kinds. Jonathan, Dorn, Missouri, Pippin and Winesap must be at least two-thirds covered with good color; Ben Davis, 40 per cent color; York must have a good blush at least. Size: Jonathan, Dorn, York and Ben Davis, 2 1/2 inches diameter; Missouri, Pippin, Winesap and Grimes, 2 1/4 inches.

No. 2 or commercial brand consists of apples all sound and with unbroken skin; may show slight sunburn, rub, spray burn or be slightly off shape. Jonathan, Grano, Missouri, Pippin and Winesap must be one-fifth colored or streaked; York may show only a trace of blush. Size: Not less than 2 1/4 inches for all varieties. Slight traces of scale and insect injury in blossom and admissible if fruit is otherwise good.

Each barrel should be faced by placing a layer of uniform apples, typical of those to be used in filling the barrel, stems toward the head, in the bottom of the barrel. This layer should fit close, but not too tight. The barrel should then be filled to within about 1 inch of the chime. The filling should then be finished by placing a layer of apples so they will extend about 1 inch above the staves. The head should then be put in place, pressed down so it will fit the chime hoops tightened and the head nailed. In filling the barrel it should be rocked and shaken from time to time so the fruit will not work loose after

barrelling. Apples should be handled in the shade so far as possible before and after barrelling and shipped or gotten into storage promptly to keep cool.

THE SERMON.

Before he got to Serenity, another old man began. To give their minds with industry. To dream or scheme or plan. One heaven built a mansion big. Another said a cow.

A leading member asked a pig. Another brought a zow. Mr. Doctor Herard (rimmed at last) Jane Meadows made a gown. Her mother newly perished that black native all in brown.

Mr. Skinner figured how he'd do His partner, Almer Walt. Judge Clark elected himself to The Senate of the State.

The lawyer planned a speech and hooded field with his case next day. And Johnny Weatherly eloped. With little Katie Gray.

With whom the Justice was done. The boys were playing out. They all agreed the school one should profit by the book.